



#### Additional ordering and billing information

Information when ordering laboratory tests that are billed to Medicare/Medicaid

Test Number	Mnemonic	Test Name	New Test	Test Name Change	Specimen Requirements	Methodology	Performed/Reported	Note	Interpretive Data	Reference Interval	Component Charting Name	Component Change	Reflex Pattern	Result Type	Ask at Order Prompt	Numeric Map	Unit of Measure	CPT Code	Pricing Change	Inactivation w/ Replacement	Inactivation w/o Replacement
0040018	HD	Huntington Disease (HD) Mutation by PCR (Change effective as of 11/13/2023: Refer to 3016908 in the November Hotline)																		x	
0050246	EBVPCR	Epstein-Barr Virus by Qualitative PCR			x	х			х												
0050345	IGE	Immunoglobulin E					х														
0050547	TWIN ZYG	Twin Zygosity Testing (Change effective as of 11/13/2023: Refer to 3016875 in the November Hotline)																		x	
0050734	EMA R	Tissue Transglutaminase (tTG) Antibody, IgA with Reflex to Endomysial Antibody, IgA by IFA (Change effective as of 11/13/23: Refer to 3016861 in the November Hotline)																		x	
0050736	EMAR TITER	Endomysial Antibody, IgA by IFA											x								
0051074	FLUA G	Influenza A Virus Antibody, IgG (Change effective as of 11/13/23: Refer to 0060764)																		x	
0051080	FLUB G	Influenza B Virus Antibody, IgG (Change effective as of 11/13/23: Refer to 0060764)																		x	





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0051265	AD PCR FE	Achondroplasia (FGFR3) 2 Mutations, Fetal										x									
0051357	GLIADPEP A	Deamidated Gliadin Peptide (DGP) Antibody, IgA			х	x		x	х	х			x			x	х				
0051358	GLIAD PAN	Deamidated Gliadin Peptide (DGP) Antibodies, IgA and IgG			x	х		X	x	х						x	x				
0051359	GLIADPEP G	Deamidated Gliadin Peptide (DGP) Antibody, IgG			x	х		x	x	х			x			x	x				
0051689	TTG DGP	Celiac Disease Dual Antigen Screen (Change effective as of 11/13/23: Refer to 3016817 in the November Hotline)																		x	
0055258	LYMEMWBC SF	Borrelia burgdorferi Antibody, IgM by Immunoblot (CSF) (Change effective as of 11/13/23: Refer to 0055260)																		x	
0055259	LYMEGWBC SF	Borrelia burgdorferi Antibody, IgG by Immunoblot (CSF) (Change effective as of 11/13/23: Refer to 0055260)																		x	
0056009	TTG G	Tissue Transglutaminase Antibody, IgG			x	x		x	x	x			x			x	x				





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0058902	C2CYA	Cyclosporine A, 2-Hour Post Dose (C2) by Tandem Mass Spectrometry					x														
0060040	CMVPCR	Cytomegalovirus by Qualitative PCR			х	x			х												
0070035	CYA	Cyclosporine A by Tandem Mass Spectrometry					x														
0080407	CATE UF	Catecholamines Fractionated by LC- MS/MS, Urine Free					x														
0081056	TESTOS F&T	Testosterone, Free and Total, Includes Sex Hormone-Binding Globulin (Adult Females, Children, or Individuals on Testosterone- Suppressing Hormone Therapy)				x	x														
0081057	BIO T MASS	Testosterone, Bioavailable and Total, Includes Sex Hormone- Binding Globulin (Adult Females, Children, or Individuals on Testosterone- Suppressing Hormone Therapy)				x	x														





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0081058	TESTOS MAS	Testosterone (Adult Females, Children, or Individuals on Testosterone- Suppressing Hormone Therapy)				x	x														
0081059	TESTOS FR	Testosterone, Free (Adult Females, Children, or Individuals on Testosterone- Suppressing Hormone Therapy)				x	x														
0081117	CORT SAL	Cortisol, Saliva (Change effective as of 11/13/23: Refer to 3016866 in the November Hotline)																		x	
0090010	ALPR	Alprazolam					х														
0090055	CLON	Clonazepam					х														
0090076	DIAZ	Diazepam and Nordiazepam					x														
0090148	LIB	Librium and Nordiazepam					x														
0090181	LORAZ	Lorazepam					х														
0090196	CLORAZ	Clorazepate (Assayed as Nordiazepam)					x														
0090612	TACRO	Tacrolimus by Tandem Mass Spectrometry					x														
0090672	PRAZE	Prazepam (Assayed as Nordiazepam)					x														
0090676	CANNAB SP	THC Metabolite, Serum or Plasma, Quantitative					x														



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0092118	EVEROLIMU S	Everolimus by Tandem Mass Spectrometry					x														
0092330	ADSTEROID	Adrenal Steroid Quantitative Panel by HPLC-MS/MS, Serum or Plasma				x	x														
0092331	DEOXYCORT	11-Deoxycortisol Quantitative by HPLC- MS/MS, Serum or Plasma				x	x														
0092332	OHPRGSTO N	17-Hydroxyprogesterone Quantitative by HPLC- MS/MS, Serum or Plasma				x	x														
0092354	OPIS SP	Opiates, Serum or Plasma, Quantitative					x														
0093244	FT4 ED-TMS	Thyroxine, Free by Equilibrium Dialysis/HPLC-Tandem Mass Spectrometry			x	x	x		x												
0097709	TTG	Tissue Transglutaminase (tTG) Antibody, IgA (Change effective as of 11/13/23: Refer to 3016860 in the November Hotline)																		x	
0098467	RAPAMUNE	Sirolimus by Tandem Mass Spectrometry					x														



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0099483	LYME CSF	Borrelia burgdorferi Antibodies, Total by ELISA, CSF (Change effective as of 11/13/23: Refer to 3016760 in the November Hotline)																		x	
2001181	UF REQUEST	UroVysion FISH (Change effective as of 11/13/23: Refer to 3016627 in the November Hotline)																		x	
2001638	ANDRO TMS	Androstenedione				х	х														
2001640	DHEA TMS	Dehydroepiandrosterone , Serum or Plasma				x	x														
2002026	CELIAC SCRN	Celiac Disease Dual Antigen Screen with Reflex (Change effective as of 11/13/23: Refer to 3016817 in the November Hotline)																		x	
2002349	DHT TMS	5-a-Dihydrotestosterone by Tandem Mass Spectrometry, Serum					х														
2002357	JAK2 EX12	JAK2 Exon 12 Mutation Analysis by PCR										x									
2002366	ARRAY FE	Cytogenomic SNP Microarray - Fetal			x				x												
2002528	PF REQUEST	Pancreatobiliary FISH			x		x	x		x											





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2002819	FACTOR 13	Factor XIII, Qualitative, with Reflex to Factor XIII 1:1 Mix (Change effective as of 11/13/23: Refer to 3016927 in the November Hotline)																		x	
2003414	CMA SNP	Cytogenomic SNP Microarray			х				x												
2005545	MPL	MPL Mutation Detection by Capillary Electrophoresis										x									
2005633	ARRAY POC	Genomic SNP Microarray, Products of Conception			x				x												
2005978	OIL RED SS	Special Stain, Oil Red O			х																
2006550	THYROG MS	Thyroglobulin by LC- MS/MS, Serum or Plasma					x														
2007136	VWF C BIND	von Willebrand Factor (VWF) Collagen Binding (Change effective as of 11/13/23: Refer to 3016858 in the November Hotline)																		x	
2007335	LYMECSFR	Borrelia burgdorferi (Lyme Disease) Reflexive Panel (CSF) (Change effective as of 11/13/23: Refer to 3016760 in the November Hotline)																		x	





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2007479	PAIN HYB U	Drug Profile, Targeted by Tandem Mass Spectrometry and Enzyme Immunoassay, Urine									x										
2007996	META URINE	Metanephrines Fractionated by HPLC- MS/MS, Urine					x														
2008114	CELIAC REF	Celiac Disease Reflexive Cascade (Change effective as of 11/13/23: Refer to 3016817 in the November Hotline)																		x	
2008426	SLC01B1	SLC01B1, 1 Variant										х									
2008456	CORTC	Corticosterone Quantitative by HPLC- MS/MS, Serum or Plasma				x	x														
2008458	DCRN	11-Deoxycorticosterone Quantitative by HPLC- MS/MS, Serum or Plasma				x	x														
2008509	PGSN	Progesterone Quantitative by HPLC- MS/MS, Serum or Plasma				x	x														
2008665	BABPCR	Babesia Species by PCR			х																
2008767	OPRM1	Opioid Receptor, mu OPRM1, 1 Variant										x									
2009033	FRAG X PCR	Fragile X (FMR1) with Reflex to Methylation Analysis			x		x		x												





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2009288	PAIN HYB 2	Drug Profile, Targeted with Interpretation by Tandem Mass Spectrometry and Enzyme Immunoassay, Urine									x	x									
2009478	OHPRGSTN 30	17-Hydroxyprogesterone 30-Min Quantitative by HPLC-MS/MS, Serum or Plasma				x	x														
2009480	OHPRGSTN 60	17-Hydroxyprogesterone 60-Min Quantitative by HPLC-MS/MS, Serum or Plasma				x	x														
2010161	CEHP R	Chronic Enteric Hypersensitivity Reflexive Profile (Inactive as of 11/13/23)																			x
2010445	BENZO SP	Benzodiazepines, Serum or Plasma, Quantitative					х														
2010673	CALR	CALR (Calreticulin) Exon 9 Mutation Analysis by PCR										х									
2010784	HCV AB QR	Hepatitis C Virus Antibody by CIA with Reflex to HCV by Quantitative NAAT			x																
2011776	CDCO FNSP	Fentanyl and Metabolite, Serum or Plasma, Quantitative					x														



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2012166	DPYD	Dihydropyrimidine Dehydrogenase (DPYD), 3 Variants					х		x			х									
2012201	BARBS SP	Barbiturates, Serum or Plasma, Quantitative					х														
2012647	BUPRSP	Buprenorphine and Metabolites, Serum or Plasma, Quantitative					х														
2012652	ZOLPID SP	Zolpidem, Serum or Plasma, Quantitative					X														
2013436	SMA DD	Spinal Muscular Atrophy (SMA) Copy Number Analysis			х	x			x												
2013942	ZIKA M	Zika Virus IgM Antibody Capture (MAC), by ELISA										x									
3000193	HPA GENO	Platelet Antigen Genotyping Panel			х																
3000202	5 HIAA PLA	5-Hydroxyindoleacetic acid (5-HIAA), Plasma (Change effective as of 11/13/23: Refer to 3016920 in the November Hotline)																		x	
3000959	AAV5 TAB	AAV5 Detect CDxTM - AAV5 Total Antibody Assay for ROCTAVIAN (valoctocogene roxaparvovec-rvox) Eligibility in Hemophilia A	x																		
3001053	RBC GENO	Red Blood Cell Antigen Genotyping			х																





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3001501	2C8/2C9	CYP2C8, CYP2C9, and CYP2C cluster							х			х									
3001508	2C19GENO	CYP2C19							х			х									
3001513	2D6GENO	CYP2D6										х									
3001518	3A4/3A5	CYP3A4 and CYP3A5										х									
3001524	CYP PANEL	Cytochrome P450 Genotyping Panel										х									
3001535	TPMT2	TPMT and NUDT15										х									
3001541	WARF PAN	Warfarin Sensitivity (CYP2C9, CYP2C cluster, CYP4F2, VKORC1) Genotyping							x			x									
3001635	BWS-RSS DD	Beckwith-Wiedemann Syndrome (BWS) and Russell-Silver Syndrome (RSS) by Methylation- Specific MLPA			x	x			x												
3001801	CDIFF LFA	Toxigenic Clostridioides difficile by LFA with Reflex to PCR, Stool		х	х																
3001907	DM1 PCR	Myotonic Dystrophy Type 1 (DMPK) CTG Expansion			x	х			х												
3002001	KEL GENO	Kell K/k (KEL) Antigen Genotyping			х																
3002002	RHC GENO	RhC/c (RHCE) Antigen Genotyping			x																
3002003	RHE GENO	RhE/e (RHCE) Antigen Genotyping			х																



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3002508	CLOBAZAM	Clobazam and Metabolite, Quantitative, Serum or Plasma					х														
3002598	PETH	Phosphatidylethanol (PEth), Whole Blood, Quantitative										x									
3002989	HEPACUTEQ R	Hepatitis Panel, Acute with Reflex to HBsAg Confirmation and Reflex to HCV by Quantitative NAAT			x																
3003745	ANCA-PRO	ANCA-Associated Vasculitis Profile (ANCA/MPO/PR3)			х																
3003747	ANCA-IFA	Anti-Neutrophil Cytoplasmic Antibody, IgG by IFA			х																
3003748	IBD-PAN	Inflammatory Bowel Disease Differentiation Panel			х																
3003800	ETPMF RFX	JAK2 (V617F) Mutation by ddPCR, Qualitative with Reflex to CALR (Calreticulin) Exon 9 Mutation Analysis by PCR with Reflex to MPL Mutation Detection (Change effective as of 11/13/23: Refer to 3016839 in the November Hotline)																		х	





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3003801	PV RFX	JAK2 (V617F) Mutation by ddPCR, Qualitative with Reflex to JAK2 Exon 12 Mutation Analysis by PCR (Change effective as of 11/13/23: Refer to 3016840 in the November Hotline)																		x	
3004092	EDOX	Edoxaban Level (Inactive as of 11/13/2023)																			X
3004255	CYP GD	Cytochrome P450 Genotyping Panel, with GeneDose Access										х									
3004310	2B6GENO	CYP2B6										х									
3004465	CELIAC ABS	Celiac Antibodies, Tissue Transglutaminase (tTG), IgA and IgA, Total (Change effective as of 11/13/23: Refer to 3016817 in the November Hotline)																		x	
3004471	PGX PSYCH	Pharmacogenetics Panel: Psychotropics										x									





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3004508	CMVNGS4	Cytomegalovirus Drug Resistance by Next Generation Sequencing, Ganciclovir, Foscarnet, Cidofovir, and Maribavir (Change effective as of 11/13/23: Refer to 3004615)																		x	
3004509	CMVNGS	Cytomegalovirus Drug Resistance by Next Generation Sequencing, Letermovir (Change effective as of 11/13/23: Refer to 3004615)																		x	
3006366	PGXPSYC GD	Pharmacogenetics Panel: Psychotropics, with GeneDose Access										х									
3016552	CD103 IHC	CD103 by Immunohistochemistry	x																		
3016561	ANNEX IHC	Annexin A1 by Immunohistochemistry	х																		
3016567	INSM1 IHC	INSM1 by Immunohistochemistry	x																		
3016627	BC REQUEST	Bladder Cancer by FISH	x																		
3016694	TRY	Trypsin, Serum	х																		
3016760	LYME STTTC	Borrelia burgdorferi VlsE1/pepC10 Antibodies, CSF, Total by ELISA With Reflex to IgM and IgG by Immunoblot (Standard Two-Tier Testing, CSF)	x																		





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3016767	ANTI-PLA2R	Anti-Phospholipase A2 Receptor (PLA2R) Antibody, IgG by ELISA	х																		
3016782	SSTR2 IHC	SSTR2 by Immunohistochemistry	х																		
3016788	OLIG2 IHC	OLIG2 by Immunohistochemistry	х																		
3016794	RECOV SER	Recoverin Antibody, IgG by Immunoblot, Serum	х																		
3016795	HIBL PCR	Histoplasma and Blastomyces by PCR	х																		
3016804	AIVLS	Autoimmune Vision Loss Panel, Serum	х																		
3016815	MC CANAUR	Candida auris Surveillance Culture	х																		
3016817	CELIACRFLX	Celiac Disease Reflexive Cascade, Serum	х																		
3016839	ETPMFRFX	JAK2 (V617F) Mutation by ddPCR, Qualitative With Reflex to CALR (Calreticulin) Exon 9 Mutation Analysis by PCR and MPL Mutation Detection	x																		
3016840	PV REFLEX	JAK2 (V617F) Mutation by ddPCR, Qualitative With Reflex to JAK2 Exon 12 Mutation Analysis by PCR	x																		





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3016853	MOG CSF	Myelin Oligodendrocyte Glycoprotein (MOG) Antibody, IgG by CBA- IFA With Reflex to Titer, CSF	x																		
3016858	VON WILLE	von Willebrand Factor (VWF) Collagen III Binding	x																		
3016860	TTG A	Tissue Transglutaminase Antibody, IgA	x																		
3016861	EMA RFLX	Tissue Transglutaminase Antibody, IgA With Reflex to Endomysial Antibody, IgA by IFA	x																		
3016866	CORT S TMS	Cortisol by LC-MS/MS, Salivary	х																		
3016875	TWINZYG	Twin Zygosity	х																		
3016879	CD30BM IHC	CD30 for Bone Marrow Specimens by Immunohistochemistry	x																		
3016908	HD PCR	Huntington Disease (HD) CAG Repeat Expansion	х																		
3016920	5HIAA PLA	5-Hydroxyindoleacetic Acid (HIAA), Plasma	х																		
3016927	FACTOR13	Factor 13, Qualitative, With Reflex to Factor 13 1:1 Mix	x																		







Effective Date: November 13, 2023

#### **TEST CHANGE**

Epstein-Barr Virus by Qualitative PCR

0050246, EBVPCR

Specimen Requirements:	
Patient Preparation:	
Collect:	Lavender (K2EDTA), Pink (K2EDTA), or Serum Separator Tube (SST). Also acceptable: Bone marrow aspirate in lavender (EDTA) or pink Lavender (K2EDTA), or Pink (K2EDTA), OR CSF or tissue.
Specimen Preparation:	Transfer 1 mL whole blood, bone marrow or CSF to a sterile container. (Min: 0.5 mL). Serum or Plasma: Separate from cells ASAP or within 2 hours of collection. Transfer 1 mL serum, plasma to a sterile container. (Min: 0.5 mL) Tissue: Transfer to sterile container and freeze immediately.
Transport Temperature:	Frozen Whole Blood or Bone Marrow: Refrigerated. All others: Frozen.
Unacceptable Conditions:	Heparinized specimens, tissues in optimal cutting temperature compound.
Remarks:	Specimen source required.
Stability:	CSF: Ambient: 24 hours; Refrigerated: 5 days; Frozen: 1 year Whole Blood or Bone Marrow: Ambient: 1 week; Refrigerated: 1 week; Frozen: 1 week Fresh-Tissue: Ambient: Unacceptable; Refrigerated: Unacceptable; Frozen: 1 year All others: Ambient: 24 hours; Refrigerated: 5 days; Frozen: 1 year
Methodology:	Qualitative Polymerase Chain Reaction (PCR)
Performed:	Sun-Sat
Reported:	1-4 days
Note:	
CPT Codes:	87798
New York DOH Approval Status:	This test is New York DOH approved.
Interpretive Data:	
This test was developed and its per	rformance characteristics determined by ARUP Laboratories. It

**Deleted Cells** 

performed in a CLIA certified laboratory and is intended for clinical purposes.

has not been cleared or approved by the US Food and Drug Administration. This test was



Effective Date: November 13, 2023

**Inserted Cells** 

Reference Interval:

<u>Test</u> <u>Components</u> <u>Reference Interval</u>



**TEST CHANGE** 

Immunoglobulin E

0050345, IGE

Specimen Requirements:

**Patient Preparation:** 

Collect: Serum <u>separator tube</u> (SST) or <u>plasma</u>

<u>separator tube</u> Plasma Separator Tube (PST). Also acceptable: Green (<u>s</u>Sodium or <u>lithium heparin</u>), <u>lavender Lithium Heparin</u>),

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

Lavender (K2EDTA), or pPink (K2EDTA).

Specimen Preparation: Separate from cells ASAP or within 2 hours of collection.

Transfer 1 mL serum or plasma to an ARUP <u>standard transport</u>

tube. Standard Transport Tube. (Min: 0.3 mL)

Transport Temperature: Refrigerated.

Unacceptable Conditions: Hemolyzed, ilcteric, or lipemic specimens

Remarks:

Stability: After separation from cells: Ambient: 48 hours; Refrigerated: 2

weeks; Frozen: 1 year

Methodology: Quantitative ImmunoCAP Fluorescent Enzyme Immunoassay

Performed: Sun-Sat

Reported: 1-32 days

Note:

CPT Codes: 82785

New York DOH Approval Status: This test is New York DOH approved.

Interpretive Data:

Reference Interval:



Effective Date: November 13, 2023

## Effective November 17, 2014

Age	Reference Interval
0-5 months	13 kU/L or less
6-12 months	34 kU/L or less
1-2 years	97 kU/L or less
3 years	199 kU/L or less
4-6 years	307 kU/L or less
7-8 years	403 kU/L or less
9-12 years	696 kU/L or less
13-15 years	629 kU/L or less
16-17 years	537 kU/L or less
18 years and older	214 kU/L or less



**TEST CHANGE** 

Endomysial Antibody, IgA by IFA

0050736, EMAR TITER

Specimen Requirements:

**Patient Preparation:** 

Collect: Serum separator tube.

Specimen Preparation: Separate from cells ASAP or within 2 hours of collection.

Transfer 1 mL serum to an ARUP Standard Transport Tube.

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

(Min: 0.15 mL)

Transport Temperature: Refrigerated.

Unacceptable Conditions: Plasma. Severely lipemic, contaminated, or hemolyzed

specimens.

Remarks:

Stability: After separation from cells: Ambient: 48 hours; Refrigerated: 2

weeks; Frozen: 1 year (avoid freeze/thaw cycles)

Methodology: Semi-Quantitative Indirect Fluorescent Antibody

Performed: Mon-Fri

Reported: 1-5 days

Note:

CPT Codes: 86231

New York DOH Approval Status: This test is New York DOH approved.

Interpretive Data:

The endomysial antigen has been identified as the protein cross-linking enzyme known as tissue

transglutaminase.

Reference Interval:

Less than 1:10

HOTLINE NOTE: There is a reflexive pattern change associated with this test. One or more orderable or component has been added or removed to the reflexive pattern. Refer to the Hotline Test Mix for interface build information.



**TEST CHANGE** 

# Achondroplasia (FGFR3) 2 Mutations, Fetal 0051265, AD PCR FE

0051265, AD PCR FE	
Specimen Requirements:	
Patient Preparation:	
Collect:	Fetal specimen: Amniotic fluid. OR Cultured amniocytes: Two T-25 flasks at 80 percent confluency. OR cultured CVS: Two T-25 flasks at 80 percent confluency. If the client is unable to culture, order test Cytogenetics Grow and Send (ARUP test code 0040182) in addition to this test and ARUP will culture upon receipt (culturing fees will apply). If you have any questions, contact ARUP's Genetics Processing at 800-522-2787 ext. 3301. AND maternal whole blood specimen: Lavender (EDTA), pink (K2EDTA), or yellow (ACD Solution A or B).
Specimen Preparation:	Amniotic fluid: Transport 10 mL amniotic fluid in a sterile container. (Min: 5 mL). Cultured amniocytes AND cultured CVS: Transport two T-25 flasks at 80 percent confluency filled with culture media. Backup cultures must be retained at the client's institution until testing is complete. Maternal Whole Blood Specimen: Transport 3 mL whole blood. (Min: 1 mL)
Transport Temperature:	Amniotic fluid, cultured amniocytes and cultured CVS: CRITICAL ROOM TEMPERATURE. Must be received within 48 hours of shipment due to lability of cells. Maternal Whole Blood Specimen: Refrigerated.
Unacceptable Conditions:	Frozen specimens in glass collection tubes.
Remarks:	Please contact an ARUP genetic counselor at 800-242-2787 x2141 prior to sample submission. Patient History Form is available on the ARUP Web site or by contacting ARUP Client Services.
Stability:	Amniotic fluid, cultured amniocytes and cultured CVS: Room Temperature: 48 hours; Refrigerated: Unacceptable; Frozen: Unacceptable Maternal Whole Blood Specimen: Room Temperature: 72 hours; Refrigerated: 1 week; Frozen: 1 month
Methodology:	Polymerase Chain Reaction (PCR)/Fluorescence Monitoring
Performed:	Varies
Reported:	2-7 days

Effective Date: November 13, 2023



Note:

CPT Codes: 81401; 81265 Fetal Cell Contamination (FCC)

New York DOH Approval Status: This test is New York DOH approved.

Interpretive Data:

Refer to report

This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by ARUP Laboratories. It has not been cleared or approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration. This test was performed in a CLIA- certified laboratory and is intended for clinical purposes.

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

Counseling and informed consent are recommended for genetic testing. Consent forms are available online.

Reference Interval:

By report

HOTLINE NOTE: There is a component change associated with this test. One or more components have been added or removed. Refer to the Hotline Test Mix for interface build information.



A nonprofit enterprise of the University of Utab
and its Department of Pathology

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

#### **TEST CHANGE**

Deamidated Gliadin Peptide (DGP) Antibody, IgA

0051357, GLIADPEP A

Specimen Requirements:	
Patient Preparation:	
Collect:	Serum separator tube <u>(SST).</u> -
Specimen Preparation:	Separate serum from cells ASAP or within 2 hours of collection. Transport <u>1.</u> 0.5 mL serum. (Min: 0. <u>5</u> 3 mL)
Transport Temperature:	Refrigerated.
Unacceptable Conditions:	Plasma or other body fluids. Contaminated, grossly hemolyzed, grossly icteric, or grossly lipemic-specimens.
Remarks:	
Stability:	After separation from cells: Ambient: 48 hours; Refrigerated: 1 week2 weeks; Frozen: 15 days1 year
Methodology:	Semi-Quantitative <u>Particle-Based Multianalyte Technology</u> ( <u>PMAT)Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay</u>
Performed:	Sun-Sat
Reported:	1-2 days
Note:	The most sensitive and specific serologic test for celiac disease diagnosis is tissue transglutaminase (tTG) IgA isotype in individuals who produce sufficient total IgA. Deamidated gliadin (DGP), IgA should not be used for initial screening due to its low specificity and only a very small number of cases being missed by excluding DGP, IgA. For individuals who are IgA deficient, testing for tTG and deamidated gliadin (DGP), IgG antibodies is recommended. Preferred initial screening test for celiac disease diagnosis is the reflexive cascade (ARUP test code 3016817) While ordering for celiac disease diagnosis, all serology tests should be performed while the patient is on a gluten-containing diet. Upon initiation of gluten-free diet, antibody titers decline in the treatment responsive patients and the timeframe to normalize varies by case. If serology is negative and suspicion for celiac disease is strong, intestinal biopsy may still be warranted for establishing diagnosis.
CPT Codes:	86258



Effective Date: November 13, 2023

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New York DOH Approval Status: This test is New York DOH approved.

Interpretive Data:

A positive deamidated gliadin (DGP) IgA antibody result is associated with celiac disease but is not to be used as an initial screening test due to its low specificity and only occasional positivity in celiac disease patients who are negative for tissue transglutaminase (tTG) IgA antibody.

#### Reference Interval:

Test	19	Negative	Components	Reference
Number				Interval
	or less			
	<del>20-30</del>	Weak		
	Units	Positive		
	31	Positive		
	Units			
	or greater			
	greater		B 11.1	0.00.4.00
			<u>Deamidated</u>	0.00-4.99
			<u>Gliadin</u>	<u>FLU</u>
			<u>Peptide</u>	
			(DGP) Ab,	
			<u>lgA</u>	

HOTLINE NOTE: There is a reflexive pattern change associated with this test. One or more orderable or component has been added or removed to the reflexive pattern. Refer to the Hotline Test Mix for interface build information.

HOTLINE NOTE: There is a numeric map change associated with this test. Refer to the Hotline Test Mix for interface build information.

HOTLINE NOTE: There is a unit of measure change associated with this test. Refer to the Hotline Test Mix for interface build information.



#### **TEST CHANGE**

Deamidated Gliadin Peptide (DGP) Antibodies, IgA and IgG

0051358, GLIAD PAN

Transport 1 mL serum. (Min: 0.53 mL)  Transport Temperature: Refrigerated.  Unacceptable Conditions: Plasma or other body fluids. Contaminated, grossly hemolyzed, grossly icteric, or grossly lipemic-specimens.  Remarks: Stability: After separation from cells: Ambient: 48 hours; Refrigerated: 1 week2 week9; Frozen: 15 days1-year  Methodology: Semi-Quantitative Particle-Based Multianalyte Technology (PMAT)Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay  Performed: Sun-Sat  Reported: 1-2 days  Note: The most sensitive and specific serologic test for celiac disease diagnosis is tissue transglutaminase (tTG) IgA isotype in individuals who produce sufficient total IgA. Deamidated gliadin (DGP), IgA should not be used for initial screening due to its low specificity and only a very small number of cases being missed by excluding DGP, IgA. For individuals who are IgA deficient, testing for tTG and deamidated gliadin (DGP), IgG antibodies is recommended. Preferred initial screening test for celiac disease diagnosis is the reflexive cascade (ARUP test code 3016817). While ordering for celiac disease diagnosis, all serology tests should be performed while the patient is on a gluten-containing diet. Upon initiation of gluten-free diet.	000.000, 02.7.12 . 7.1.1	
Specimen Preparation:  Separate serum from cells ASAP or within 2 hours of collection Transport 1 mL serum. (Min: 0.53 mL)  Transport Temperature:  Refrigerated.  Unacceptable Conditions:  Plasma or other body fluids. Contaminated, grossly hemolyzed, grossly icteric, or grossly lipemic specimens.  Remarks:  Stability:  After separation from cells: Ambient: 48 hours; Refrigerated: 1 week2 weeks; Frozen: 15 days1-year  Methodology:  Semi-Quantitative Particle-Based Multianalyte Technology (PMAT)Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay  Performed:  Sun-Sat  Reported:  1-2 days  Note:  The most sensitive and specific serologic test for celiac disease diagnosis is tissue transglutaminase (TtG) lgA isotype in individuals who produce sufficient total lgA. Deamidated gliadin (DGP), lgA should not be used for initial screening due to its low specificity and only a very small number of cases being missed by excluding DGP, lgA. For individuals who are lgA deficient, testing for tTG and deamidated gliadin (DGP), lgG antibodies is recommended. Preferred initial screening test for celiac disease diagnosis is the reflexive cascade (ARUP test code 3016817). While ordering for celiac disease diagnosis, all serology tests should be performed while the patient is on a gluten-containing diet. Upon initiation of gluten-free diet, antibody titers decline in the treatment responsive patients and the timeframe to normalize varies by case. If serology is negative and suspicion for celiac disease is strong, intestinal biopsy may still be warranted for establishing diagnosis.	Specimen Requirements:	
Specimen Preparation:  Separate serum from cells ASAP or within 2 hours of collection Transport 1 mL serum. (Min: 0.53 mL)  Transport Temperature:  Refrigerated.  Unacceptable Conditions:  Plasma or other body fluids. Contaminated, grossly hemolyzed, grossly icteric, or grossly lipemic specimens.  Remarks:  Stability:  After separation from cells: Ambient: 48 hours; Refrigerated: 1 week2-weeks; Frozen: 15 days1-year  Methodology:  Semi-Quantitative Particle-Based Multianalyte Technology (PMAT)Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay  Performed:  Sun-Sat  Reported:  1-2 days  Note:  The most sensitive and specific serologic test for celiac disease diagnosis is tissue transglutaminase (tTG) IgA isotype in individuals who produce sufficient total IgA. Deamidated gliadin (DGP), IgA should not be used for initial screening due to its low specificity and only a very small number of cases being missed by excluding DGP, IgA. For individuals who are IgA deficient, testing for tTG and deamidated gliadin (DGP), IgG antibodies is recommended. Preferred initial screening test for celiac disease diagnosis is the reflexive cascade (ARUP test code 3016817). While ordering for celiac disease diagnosis, all serology tests should be performed while the patient is on a gluten-containing diet. Upon initiation of gluten-free diet, antibody titers decline in the treatment responsive patients and the timeframe to normalize varies by case. If serology is negative and suspicion for celiac disease is strong, intestinal biopsy may still be warranted for establishing diagnosis.	Patient Preparation:	
Transport 1 mL serum. (Min: 0.53 mL)  Transport Temperature: Refrigerated.  Unacceptable Conditions: Plasma or other body fluids. Contaminated, grossly hemolyzed, grossly icteric, or grossly lipemic-specimens.  Remarks: Stability: After separation from cells: Ambient: 48 hours; Refrigerated: 1 week2 weeks; Frozen: 15 days1 year  Methodology: Semi-Quantitative Particle-Based Multianalyte Technology (PMAT)Enzyme-Linked-Immunosorbent Assay  Performed: Sun-Sat  Reported: 1-2 days  Note: The most sensitive and specific serologic test for celiac disease diagnosis is tissue transglutaminase (tTG) IgA isotype in individuals who produce sufficient total IgA. Deamidated gliadin (DGP), IgA should not be used for initial screening due to its low specificity and only a very small number of cases being missed by excluding DGP, IgA. For individuals who are IgA deficient, testing for tTG and deamidated gliadin (DGP), IgG antibodies is recommended. Preferred initial screening test for celiac disease diagnosis is the reflexive cascade (ARUP test code 3016817). While ordering for celiac disease diagnosis, all serology its sts should be performed while the patient is on a gluten-containing diet. Upon initiation of gluten-free diet. antibody titers decline in the treatment responsive patients and the timeframe to normalize varies by case. If serology is negative and suspicion for celiac disease is strong, intestinal biopsy may still be warranted for establishing diagnosis.	Collect:	Serum separator tube <u>(SST)</u>
Unacceptable Conditions:  Plasma or other body fluids. Contaminated, grossly hemolyzed, grossly icteric, or grossly lipemic specimens.  Remarks:  Stability:  After separation from cells: Ambient: 48 hours; Refrigerated: 1 week? weeks; Frozen: 15 days1-year  Methodology:  Semi-Quantitative Particle-Based Multianalyte Technology (PMAT)Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay  Performed:  Sun-Sat  Reported:  1-2 days  Note:  The most sensitive and specific serologic test for celiac disease diagnosis is tissue transglutaminase (tTG) IgA isotype in individuals who produce sufficient total IgA. Deamidated gliadin (DGP), IgA should not be used for initial screening due to its low specificity and only a very small number of cases being missed by excluding DGP, IgA. For individuals who are IgA deficient, testing for tTG and deamidated gliadin (DGP), IgG antibodies is recommended. Preferred initial screening test for celiac disease diagnosis is the reflexive cascade (ARUP test code 3016817). While ordering for celiac disease (agnosis, all serology tests should be performed while the patient is on a gluten-containing diet. Upon initiation of gluten-free diet, antibody titers decline in the treatment responsive patients and the timeframe to normalize varies by case. If serology is negative and suspicion for celiac disease is strong, intestinal biopsy may still be warranted for establishing diagnosis.	Specimen Preparation:	Separate serum from cells ASAP or within 2 hours of collection. Transport 1 mL serum. (Min: $0.53$ mL)
Remarks:  Stability: After separation from cells: Ambient: 48 hours; Refrigerated: 1  week2 weeke; Frozen: 15 days1 year  Methodology: Semi-Quantitative Particle-Based Multianalyte Technology (PMAT)Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay  Performed: Sun-Sat  Reported: 1-2 days  Note: The most sensitive and specific serologic test for celiac disease diagnosis is tissue transglutaminase (tTG) IgA isotype in individuals who produce sufficient total IgA. Deamidated gliadin (DGP), IgA should not be used for initial screening due to its low specificity and only a very small number of cases being missed by excluding DGP, IgA. For individuals who are IgA deficient, testing for tTG and deamidated gliadin (DGP), IgA antibodies is recommended. Preferred initial screening test for celiac disease diagnosis is the reflexive cascade (ARUP test code 3016817). While ordering for celiac disease diagnosis, all serology tests should be performed while the patient is on a gluten-containing diet. Upon initiation of gluten-free diet, antibody titers decline in the treatment responsive patients and the timeframe to normalize varies by case. If serology is negative and suspicion for celiac disease is strong, intestinal biopsy may still be warranted for establishing diagnosis.	Transport Temperature:	Refrigerated.
Stability: After separation from cells: Ambient: 48 hours; Refrigerated: 1  week2-weeke; Frozen: 15 days1-year  Methodology: Semi-Quantitative Particle-Based Multianalyte Technology (PMAT)Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay  Performed: Sun-Sat  Reported: 1-2 days  Note: The most sensitive and specific serologic test for celiac disease diagnosis is tissue transglutaminase (tTG) IgA isotype in individuals who produce sufficient total IgA. Deamidated gliadin (DGP), IgA should not be used for initial screening due to its low specificity and only a very small number of cases being missed by excluding DGP, IgA. For individuals who are IgA deficient, testing for tTG and deamidated gliadin (DGP), IgG antibodies is recommended. Preferred initial screening test for celiac disease diagnosis is the reflexive cascade (ARUP test code 3016817). While ordering for celiac disease diagnosis, all serology tests should be performed while the patient is on a gluten-containing diet. Upon initiation of gluten-free diet, antibody titers decline in the treatment responsations and the timeframe to normalize varies by case. If serology is negative and suspicion for celiac disease is strong, intestinal biopsy may still be warranted for establishing diagnosis.	Unacceptable Conditions:	<u>Plasma or other body fluids</u> . Contaminated, <u>grossly</u> hemolyzed, <u>grossly icteric</u> , or grossly lipemic <u>specimens</u> .
Methodology:  Semi-Quantitative Particle-Based Multianalyte Technology (PMAT)Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay  Performed:  Sun-Sat  Reported:  1-2 days  Note:  The most sensitive and specific serologic test for celiac disease diagnosis is tissue transglutaminase (tTG) IgA isotype in individuals who produce sufficient total IgA. Deamidated gliadin (DGP), IgA should not be used for initial screening due to its low specificity and only a very small number of cases being missed by excluding DGP, IgA. For individuals who are IgA deficient, testing for tTG and deamidated gliadin (DGP), IgG antibodies is recommended. Preferred initial screening test for celiac disease diagnosis is the reflexive cascade (ARUP test code 3016817). While ordering for celiac disease diagnosis, all serology tests should be performed while the patient is on a gluten-containing diet. Upon initiation of gluten-free diet, antibody titers decline in the treatment responsive patients and the timeframe to normalize varies by case. If serology is negative and suspicion for celiac disease is strong, intestinal biopsy may still be warranted for establishing diagnosis.	Remarks:	
Performed:  Sun-Sat  1-2 days  Note:  The most sensitive and specific serologic test for celiac disease diagnosis is tissue transglutaminase (tTG) IgA isotype in individuals who produce sufficient total IgA. Deamidated gliadin (DGP), IgA should not be used for initial screening due to its low specificity and only a very small number of cases being missed by excluding DGP, IgA. For individuals who are IgA deficient, testing for tTG and deamidated gliadin (DGP), IgG antibodies is recommended. Preferred initial screening test for celiac disease diagnosis is the reflexive cascade (ARUP test code 3016817). While ordering for celiac disease diagnosis, all serology tests should be performed while the patient is on a gluten-containing diet. Upon initiation of gluten-free diet, antibody titers decline in the treatment responsive patients and the timeframe to normalize varies by case. If serology is negative and suspicion for celiac disease is strong, intestinal biopsy may still be warranted for establishing diagnosis.	Stability:	
Note:  The most sensitive and specific serologic test for celiac disease diagnosis is tissue transglutaminase (tTG) IgA isotype in individuals who produce sufficient total IgA. Deamidated gliadin (DGP), IgA should not be used for initial screening due to its low specificity and only a very small number of cases being missed by excluding DGP, IgA. For individuals who are IgA deficient, testing for tTG and deamidated gliadin (DGP), IgG antibodies is recommended. Preferred initial screening test for celiac disease diagnosis is the reflexive cascade (ARUP test code 3016817). While ordering for celiac disease diagnosis, all serology tests should be performed while the patient is on a gluten-containing diet. Upon initiation of gluten-free diet, antibody titers decline in the treatment responsive patients and the timeframe to normalize varies by case. If serology is negative and suspicion for celiac disease is strong, intestinal biopsy may still be warranted for establishing diagnosis.	Methodology:	
Note:  The most sensitive and specific serologic test for celiac disease diagnosis is tissue transglutaminase (tTG) IgA isotype in individuals who produce sufficient total IgA. Deamidated gliadin (DGP), IgA should not be used for initial screening due to its low specificity and only a very small number of cases being missed by excluding DGP, IgA. For individuals who are IgA deficient, testing for tTG and deamidated gliadin (DGP), IgG antibodies is recommended. Preferred initial screening test for celiac disease diagnosis is the reflexive cascade (ARUP test code 3016817). While ordering for celiac disease diagnosis, all serology tests should be performed while the patient is on a gluten-containing diet. Upon initiation of gluten-free diet, antibody titers decline in the treatment responsive patients and the timeframe to normalize varies by case. If serology is negative and suspicion for celiac disease is strong, intestinal biopsy may still be warranted for establishing diagnosis.	Performed:	Sun-Sat
disease diagnosis is tissue transglutaminase (tTG) IgA isotype in individuals who produce sufficient total IgA. Deamidated gliadin (DGP), IgA should not be used for initial screening due to its low specificity and only a very small number of cases being missed by excluding DGP, IgA. For individuals who are IgA deficient, testing for tTG and deamidated gliadin (DGP), IgG antibodies is recommended. Preferred initial screening test for celiac disease diagnosis is the reflexive cascade (ARUP test code 3016817). While ordering for celiac disease diagnosis, all serology tests should be performed while the patient is on a gluten-containing diet. Upon initiation of gluten-free diet, antibody titers decline in the treatment responsive patients and the timeframe to normalize varies by case. If serology is negative and suspicion for celiac disease is strong, intestinal biopsy may still be warranted for establishing diagnosis.	Reported:	1-2 days
CPT Codes: 86258 x2	Note:	disease diagnosis is tissue transglutaminase (tTG) IgA isotype in individuals who produce sufficient total IgA. Deamidated gliadin (DGP), IgA should not be used for initial screening due to its low specificity and only a very small number of cases being missed by excluding DGP, IgA. For individuals who are IgA deficient, testing for tTG and deamidated gliadin (DGP), IgG antibodies is recommended. Preferred initial screening test for celiac disease diagnosis is the reflexive cascade (ARUP test code 3016817). While ordering for celiac disease diagnosis, all serology tests should be performed while the patient is on a gluten-containing diet. Upon initiation of gluten-free diet, antibody titers decline in the treatment responsive patients and the timeframe to normalize varies by case. If serology is negative and suspicion for celiac disease is strong, intestinal
	CPT Codes:	86258 x2

Effective Date: November 13, 2023



Effective Date: November 13, 2023

New York DOH Approval Status: This test is New York DOH approved.

Interpretive Da	ata:
Component	Interpretation
Deamidated Gliadin Peptide (DGP) Antibody, IgA	19 Units or less Negative 20-30 Units Weak Positive 31 Units or greater Positive
Deamidated Gliadin Peptide (DGP) Antibody, IgG	19 Units or less Negative 20-30 Units Weak Positive 31 Units or greater Positive

#### Reference Interval:

Test Number	Components	Reference Interval
	Deamidated Gliadin Peptide (DGP) Ab, IgA	0 <u>.00-4.99 FLU</u> - <del>19 Units</del>
	Deamidated Gliadin Peptide (DGP) Ab, IgG	0 <u>.00-4.99 FLU</u> - <del>19 Units</del>

HOTLINE NOTE: There is a numeric map change associated with this test. Refer to the Hotline Test Mix for interface build information.

HOTLINE NOTE: There is a unit of measure change associated with this test. Refer to the Hotline Test Mix for interface build information.

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#### BORATORIES

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

#### **TEST CHANGE**

Deamidated Gliadin Peptide (DGP) Antibody, IgG

0051359, GLIADPEP G

0031339, GLIADELE G					
Specimen Requirements:					
Patient Preparation:					
Collect:	Serum separator tube (SST)				
Specimen Preparation:	Separate serum from cells ASAP or within 2 hours of collection. Transport 1_0-5 mL serum. (Min: 0.53 mL)				
Transport Temperature:	Refrigerated.				
Unacceptable Conditions:	Plasma or other body fluids. Contaminated, grossly hemolyzed grossly icteric, or grossly lipemic-specimens.				
Remarks:					
Stability:	After separation from cells: Ambient: 48 hours; Refrigerated: 1 week2 weeks; Frozen: 15 days1 year				
Methodology:	Semi-Quantitative Particle-Based Multianalyte Technology (PMAT) Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay				
Performed:	Sun-Sat				
Reported:	1-2 days				
Note:	The most sensitive and specific serologic test for celiac disease diagnosis is tissue transglutaminase (tTG) IgA isotype in individuals who produce sufficient total IgA. For individuals who are IgA deficient, testing for tTG and deamidated gliadin (DGP), IgG antibodies is recommended. Preferred initial screening test for celiac disease diagnosis is the reflexive cascade (ARUP test code 3016817). While ordering for celiac disease diagnosis, all serology tests should be performed while the patient is on a gluten-containing diet. Upon initiation of gluten-free diet, antibody titers decline in the treatment-responsive patients and the timeframe to normalize varies by case. If serology is negative and suspicion for celiac disease is strong, intestinal biopsy may still be warranted for establishing diagnosis.				
CPT Codes:	86258				
New York DOH Approval Status:	This test is New York DOH approved.				



A nonprofit enterprise of the University of Utah and its Department of Pathology

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

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Interpretive Data:

In individuals with low or deficient IgA, testing for tissue transglutaminase (tTG) and deamidated Gliadin (DGP) antibodies of the IgG isotype is performed. A positive tTG and/or DGP IgG antibody results indicate celiac disease, however, small intestinal biopsy is required to establish a diagnosis due to the lower accuracy of these markers, especially in patients without IgA deficiency.

#### Reference Interval:

<u>Test</u>	19	Negative	Components	Reference
Number	Units or less			<u>Interval</u>
	20-30 Units	Weak Positive		
	31 Units	Positive		
	or greater			
	9		Deamidated	0.00-4.99
			Gliadin	FLU
			<u>Peptide</u>	
			(DGP) Ab,	
			<u>IgG</u>	

HOTLINE NOTE: There is a reflexive pattern change associated with this test. One or more orderable or component has been added or removed to the reflexive pattern. Refer to the Hotline Test Mix for interface build information.

HOTLINE NOTE: There is a numeric map change associated with this test. Refer to the Hotline Test Mix for interface build information.

HOTLINE NOTE: There is a unit of measure change associated with this test. Refer to the Hotline Test Mix for interface build information.



## TEST CHANGE

Tissue Transglutaminase Antibody, IgG

0056009, TTG G

0000003, 0					
Specimen Requirements:					
Patient Preparation:					
Collect:	Serum separator tube <u>(SST).</u> -				
Specimen Preparation:	Remove serum from cells ASAP or within 2 hours of collection.  Transfer 1 mL serum to an ARUP <u>standard transport</u> <u>tube.</u> Standard Transport Tube. (Min: 0.5 mL)				
Transport Temperature:	Refrigerated.				
Unacceptable Conditions:	Contaminated, grossly hemolyzed, grossly icteric, Plasma- Hemolyzed or grossly severely lipemic-specimens.				
Remarks:					
Stability:	After separation from cells: Ambient: 48 hours; Refrigerated: 1 week2 weeks; Frozen: 15 days1 year				
Methodology:	Semi-Quantitative <u>Particle-Based Multianalyte Technology</u> ( <u>PMAT</u> ) <u>Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay</u>				
Performed:	Sun-Sat				
Reported:	1-2 days				
Note:	The most sensitive and specific serologic test for celiac disease diagnosis is tissue transglutaminase (tTG) IgA isotype in individuals who produce sufficient total IgA. For individuals who are IgA deficient, testing for tTG and deamidated gliadin (DGP), IgG antibodies is recommended. Preferred initial screening test for celiac disease diagnosis is the reflexive cascade (ARUP test code 3016817). While ordering for celiac disease diagnosis, all serology tests should be performed while the patient is on a gluten-containing diet. Upon initiation of gluten-free diet, antibody titers decline in the treatment responsive patients and the timeframe to normalize varies by case. If serology is negative and suspicion for celiac disease is strong, intestinal biopsy may still be warranted for establishing diagnosis.				
CPT Codes:	86364				

Effective Date: November 13, 2023



Effective Date: November 13, 2023

New York DOH Approval Status: This test is New York DOH approved.

#### Interpretive Data:

In individuals with low or deficient IgA, testing for tissue transglutaminase (tTG) and deamidated Gliadin (DGP) antibodies of the IgG isotype is performed. A positive tTG and/or DGP IgG antibody results indicate celiac disease, however, small intestinal biopsy is required to establish a diagnosis due to the lower accuracy of these markers, especially in patients without IgA deficiency. The tTG IgG assay may aid in the diagnosis of gluten-sensitivity enteropathy (i.e., celiac disease, dermatitis herpetiformis) in tTG IgA negative patients with confirmed IgA deficiency. A negative tTG IgG test alone does not rule out gluten-sensitive enteropathy.

#### Reference Interval:

<u>Test</u>	5	Negative	Components	Reference	e	
Number	U/mL or less			<u>Interval</u>		
	<del>6-9</del> U/mL	Weak Positive				
	10 U/mL or greater	Positive				
			<u>Tissue</u>	<u>0.00 -</u>		
			<b>Transglutaminase</b>	<u>4.99 FLU</u>	<u>J</u>	
			Antibody,IgG			

HOTLINE NOTE: There is a reflexive pattern change associated with this test. One or more orderable or component has been added or removed to the reflexive pattern. Refer to the Hotline Test Mix for interface build information.

HOTLINE NOTE: There is a numeric map change associated with this test. Refer to the Hotline Test Mix for interface build information.

HOTLINE NOTE: There is a unit of measure change associated with this test. Refer to the Hotline Test Mix for interface build information.

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ABORATORIES

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

#### **TEST CHANGE**

Cyclosporine A, 2-Hour Post Dose (C2) by Tandem Mass Spectrometry 0058902, C2CYA

Specimen Requirements:

Patient Preparation: Two hour post-dose level should be drawn.

Collect: Lavender (EDTA) or pink (K2EDTA).

Specimen Preparation: Transport 1 mL whole blood. (Min: 0.25 mL)

Transport Temperature: Refrigerated.

Unacceptable Conditions: Serum or plasma. Specimens left at room temperature for

longer than 24 hours. Clotted specimens.

Remarks:

Stability: Ambient: 24 hours; Refrigerated: 2 weeks; Frozen: 2 months

Methodology: Quantitative Liquid Chromatography-Tandem Mass

Spectrometry

Performed: Sun-Sat

Reported: <u>1-2 days</u>

Within 24 hours

Note: Cyclosporine (Sandimmune) whole blood concentrations can

be measured by either chromatographic or immunoassay methodologies. These two methodologies are not directly interchangeable, the measured cyclosporine whole blood concentration depends on the methodology used. Reference ranges may vary according to the specific immunoassay or HPLC-MS/MS test. Generally, immunoassays have been reported to have a positive bias relative to HPLC-MS/MS assays due to the detection of antibody cross-reactivity with

cyclosporine metabolites.

CPT Codes: 80158

New York DOH Approval Status: This test is New York DOH approved.

Interpretive Data:

Cyclosporine A levels in specimens drawn 2 hours post-dose may estimate the AUC better than trough specimens. The optimal therapeutic range for a given patient may differ from this suggested range based on the indication for therapy, treatment phase (initiation or maintenance),



use in combination with other drugs, time of specimen collection relative to prior dose, type of transplanted organ, and/or the therapeutic approach of the transplant center. A suggested target range for renal transplant is 800-1700 ng/mL. A suggested target range for liver transplant is 600-1000 ng/mL. The higher ranges represent concentrations immediately post-transplant and the lower ranges represent concentrations during the maintenance phase.

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by ARUP Laboratories. It has not been cleared or approved by the US Food and Drug Administration. This test was performed in a CLIA certified laboratory and is intended for clinical purposes.

Reference Interval:



### TEST CHANGE

#### Cytomegalovirus by Qualitative PCR

0060040, CMVPCR

0060040, CMVPCR	
Specimen Requirements:	
Patient Preparation:	
Collect:	Bone marrow aspirate in lavender Lavender (EDTA) or pink), Pink (K2EDTA), amnioticor Serum Separator Tube (SST). Also acceptable: Amniotic fluid, bronchoalveolar lavage (BAL), CSF, ocular fluid, tissue, urine, or dried blood spot (DBS).
Specimen Preparation:	Separate serum or plasma from cells. Transfer 1 mL plasma, serum, whole blood, bone marrow, amniotic fluid, BAL, CSF, ocular fluid, or urine to a sterile container— (Min: 0.5 mL).) Dried Blood Spot: Whole blood collected on newborn screening card (3/16 inch punch). Transport punch in an ARUP standard transport tube. Standard Transport Tube. Tissue: Transfer to a sterile container and freeze immediately.
Transport Temperature:	Frozen. Whole Blood or Bone Marrow: Refrigerated. Dried Blood Spot: Room temperature. All others: Frozen
Unacceptable Conditions:	Heparinized specimens, tissues in optimal cutting temperature compound. <u>Saliva (Refer to ARUP test code 2008555, CMVPCR SAL.)</u>
Remarks:	Specimen source is required.
Stability:	Ambient: 8 hours; Refrigerated: 72 hours; Frozen: 3 months Whole Blood or Bone Marrow: Ambient: 1 week; Refrigerated: 1 week; Frozen: 1 week Dried Blood Spot: Ambient: 9028 days; Refrigerated: 8 days; Frozen: 8 days Tissue: Ambient: Unacceptable; Refrigerated: Unacceptable; Frozen: 3 months All others: Ambient: 8 hours; Refrigerated: 72 hours; Frozen: 3 months
Methodology:	Qualitative Polymerase Chain Reaction (PCR)
Performed:	Sun-Sat
Reported:	1-3 days
Note:	
CPT Codes:	87496
New York DOH Approval Status:	This test is New York DOH approved.

Effective Date: November 13, 2023



A nonprofit enterprise of the University of Utah and its Department of Pathology

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

Intor	pretive	I lata

This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by ARUP Laboratories. It has not been cleared or approved by the US Food and Drug Administration. This test was performed in a CLIA certified laboratory and is intended for clinical purposes.

Reference Interval:

Test Components Reference Interval Number

Deleted Cells

Inserted Cells



# Cyclosporine A by Tandem Mass Spectrometry 0070035, CYA

Specimen Requirements:

Patient Preparation: PredosePre-dose (trough) levels should be drawn.

Collect: Lavender (EDTA) or pink (K2EDTA).

Specimen Preparation: Transport 1 mL whole blood. (Min: 0.25 mL)

Transport Temperature: Refrigerated.

Unacceptable Conditions: Serum or plasma. Specimens left at room temperature for

longer than 24 hours. Clotted specimens.

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

Remarks:

Stability: Ambient: 24 hours; Refrigerated: 2 weeks; Frozen: 2 months

Methodology: Quantitative Liquid Chromatography-Tandem Mass

Spectrometry

Performed: Sun-Sat

Reported: <u>1-2 days</u>

Within 24 hours

Note: Cyclosporine (Sandimmune) whole blood concentrations can

be measured by either chromatographic or immunoassay methodologies. These two methodologies are not directly interchangeable, and the measured cyclosporine whole blood concentration depends on the methodology used. Reference ranges may vary according to the specific immunoassay or HPLC-MS/MS test. Generally, immunoassays have been reported to have a positive bias relative to HPLC-MS/MS assays due to the detection of antibody cross-reactivity with

cyclosporine metabolites.

CPT Codes: 80158

New York DOH Approval Status: This test is New York DOH approved.

Interpretive Data:

The general therapeutic range for cyclosporine A is 100-400 ng/mL. The optimal therapeutic range for a given patient may differ from this suggested range based on the indication for therapy, treatment phase (initiation or maintenance), use in combination with other drugs, time of specimen



collection relative to prior dose, type of transplanted organ, and/or the therapeutic approach of the transplant center.

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by ARUP Laboratories. It has not been cleared or approved by the US Food and Drug Administration. This test was performed in a CLIA certified laboratory and is intended for clinical purposes.

### Reference Interval:

## Effective November 17, 2014

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	Therapeutic Range:
Cyclosporine A, Therapeutic Range	100-400 ng/mL
Kidney transplant (in combination with Everolimus)	1 month post- transplant: 100- 200 ng/mL 2-3 months post- transplant: 75- 150 ng/mL 4-5 months post- transplant: 50- 100 ng/mL 6-12 months post- transplant: 25-50 ng/mL
Heart transplant	Up to 3 months post-transplant: 350-525 ng/mL 4 months and older post-transplant: 145-350 ng/mL
Liver transplant	290-525 ng/mL
Toxic value	Greater than 700 ng/mL



# Catecholamines Fractionated by LC-MS/MS, Urine Free 0080407, CATE UF

0080407, CATE UF	
Specimen Requirements:	
Patient Preparation:	Drugs and medications may affect results and should be discontinued for at least 72 hours prior to specimen collection, if possible.
Collect:	24-hour or random urine. Refrigerate 24-hour specimen during collection.
Specimen Preparation:	Thoroughly mix entire collection (24-hour or random) in one container. Transfer a 4 mL aliquot to an ARUP <u>standard transport tube</u> . Standard <u>Transport Tube</u> . (Min: 2.5 mL)  Catecholamines are not stable above pH 7. The pH of such specimens must be adjusted by the addition of 6M HCl acid or sulfamic acid prior to transport. A pH less than 2 can cause assay interference. Specimen preservation can be extended to 1 month refrigerated by performing one of the following: Option 1: Transfer a 4 mL aliquot to an ARUP <u>standard transport tube</u> and adjust pH to 2.0-4.0 with 6M HCl. (Min: 2.5 mL) Option 2: Transfer a 4 mL aliquot to an ARUP <u>standard transport tube</u> Standard Transport <u>Tube</u> containing 20 mg sulfamic acid (ARUP Supply #48098), available online through eSupply using ARUP Connect(TM) or contact ARUP Client Services at (800-)-522-2787. (Min: 2.5 mL)
Transport Temperature:	Refrigerated.
Unacceptable Conditions:	Specimens preserved with boric acid or acetic acid. Specimens with pH greater than 7.
Remarks:	Record total volume and collection time interval on transport tube and test request form.
Stability:	Unpreserved: Ambient: Unacceptable; Refrigerated: 1 week; Frozen: Undefined Preserved: Ambient: Unacceptable; Refrigerated: 1 month; Frozen: 6 months
Methodology:	Quantitative High Performance Liquid Chromatography- Tandem Mass Spectrometry
Performed:	Sun-Sat
Reported:	1- <u>5</u> 4 days



Note:

Secreting neuroendocrine tumors are typically associated with catecholamine concentrations several times higher than the upper reference intervals. Large elevations can be seen in lifethreatening illnesses and drug interferences. Common reasons for slight and moderate elevations include intense physical activity, emotional and physical stress, drug interferences, and improper specimen collection. Medications which may physiologically interfere with catecholamines and metabolites include amphetamines and amphetamine-like compounds, appetite suppressants, bromocriptine, buspirone, caffeine, carbidopa-levodopa (Sinemet), clonidine, dexamethasone, diuretics (in doses sufficient to deplete sodium), ethanol, isoproterenol, methyldopa (Aldomet), MAO inhibitors, nicotine, nose drops, propafenone (Rythmol), reserpine, theophylline, tricyclic antidepressants, and vasodilators. The effects of some drugs on catecholamine results may not be predictable. References: 1) Optimal collection and storage conditions for catecholamine measurements in human plasma and urine. (Clinical Chemistry. 1993; 39:2503-8.); 2) Effect of urine pH, storage time, and temperature on stability of catecholamines, cortisol, and creatinine. (Clinical Chemistry 1998; Chemistry

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

CPT Codes: 82384

New York DOH Approval Status: This test is New York DOH approved.

Interpretive Data:

Smaller increases in catecholamine concentrations (less than two times the upper limit) usually are the result of physiological stimuli, drugs, or improper specimen collection. Significant elevation of one or more catecholamines (three or more times the upper reference limit) is associated with an increased probability of a neuroendocrine tumor.

<del>1998;</del> 44: 1759-62.).)-

Per 24h calculations are provided to aid interpretation for collections with a duration of 24 hours and an average daily urine volume. For specimens with notable deviations in collection time or volume, ratios of analytes to a corresponding urine creatinine concentration may assist in result interpretation.

This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by ARUP Laboratories. It has not been cleared or approved by the US Food and Drug Administration. This test was performed in a CLIA certified laboratory and is intended for clinical purposes.

Гest Number	Components	Reference In	terval	
	Creatinine, Urine - per 24h			
		Age	Male (mg/d)	Female (mg/d)
		3-8 years	140-700	140-700
		9-12 years	300-1300	300-1300
		13-17 years	500-2300	400-1600
		18-50 years	1000-2500	700-1600
		51-80 years	800-2100	500-1400
		81 years and older	600-2000	400-1300
	Dopamine, Urine - per 24h			
		Age	ug/d	
		0-3 years	Not established	
		4-10 years	80-440	
		11-17 years	100-496	
		18 years and older	71-485	
	Norepinephrine, Urine - per 24h			
		Age	ug/d	
		0-3 years	Not established	
		4-10 years	7-65	
		11-17 years	12-96	
		18 years and older	14-120	
	Epinephrine, Urine - per 24h			
		Age	ug/d	
		0-3 years	Not established	
		4-10 years	1-14	
		11-17 years	1-18	
		18 years and okder	1-14	
	Norepinephrine, Urine - ratio to CRT			
		Age	ug/g CRT	
		0-11 months	25-310	
		1-3 years	25-290	
		4-10 years	27-110	
		11-17 years	4-105	
		18 years and older	0-45	
	Dopamine, Urine - ratio to CRT			



Age	ug/g CRT
0-11 months	240-1290
1-3 years	80-1220
4-10 years	220-720
11-17 years	120-450
18 years and older	0-250
Age	ug/g CRT
0-11 months	0-380
1-3 years	0-82
4-10 years	5-93
11-17 years	3-58
18 years and older	0-20
	0-11 months 1-3 years 4-10 years 11-17 years 18 years and older  Age 0-11 months 1-3 years 4-10 years 11-17 years 18 years and





Testosterone, Free and Total, Includes Sex Hormone-Binding Globulin (Adult Females, Children, or Individuals on Testosterone-Suppressing Hormone Therapy)

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

0081056, TESTOS F&T

Specimen Requirements:			
Patient Preparation:	Collect between 6-10 a.m.		
Collect:	Serum separator tube or green (sodium or lithium heparin).		
Specimen Preparation:	Separate serum from cells ASAP or within 2 hours of collection. Transfer 1 mL serum or plasma to an ARUP <u>standard transport</u> <u>tube.</u> Standard Transport Tube. (Min: 0.8 mL)		
Transport Temperature:	Refrigerated.		
Unacceptable Conditions:	EDTA plasma.		
Remarks:			
Stability:	After separation from cells: Ambient: 24 hours; Refrigerated: 1 week; Frozen: 6 months		
Methodology:	Quantitative High Performance Liquid Chromatography- Tandem Mass Spectrometry/Electrochemiluminescent Immunoassay/Calculation		
Performed:	Sun-Sat		
Reported:	1- <u>5</u> 4 days		
Note:	Please refer to individual components for stability of sample for this test. The concentration of free testosterone is derived from a mathematical expression based on the constant for the binding of testosterone to sex hormone binding globulin.		
CPT Codes:	84402; 84403; 84270		
New York DOH Approval Status:	This test is New York DOH approved.		
Interpretive Data:			
Free testosterone concentration is calculated using total testosterone (measured by mass spectrometry) and the binding constant of testosterone and sex hormone-binding globulin (SHBG).			
	uppressing hormone therapies (e.g., antiandrogens or estrogens), e intervals. For a complete set of all established reference		

intervals, refer to ltd.aruplab.com/Tests/Pub/0081056.



This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by ARUP Laboratories. It has not been cleared or approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration. This test was performed in a CLIA-certified laboratory and is intended for clinical purposes.



Test Number	Components	Reference Inter	rval	
	Testosterone by Mass Spec			
		Age	Male (ng/dL)	Female (ng/dL)
		Premature (26-28 weeks)	59-125	5-16
		Premature (31-35 weeks)	37-198	5-22
		Newborn	75-400	20-64
		1-5 months	14-363	Less than 20
		6-24 months	Less than 37	Less than 9
		2-3 years	Less than 15	Less than 20
		4-5 years	Less than 19	Less than 30
		6-7 years	Less than 13	Less than 7
		8-9 years	2-8	1-11
		10-11 years	2-165	3-32
		12-13 years	3-619	6-50
		14-15 years	31-733	6-52
		16-17 years	158-826	9-58
		18-39 years	300-1080	9-55
		40-59 years	300-890	9-55
		60 years and older	300-720	5-32
		Premenopausal (18 years and older)	Not Applicable	9-55
		Postmenopausal	Not Applicable	5-32
		Tanner Stage I	2-15	2-17
		Tanner Stage II	3-303	5-40
		Tanner Stage III	10-851	10-63
		Tanner Stage IV-V	162-847	11-62
	Testosterone, Free by Mass Spec			

			1
	Age	Male (pg/mL)	Female (pg/mL)
	1-6 years	Less than 0.6	Less than 0.6
	7-9 years	0.1-0.9	0.6-1.8
	10-11	0.1-6.3	0.1-3.5
	12-13	0.5-98.0	0.9-6.8
	14-15	3-138.0	1.2-7.5
	16-17	38.0-173.0	1.2-9.9
	18 years and older	47-244	Not Applicable
	18-30	Not Applicable	0.8-7.4
	31-40	Not Applicable	1.3-9.2
	41-51	Not Applicable	1.1-5.8
	Postmenopausal	Not Applicable	0.6-3.8
	Tanner Stage I	Less than or equal to 3.7	Less than 2.2
	Tanner Stage II	0.3-21	0.4-4.5
	Tanner Stage III	1.0-98.0	1.3-7.5
	Tanner Stage IV	35.0-169.0	1.1-15.5
		44 0 000 0	0000
	Tanner Stage V	41.0-239.0	0.8-9.2
Sex Hormone Binding Globulin			
Sex Hormone Binding Globulin	Age	Male (nmol/L)	Female (nmol/L)
Sex Hormone Binding Globulin	Age 1-30 days	Male (nmol/L)	Female (nmol/L)
Sex Hormone Binding Globulin	Age 1-30 days 31-364 days	Male (nmol/L) 13-85 70-250	Female (nmol/L) 14-60 60-215
Sex Hormone Binding Globulin	Age 1-30 days 31-364 days 1-3 years	Male (nmol/L) 13-85 70-250 50-180	Female (nmol/L) 14-60 60-215 60-190
Sex Hormone Binding Globulin	Age 1-30 days 31-364 days 1-3 years 4-6 years	Male (nmol/L) 13-85 70-250 50-180 45-175	Female (nmol/L) 14-60 60-215 60-190 55-170
Sex Hormone Binding Globulin	Age 1-30 days 31-364 days 1-3 years 4-6 years 7-9 years	Male (nmol/L) 13-85 70-250 50-180 45-175 28-190	Female (nmol/L) 14-60 60-215 60-190 55-170 35-170
Sex Hormone Binding Globulin	Age 1-30 days 31-364 days 1-3 years 4-6 years 7-9 years 10-12 years	Male (nmol/L) 13-85 70-250 50-180 45-175 28-190 23-160	Female (nmol/L) 14-60 60-215 60-190 55-170 35-170 17-155
Sex Hormone Binding Globulin	Age 1-30 days 31-364 days 1-3 years 4-6 years 7-9 years 10-12 years 13-15 years	Male (nmol/L) 13-85 70-250 50-180 45-175 28-190 23-160 13-140	Female (nmol/L) 14-60 60-215 60-190 55-170 35-170 17-155 11-120
Sex Hormone Binding Globulin	Age 1-30 days 31-364 days 1-3 years 4-6 years 7-9 years 10-12 years 13-15 years 16-17 years	Male (nmol/L) 13-85 70-250 50-180 45-175 28-190 23-160 13-140 10-60	Female (nmol/L) 14-60 60-215 60-190 55-170 35-170 17-155 11-120 19-145
Sex Hormone Binding Globulin	Age 1-30 days 31-364 days 1-3 years 4-6 years 7-9 years 10-12 years 13-15 years 16-17 years 18-49 years	Male (nmol/L) 13-85 70-250 50-180 45-175 28-190 23-160 13-140 10-60 17-56	Female (nmol/L) 14-60 60-215 60-190 55-170 35-170 17-155 11-120 19-145 25-122
Sex Hormone Binding Globulin	Age 1-30 days 31-364 days 1-3 years 4-6 years 7-9 years 10-12 years 13-15 years 16-17 years 18-49 years 50 years and older	Male (nmol/L) 13-85 70-250 50-180 45-175 28-190 23-160 13-140 10-60 17-56	Female (nmol/L) 14-60 60-215 60-190 55-170 35-170 17-155 11-120 19-145 25-122 17-125
Sex Hormone Binding Globulin	Age 1-30 days 31-364 days 1-3 years 4-6 years 7-9 years 10-12 years 13-15 years 16-17 years 18-49 years 50 years and	Male (nmol/L) 13-85 70-250 50-180 45-175 28-190 23-160 13-140 10-60 17-56	Female (nmol/L) 14-60 60-215 60-190 55-170 35-170 17-155 11-120 19-145 25-122
Sex Hormone Binding Globulin	Age 1-30 days 31-364 days 1-3 years 4-6 years 7-9 years 10-12 years 13-15 years 16-17 years 18-49 years 50 years and older	Male (nmol/L) 13-85 70-250 50-180 45-175 28-190 23-160 13-140 10-60 17-56	Female (nmol/L) 14-60 60-215 60-190 55-170 35-170 17-155 11-120 19-145 25-122 17-125
Sex Hormone Binding Globulin	Age 1-30 days 31-364 days 1-3 years 4-6 years 7-9 years 10-12 years 13-15 years 16-17 years 18-49 years 50 years and older Tanner Stage I	Male (nmol/L) 13-85 70-250 50-180 45-175 28-190 23-160 13-140 10-60 17-56 19-76	Female (nmol/L) 14-60 60-215 60-190 55-170 35-170 17-155 11-120 19-145 25-122 17-125 30-173
Sex Hormone Binding Globulin	Age 1-30 days 31-364 days 1-3 years 4-6 years 7-9 years 10-12 years 13-15 years 16-17 years 18-49 years 50 years and older Tanner Stage I	Male (nmol/L) 13-85 70-250 50-180 45-175 28-190 23-160 13-140 10-60 17-56 19-76 26-186 22-169	Female (nmol/L) 14-60 60-215 60-190 55-170 35-170 17-155 11-120 19-145 25-122 17-125 30-173 16-127





Testosterone, Bioavailable and Total, Includes Sex Hormone-Binding Globulin (Adult Females, Children, or Individuals on Testosterone-Suppressing Hormone Therapy) 0081057, BIO T MASS

Specimen Requirements:			
Patient Preparation:	Collect between 6-10 a.m.		
Collect:	Serum separator tube or green (sodium or lithium heparin).		
Specimen Preparation:	Separate serum or plasma from cells ASAP or within 2 hours of collection. Transfer 1 mL serum or plasma to an ARUP standard transport tube. Standard Transport Tube. (Min: 0.8 mL)		
Transport Temperature:	Refrigerated.		
Unacceptable Conditions:	EDTA plasma.		
Remarks:			
Stability:	After separation from cells: Ambient: 24 hours; Refrigerated: 1 week; Frozen: 6 months		
Methodology:	Quantitative High Performance Liquid Chromatography- Tandem Mass Spectrometry/Electrochemiluminescent Immunoassay/Calculation		
Performed:	Sun-Sat		
Reported:	1- <u>5</u> 4 days		
Note:	The concentrations of free and bioavailable testosterone are derived from mathematical expressions based on constants for the binding of testosterone to albumin and/or sex hormone binding globulin.		
CPT Codes:	84402; 84403; 84270		
New York DOH Approval Status:	This test is New York DOH approved.		
Interpretive Data:			
Bioavailable testosterone concentration is calculated using total testosterone (measured by mass spectrometry) and the binding constant of testosterone and sex hormone-binding globulin (SHBG) and/or albumin.			
For individuals on testosterone-su	ppressing hormone therapies (e.g., antiandrogens or estrogens),		



refer to cisgender female reference intervals. For a complete set of all established reference intervals, refer to ltd.aruplab.com/Tests/Pub/0081057.

This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by ARUP Laboratories. It has not been cleared or approved by the US Food and Drug Administration. This test was performed in a CLIA certified laboratory and is intended for clinical purposes.

Effective Date: November 13, 2023



Test Number	Components	Reference Inter	rval	
	Testosterone by Mass Spec			
		Age	Male (ng/dL)	Female (ng/dL)
		Premature (26-28 weeks)	59-125	5-16
		Premature (31-35 weeks)	37-198	5-22
		Newborn	75-400	20-64
		1-5 months	14-363	Less than 20
		6-24 months	Less than 37	Less than 9
		2-3 years	Less than 15	Less than 20
		4-5 years	Less than 19	Less than 30
		6-7 years	Less than 13	Less than 7
		8-9 years	2-8	1-11
		10-11 years	2-165	3-32
		12-13 years	3-619	6-50
		14-15 years	31-733	6-52
		16-17 years	158-826	9-58
		18-39 years	300-1080	9-55
		40-59 years	300-890	9-55
		60 years and older	300-720	5-32
		Premenopausal (18 years and older)	Not Applicable	9-55
		Postmenopausal	Not Applicable	5-32
		Tanner Stage I	2-15	2-17
		Tanner Stage II	3-303	5-40
		Tanner Stage III	10-851	10-63
		Tanner Stage IV-V	162-847	11-62
	Testosterone, Free by Mass Spec			

	Age	Male (pg/mL)	Female (pg/mL)
	1-6 years	Less than 0.6	Less than 0.6
	7-9 years	0.1-0.9	0.6-1.8
	10-11	0.1-6.3	0.1-3.5
	12-13	0.5-98.0	0.9-6.8
	14-15	3-138.0	1.2-7.5
	16-17	38.0-173.0	1.2-9.9
	18 years and older	47-244	Not Applicable
	18-30	Not Applicable	0.8-7.4
	31-40	Not Applicable	1.3-9.2
	41-51	Not Applicable	1.1-5.8
	Postmenopausal	Not Applicable	0.6-3.8
	Tanner Stage I	Less than or equal to 3.7	Less than 2.2
	Tanner Stage II	0.3-21	0.4-4.5
	Tanner Stage III	1.0-98.0	1.3-7.5
	Tanner Stage IV	35.0-169.0	1.1-15.5
	Tanner Stage V	41.0-239.0	0.8-9.2
	Age	Male (ng/dL)	Female (ng/dL)
erone, Bioavailable by Mass Spec	Ago	Mala (pg/dL)	Famala (ng/dl.)
	1-6 years	Less than 1.3	Less than 1.3
	7-9 years	0.3-2.8	0.3-5.0
	10-11 years	0.1-17.9	0.4-9.6
	12-13 years	1.4-288.0	1.7-18.8
	14-15 years	9.5-337.0	
			3.0-22.6
	16-17 years	35.0-509.0	3.0-22.6 3.3-28.6
	16-17 years 18 years and older		
	18 years and	35.0-509.0	3.3-28.6
	18 years and older	35.0-509.0 130.0-680.0	3.3-28.6 Not Applicable
	18 years and older 18-30 years	35.0-509.0 130.0-680.0 Not Applicable	3.3-28.6 Not Applicable 2.2-20.6
	18 years and older 18-30 years 31-40 years	35.0-509.0 130.0-680.0 Not Applicable Not Applicable	3.3-28.6 Not Applicable 2.2-20.6 4.1-25.5
	18 years and older 18-30 years 31-40 years 41-51 years	35.0-509.0 130.0-680.0 Not Applicable Not Applicable Not Applicable	3.3-28.6 Not Applicable 2.2-20.6 4.1-25.5 2.8-16.5
	18 years and older 18-30 years 31-40 years 41-51 years Postmenopausal	35.0-509.0 130.0-680.0 Not Applicable Not Applicable Not Applicable	3.3-28.6 Not Applicable 2.2-20.6 4.1-25.5 2.8-16.5 1.5-9.4
	18 years and older 18-30 years 31-40 years 41-51 years Postmenopausal Tanner Stage I	35.0-509.0 130.0-680.0 Not Applicable Not Applicable Not Applicable Not Applicable 0.3-13.0	3.3-28.6 Not Applicable 2.2-20.6 4.1-25.5 2.8-16.5 1.5-9.4 0.3-5.5
	18 years and older 18-30 years 31-40 years 41-51 years Postmenopausal Tanner Stage I Tanner Stage II	35.0-509.0 130.0-680.0 Not Applicable Not Applicable Not Applicable Not Applicable 0.3-13.0 0.3-59.0	3.3-28.6 Not Applicable 2.2-20.6 4.1-25.5 2.8-16.5 1.5-9.4 0.3-5.5 1.2-15.0



1-30 days 13-85 14-60 31-364 days 70-250 60-215 1-3 years 50-180 60-190 4-6 years 45-175 55-170 7-9 years 28-190 35-170 10-12 years 23-160 17-155 13-15 years 13-140 11-120 16-17 years 10-60 19-145 18-49 years 17-56 25-122 50 years and 19-76 17-125 older Tanner Stage I 26-186 30-173 Tanner Stage II 22-169 16-127 Tanner Stage IV 11-60 14-151 Tanner Stage V 11-71 23-165	Male (n	nmol/L) Female (nmol/L)	
1-3 years 50-180 60-190 4-6 years 45-175 55-170 7-9 years 28-190 35-170 10-12 years 23-160 17-155 13-15 years 13-140 11-120 16-17 years 10-60 19-145 18-49 years 17-56 25-122 50 years and 19-76 17-125 older Tanner Stage I 26-186 30-173 Tanner Stage III 13-104 12-98 Tanner Stage IV 11-60 14-151	) days 13-85	14-60	
4-6 years       45-175       55-170         7-9 years       28-190       35-170         10-12 years       23-160       17-155         13-15 years       13-140       11-120         16-17 years       10-60       19-145         18-49 years       17-56       25-122         50 years and older       19-76       17-125         Tanner Stage I       26-186       30-173         Tanner Stage III       13-104       12-98         Tanner Stage IV       11-60       14-151	364 days 70-250	60-215	
7-9 years 28-190 35-170 10-12 years 23-160 17-155 13-15 years 13-140 11-120 16-17 years 10-60 19-145 18-49 years 17-56 25-122 50 years and 19-76 17-125 older Tanner Stage I 26-186 30-173 Tanner Stage II 22-169 16-127 Tanner Stage III 13-104 12-98 Tanner Stage IV 11-60 14-151	years 50-180	60-190	
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13-15 years       13-140       11-120         16-17 years       10-60       19-145         18-49 years       17-56       25-122         50 years and older       19-76       17-125         Tanner Stage I       26-186       30-173         Tanner Stage II       22-169       16-127         Tanner Stage III       13-104       12-98         Tanner Stage IV       11-60       14-151	years 28-190	35-170	
16-17 years     10-60     19-145       18-49 years     17-56     25-122       50 years and older     19-76     17-125       Tanner Stage I     26-186     30-173       Tanner Stage II     22-169     16-127       Tanner Stage III     13-104     12-98       Tanner Stage IV     11-60     14-151	12 years 23-160	17-155	
18-49 years       17-56       25-122         50 years and older       19-76       17-125         Tanner Stage I       26-186       30-173         Tanner Stage II       22-169       16-127         Tanner Stage III       13-104       12-98         Tanner Stage IV       11-60       14-151	15 years 13-140	11-120	
50 years and older       19-76       17-125         Tanner Stage I       26-186       30-173         Tanner Stage II       22-169       16-127         Tanner Stage III       13-104       12-98         Tanner Stage IV       11-60       14-151	17 years 10-60	19-145	
older       30-173         Tanner Stage I       26-186       30-173         Tanner Stage II       22-169       16-127         Tanner Stage III       13-104       12-98         Tanner Stage IV       11-60       14-151	19 years 17-56	25-122	
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Tanner Stage III 13-104 12-98 Tanner Stage IV 11-60 14-151	ner Stage I 26-186	30-173	
Tanner Stage IV 11-60 14-151	ner Stage II 22-169	16-127	
	ner Stage III 13-104	12-98	
Γanner Stage V 11-71 23-165	ner Stage IV 11-60	14-151	
	ner Stage V 11-71	23-165	





Testosterone (Adult Females, Children, or Individuals on Testosterone-Suppressing Hormone Therapy)

0081058, TESTOS MAS

<u> </u>	
Specimen	Requirements:
Opcomici	ricquircificitio.

Patient Preparation: Collect between 6-10 a.m.

Collect: Serum separator tube or green (sodium or lithium heparin).

Specimen Preparation: Separate serum or plasma from cells ASAP or within 2 hours of

collection. Transfer 1 mL serum or plasma to an ARUP standard transport tube. Standard Transport Tube. (Min: 0.2

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

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mL)

Transport Temperature: Refrigerated.

Unacceptable Conditions: EDTA plasma.

Remarks:

Stability: After separation from cells: Ambient: 24 hours; Refrigerated: 1

week; Frozen: 6 months

Methodology: Quantitative High Performance Liquid Chromatography-

**Tandem Mass Spectrometry** 

Performed: Sun-Sat

Reported: 1-<u>5</u>4 days

Note:

CPT Codes: 84403

New York DOH Approval Status: This test is New York DOH approved.

Interpretive Data:

Free or bioavailable testosterone measurements may provide supportive information.

For individuals on testosterone-suppressing hormone therapies (e.g., antiandrogens or estrogens), refer to cisgender female reference intervals. For a complete set of all established reference intervals, refer to ltd.aruplab.com/Tests/Pub/0081058.

This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by ARUP Laboratories. It has not been cleared or approved by the US Food and Drug Administration. This test was performed in a CLIA certified laboratory and is intended for clinical purposes.



# Effective August 19, 2013

	50 15, 2010	
Age	Female	Male
Premature (26-28 weeks)	5-16 ng/dL	59-125 ng/dL
Premature (31-35 weeks)	5-22 ng/dL	37-198 ng/dL
Newborn	20-64 ng/dL	75-400 ng/dL
1-5 months	Less than 20 ng/dL	14-363 ng/dL
6-24 months	Less than 9 ng/dL	Less than 37 ng/dL
2-3 years	Less than 20 ng/dL	Less than 15 ng/dL
4-5 years	Less than 30 ng/dL	Less than 19 ng/dL
6-7 years	Less than 7 ng/dL	Less than 13 ng/dL
8-9 years	1-11ng/dL	2-8 ng/dL
10-11 years	3-32 ng/dL	2-165 ng/dL
12-13 years	6-50 ng/dL	3-619 ng/dL
14-15 years	6-52 ng/dL	31-733 ng/dL
16-17 years	9-58 ng/dL	158-826 ng/dL
18-39 years	9-55 ng/dL	300-1080 ng/dL
40-59 years	9-55 ng/dL	300-890 ng/dL
60 years and older	5-32 ng/dL	300-720 ng/dL
Premenopausal (18 years and older)	9-55 ng/dL	Does Not Apply
Postmenopausal	5-32 ng/dL	Does Not Apply
Tanner Stage I	2-17 ng/dL	2-15 ng/dL
Tanner Stage II	5-40 ng/dL	3-303 ng/dL
Tanner Stage III	10-63 ng/dL	10-851 ng/dL
Tanner Stage IV-V	11-62 ng/dL	162-847 ng/dL



Testosterone, Free (Adult Females, Children, or Individuals on Testosterone-Suppressing Hormone Therapy)

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

0081059, TESTOS FR

Specimen Requirements:	
Patient Preparation:	Collect between 6-10 a.m.
Collect:	Serum separator tube or green (sodium or lithium heparin).
Specimen Preparation:	Separate serum from cells ASAP or within 2 hours of collection. Transfer 1 mL serum or plasma to an ARUP <u>standard transport</u> <u>tube.Standard Transport Tube.</u> (Min: 0.8 mL)
Transport Temperature:	Refrigerated.
Unacceptable Conditions:	EDTA plasma.
Remarks:	
Stability:	After separation from cells: Ambient: 24 hours; Refrigerated: 1 week; Frozen: 6 months
Methodology:	Quantitative High Performance Liquid Chromatography- Tandem Mass Spectrometry/Electrochemiluminescent Immunoassay/Calculation
Performed:	Sun-Sat
Reported:	1- <u>5</u> 4 days
Note:	Total <u>t</u> Testosterone and SHBG are measured and free testosterone is estimated from these measurements.
CPT Codes:	84402
New York DOH Approval Status:	This test is New York DOH approved.
Interpretive Data:	
	s calculated using total testosterone (measured by mass stant of testosterone and sex hormone-binding globulin (SHBG).
	ppressing hormone therapies (e.g., antiandrogens or estrogens), e intervals. For a complete set of all established reference

This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by ARUP Laboratories. It

intervals, refer to ltd.aruplab.com/Tests/Pub/0081059.



has not been cleared or approved by the US Food and Drug Administration. This test was performed in a CLIA certified laboratory and is intended for clinical purposes.

Test Number	Components	Reference Inte	rval	
	Testosterone, Free by Mass Spec			
		Age	Male (pg/mL)	Female (pg/mL)
		1-6 years	Less than 0.6	Less than 0.6
		7-9 years	0.1-0.9	0.6-1.8
		10-11	0.1-6.3	0.1-3.5
		12-13	0.5-98.0	0.9-6.8
		14-15	3-138.0	1.2-7.5
		16-17	38.0-173.0	1.2-9.9
		18 years and older	47-244	Not Applicable
		18-30	Not Applicable	0.8-7.4
		31-40	Not Applicable	1.3-9.2
		41-51	Not Applicable	1.1-5.8
		Postmenopausal	Not Applicable	0.6-3.8
		Tanner Stage I	Less than or equal to 3.7	Less than 2.2
		Tanner Stage II	0.3-21	0.4-4.5
		Tanner Stage III	1.0-98.0	1.3-7.5
		Tanner Stage IV	35.0-169.0	1.1-15.5
		Tanner Stage V	41.0-239.0	0.8-9.2



Alprazolam

0090010, ALPR

Specimen Requirements:

Patient Preparation: Timing of specimen collection: <a href="PredosePre-dose">PredosePre-dose</a> (trough) draw

at-At steady state concentration.

Collect: Gray (<u>potassium oxalate/sodium fluoride</u>). <u>Potassium</u>

Oxalate/Sodium Fluoride). Also acceptable: Plain red, green (sodium heparin), lavender Red, Green (Sodium Heparin),

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

Lavender (K2 or K3EDTA) or pink (K2EDTA).

Specimen Preparation: Separate serum or plasma from cells within 2 hours of

collection. Transfer 2 mL serum or plasma to an ARUP

standard transport tube. Standard Transport Tube. (Min: 1 mL)

Transport Temperature: Refrigerated.

Unacceptable Conditions: Gel separator tubes. Plasma or whole blood collected in light

blue (sodium citrate). Hemolyzed specimens.

Remarks:

Stability: After separation from cells: Ambient: 1 week; Refrigerated: 2

weeks; Frozen: 3 years (Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles)

Methodology: Quantitative Liquid Chromatography-Tandem Mass

Spectrometry

Performed: Tue, Fri

Reported: 1-<u>7</u>5 days

Note:

CPT Codes: 80346 (Alt code: G0480)

New York DOH Approval Status: This test is New York DOH approved.

Interpretive Data:

Adverse effects may include somnolence, lightheadedness, light-headedness and muscle tremors.



# Effective November 18, 2013

	Dose-Related Range:
Anxiety	10-40 ng/mL (Dose: 1-4 mg/d)
Phobia & panic	50-100 ng/mL (Dose: 6-9 mg/d)
Toxic	Greater than 100 ng/mL



Clonazepam

0090055, CLON

Specimen Requirements:

Patient Preparation: Timing of specimen collection: Predose Pre-dose (trough) draw

at-At steady state concentration

Collect: Gray (potassium oxalate/sodium fluoride). Potassium

Oxalate/Sodium Fluoride). Also acceptable: Plain red, green (sodium heparin), lavenderRed, Green (Sodium Heparin),

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

Lavender (K2 or K3EDTA) or pink (K2EDTA).

Specimen Preparation: Separate serum or plasma from cells ASAP or within 2 hours of

collection. Transfer 2 mL serum or plasma to an ARUP

standard transport tube. Standard Transport Tube. (Min: 1 mL)

Transport Temperature: Refrigerated.

Unacceptable Conditions: Gel separator tubes. Plasma or whole blood collected in light

blue (sodium citrate). Hemolyzed specimens.

Remarks:

Stability: After separation from cells: Ambient: 1 week; Refrigerated: 2

weeks; Frozen: 3 years (Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles).

Methodology: Quantitative Liquid Chromatography-Tandem Mass

Spectrometry

Performed: Tue, Fri

Reported: 1-75 days

Note:

CPT Codes: 80346 (Alt code: G0480)

New York DOH Approval Status: This test is New York DOH approved.

Interpretive Data:

Adverse effects may include drowsiness, headache, fatigue, and ataxia.

This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by ARUP Laboratories. It has not been cleared or approved by the US Food and Drug Administration. This test was performed in a CLIA certified laboratory and is intended for clinical purposes.



# Effective November 18, 2013



ABORATORIES

### **TEST CHANGE**

# Diazepam and Nordiazepam

0090076, DIAZ

Specimen Requirements:

Patient Preparation: Timing of specimen collection: <a href="PredosePre-dose">PredosePre-dose</a> (trough) draw

at-At steady state concentration

Collect: Gray (<u>potassium oxalate/sodium fluoride</u>). <u>Potassium</u>

Oxalate/Sodium Fluoride). Also acceptable: Plain red, green (sodium heparin), lavender Red, Green (Sodium Heparin),

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

Lavender (K2 or K3EDTA) or pink (K2EDTA).

Specimen Preparation: Separate serum or plasma from cells ASAP or within 2 hours of

collection. Transfer 2 mL serum or plasma to an ARUP

standard transport tube. Standard Transport Tube. (Min: 1 mL)

Transport Temperature: Refrigerated.

Unacceptable Conditions: Gel separator tubes. Plasma or whole blood collected in light

blue (sodium citrate). Hemolyzed specimens.

Remarks:

Stability: After separation from cells: Ambient: 1 week; Refrigerated: 2

weeks; Frozen: 3 years (Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles)

Methodology: Quantitative Liquid Chromatography-Tandem Mass

Spectrometry

Performed: Tue, Fri

Reported: 1-<u>7</u>5 days

Note:

CPT Codes: 80346 (Alt code: G0480)

New York DOH Approval Status: This test is New York DOH approved.

Interpretive Data:

Adverse effects may include drowsiness, fatigue, ataxia, and muscle weakness.



Test Number

Diazepam

Diazepam

Effective November 16, 2015
200-1000 ng/mL - Based on normal dosage amounts

Nordiazepam

Effective November 16, 2015
100-1500 ng/mL - Based on normal dosage amounts
Toxic: Greater than 2500 ng/mL

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

Dose-Related Range:



# Librium and Nordiazepam

0090148, LIB

Specimen Requirements:

Patient Preparation: Timing of specimen collection: <a href="PredosePre-dose">PredosePre-dose</a> (trough) draw

at-At steady state concentration.

Collect: Gray (potassium oxalate/sodium fluoride). Potassium

Oxalate/Sodium Fluoride). Also acceptable: Plain red, green (sodium heparin), lavender Red, Green (Sodium Heparin),

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

Lavender (K2 or K3EDTA) or pink (K2EDTA).

Specimen Preparation: Separate serum or plasma from cells ASAP or within 2 hours of

collection. Transfer 2 mL serum or plasma to an ARUP

standard transport tube. Standard Transport Tube. (Min: 1 mL)

Transport Temperature: Refrigerated.

Unacceptable Conditions: Gel separator tubes. Plasma or whole blood collected in light

blue (sodium citrate). Hemolyzed specimens.

Remarks:

Stability: After separation from cells: Ambient: 1 week; Refrigerated: 2

weeks; Frozen: 3 years (Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles)

Methodology: Quantitative Liquid Chromatography-Tandem Mass

Spectrometry

Performed: Tue, Fri

Reported: 1-<u>7</u>5 days

Note:

CPT Codes: 80346 (Alt code: G0480)

New York DOH Approval Status: This test is New York DOH approved.

Interpretive Data:

Adverse effects may include drowsiness, ataxia, nausea, and constipation.



# Effective November 16, 2015

Components	Therapeutic Range
Librium	500-3000 ng/mL - Dose (Adult): 5- 100 mg Toxic: Greater than 5000 ng/mL
Nordiazepam	100-1500 ng/mL - Based on normal dosages. Toxic: Greater than 2500 ng/mL



### **TEST CHANGE**

## Lorazepam

0090181, LORAZ

Specimen Requirements:

Patient Preparation: Timing of specimen collection: <a href="PredosePre-dose">PredosePre-dose</a> (trough) draw

at-At steady state concentration.

Collect: Gray (potassium oxalate/sodium fluoride). Potassium

Oxalate/Sodium Fluoride). Also acceptable: Plain red, green (sodium heparin), lavenderRed, Green (Sodium Heparin),

Lavender (K2 or K3EDTA) or pink (K2EDTA).

Specimen Preparation: Separate serum or plasma from cells ASAP or within 2 hours of

collection. Transfer 2 mL serum or plasma to an ARUP

standard transport tube. Standard Transport Tube. (Min: 1 mL)

Transport Temperature: Refrigerated.

Unacceptable Conditions: Gel separator tubes. Plasma or whole blood collected in light

blue (sodium citrate). Hemolyzed specimens.

Remarks:

Stability: After separation from cells: Ambient: 1 week; Refrigerated: 2

weeks; Frozen: 3 years (Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles)

Methodology: Quantitative Liquid Chromatography-Tandem Mass

Spectrometry

Performed: Tue, Fri

Reported: 1-<u>7</u>5 days

Note:

CPT Codes: 80346 (Alt code: G0480)

New York DOH Approval Status: This test is New York DOH approved.

Interpretive Data:

Adverse effects may include respiratory depression, sedation, dizziness, weakness, and lethargy.

Reference Interval:

Effective November 18, 2013

Dose-Related 50-240 ng/mL Range: Dose (Adult): 110 mg/d



Toxic: Greater than 300 ng/mL



Clorazepate (Assayed as Nordiazepam)

0090196, CLORAZ

Specimen Requirements:

Patient Preparation: Timing of specimen collection: PredosePre-dose (trough) draw

at-At steady state concentration.

Collect: Gray (<u>potassium oxalate/sodium fluoride</u>). <u>Potassium</u>

Oxalate/Sodium Fluoride). Also acceptable: Plain red, green (sodium heparin), lavender Red, Green (Sodium Heparin),

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

Lavender (K2 or K3EDTA) or pink (K2EDTA).

Specimen Preparation: Separate serum or plasma from cells ASAP or within 2 hours of

collection. Transfer 2 mL serum or plasma to an ARUP

standard transport tube. Standard Transport Tube. (Min: 1 mL)

Transport Temperature: Refrigerated.

Unacceptable Conditions: Gel separator tubes. Plasma or whole blood collected in light

blue (sodium citrate). Hemolyzed specimens.

Remarks:

Stability: After separation from cells: Ambient: 1 week; Refrigerated: 2

weeks; Frozen: 3 years (Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles)

Methodology: Quantitative Liquid Chromatography-Tandem Mass

Spectrometry

Performed: Tue, Fri

Reported: 1-<u>7</u>5 days

Note:

CPT Codes: 80346 (Alt code: G0480)

New York DOH Approval Status: This test is New York DOH approved.

Interpretive Data:

Clorazepate is assayed as nordiazepam. Toxic concentrations may cause central nervous system

depression.



# Effective November 16, 2015

Dose-Related Range:	100-1500 ng/mL based on common dosage amounts
Toxic:	Greater than 2500 ng/mL



Tacrolimus by Tandem Mass Spectrometry 0090612, TACRO

Specimen Requirements:

Patient Preparation: PredosePre-dose (trough) levels should be drawn.

Collect: Lavender (EDTA) or pink (K2EDTA).

Specimen Preparation: Transport 1 mL whole blood. (Min: 0.25 mL)

Transport Temperature: Refrigerated.

Unacceptable Conditions: Serum or plasma. Specimens left at room temperature for

longer than 24 hours. Clotted specimens.

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

Remarks:

Stability: Ambient: 24 hours; Refrigerated: 2 weeks; Frozen: 2 months

Methodology: Quantitative Liquid Chromatography-Tandem Mass

Spectrometry

Performed: Sun-Sat

Reported: <u>1-2 days</u>

Within 24 hours

Note: Tacrolimus (Prograf) whole blood concentrations can be

measured by either chromatographic or immunoassay methodologies. These two methodologies are not directly interchangeable, and the measured tacrolimus whole blood concentration depends on the methodology used. Reference ranges may vary according to the specific immunoassay or HPLC-MS/MS test. Generally, immunoassays have been reported to have a positive bias relative to HPLC-MS/MS assays due to the detection of antibody cross-reactivity with

tacrolimus metabolites.

CPT Codes: 80197

New York DOH Approval Status: This test is New York DOH approved.

Interpretive Data:

Therapeutic range is based on a whole blood specimen drawn 12 hours <u>postdosepost-dose</u> or prior to next dose (the trough). The optimal therapeutic range for a given patient may differ from this suggested range based on the indication for therapy, treatment phase (initiation or maintenance),



use in combination with other drugs, time of specimen collection relative to prior dose, type of transplanted organ, and/or the therapeutic approach of the transplant center.

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by ARUP Laboratories. It has not been cleared or approved by the US Food and Drug Administration. This test was performed in a CLIA certified laboratory and is intended for clinical purposes.

### Reference Interval:

## Effective February 18, 2014

	-
	Therapeutic Range:
Kidney transplant:	0-3 months post- transplant: 7.0- 20.0 ng/mL 3 months and older: 5.0-15.0 ng/mL
Heart transplant:	0-3 months post- transplant: 10.0- 20.0 ng/mL 3 months and older: 5.0-15.0 ng/mL
Liver transplant:	1-12 months post-transplant: 5-20 ng/mL
Toxic value:	Greater than 25 ng/mL



Prazepam (Assayed as Nordiazepam)

0090672, PRAZE

Specimen Requirements:

Patient Preparation: Timing of specimen collection: PredosePre-dose (trough) draw

at-At steady state concentration.

Collect: Gray (potassium oxalate/sodium fluoride). Potassium

Oxalate/Sodium Fluoride). Also acceptable: Plain red, green (sodium heparin), lavender Red, Green (Sodium Heparin),

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

Lavender (K2 or K3EDTA) or pink (K2EDTA).

Specimen Preparation: Separate serum or plasma from cells ASAP or within 2 hours of

collection. Transfer 2 mL serum or plasma to an ARUP

standard transport tube. Standard Transport Tube. (Min: 1 mL)

Transport Temperature: Refrigerated.

Unacceptable Conditions: Gel separator tubes. Plasma or whole blood collected in light

blue (sodium citrate). Hemolyzed specimens.

Remarks:

Stability: After separation from cells: Ambient: 1 week; Refrigerated: 2

weeks; Frozen: 3 years (Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles)

Methodology: Quantitative Liquid Chromatography-Tandem Mass

Spectrometry

Performed: Tue, Fri

Reported: 1-75 days

Note:

CPT Codes: 80346 (Alt code: G0480)

New York DOH Approval Status: This test is New York DOH approved.

Interpretive Data:

Prazepam is not detected in serum due to its rapid metabolism to nordiazepam. Adverse effects may include dizziness, fatigue, drowsiness, ataxia, and weakness. and weakness.

This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by ARUP Laboratories. It has not been cleared or approved by the US Food and Drug Administration. This test was performed in a CLIA-certified laboratory and is intended for clinical purposes.

Reference Interval:



# Effective November 16, 2015



THC Metabolite, Serum or Plasma, Quantitative

0090676, CANNAB SP Specimen Requirements: **Patient Preparation:** Collect: Gray (sodium fluoride/potassium oxalate). Also acceptable: Plain red, green (sodium heparin), lavender (EDTA), or pink (K2EDTA). Specimen Preparation: Separate serum or plasma from cells ASAP or within 2 hours of collection. Transfer 1 mL serum or plasma to an ARUP standard transport tube. Standard Transport Tube. (Min: 0.5) mL) Transport Temperature: Refrigerated. **Unacceptable Conditions:** Separator tubes. Plasma or whole blood collected in light. blue (sodium citrate). Specimens exposed to repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Remarks: Stability: After separation from cells: Ambient: 1 week; Refrigerated: 2 weeks; Frozen: 3 years Methodology: Quantitative Liquid Chromatography-Tandem Mass Spectrometry Performed: Sun, Tue, Thu, Fri-Sat

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

Reported:

1-<u>5</u>4 days

Note:

CPT Codes:

80349 (Alt code: G0480)

New York DOH Approval Status:

This test is New York DOH approved.

Interpretive Data:

Methodology: Quantitative Liquid Chromatography-Tandem Mass Spectrometry

Positive cutoff: 5 ng/mL

For medical purposes only; not valid for forensic use.

The drug analyte detected in this assay, 9-carboxy THC, is a metabolite of delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol (THC). Detection of 9-carboxy THC suggests use of, or exposure to, a



product containing THC. This test cannot distinguish between prescribed or <u>nonprescribed</u>nonprescribed forms of THC, nor can it distinguish between active or passive use. The plasma half-life for 9-carboxy THC metabolite is estimated to range from 4-12 hours.

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by ARUP Laboratories. It has not been cleared or approved by the US Food and Drug Administration. This test was performed in a CLIA certified laboratory and is intended for clinical purposes.

## Reference Interval:

## Effective August 17, 2015



**Everolimus by Tandem Mass Spectrometry** 

0092118, EVEROLIMUS

Specimen Requirements:

Patient Preparation: <u>Predose Pre-dose</u> (trough) levels should be drawn.

Collect: Lavender (EDTA) or pink (K2EDTA).

Specimen Preparation: Transport 1 mL whole blood. (Min: 0.25 mL)

Transport Temperature: Refrigerated.

Unacceptable Conditions: Serum or plasma. Specimens left at room temperature for

longer than 24 hours. Clotted specimens.

Remarks:

Stability: Ambient: 24 hours; Refrigerated: 2 weeks; Frozen: 2 weeks

Methodology: Quantitative Liquid Chromatography-Tandem Mass

Spectrometry

Performed: Sun-Sat

Reported: <u>1-2 days</u>

Within 24 hours

Note: Everolimus (Zortress, Certican, Afinitor) whole blood

concentrations can be measured by either chromatographic or immunoassay methodologies. These two methodologies are not directly interchangeable, and the measured everolimus whole blood concentration depends on the methodology used,

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

and reference ranges may vary according to specific

immunoassay or HPLC/MS/MS test. Generally, immunoassays have been reported to have a positive test bias relative to HPLC-MS/MS assays, due to the detection of antibody cross-

reactivity with everolimus metabolites.

CPT Codes: 80169

New York DOH Approval Status: This test is New York DOH approved.

Interpretive Data:

Everolimus marketed as Zortress is FDA approved for prophylaxis of organ rejection in adult patients receiving a kidney and liver transplant.



Everolimus marketed as Afinitor is FDA approved for the treatment of renal cell carcinoma and for the treatment of subependymal giant cell astrocytoma (SEGA) associated with tuberous sclerosis (TS) in patients who are not candidates for curative surgical resection. The suggested therapeutic range for treatment of SEGA is 5-15 ng/mL, which is based on a predose (trough) specimen.

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

The optimal therapeutic range for a given patient may differ from this suggested range based on the indication for therapy, treatment phase (initiation or maintenance), use in combination with other drugs, time of specimen collection relative to prior dose, type of transplanted organ, and/or the therapeutic approach of the transplant center.

This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by ARUP Laboratories. It has not been cleared or approved by the US Food and Drug Administration. This test was performed in a CLIA certified laboratory and is intended for clinical purposes.

## Reference Interval:

## Effective February 18, 2014

	Therapeutic Range:
Kidney transplant (in combination with Cyclosporine):	3-8 ng/mL
Liver transplant (in combination with Tacrolimus):	3-8 ng/mL
Toxic value:	Greater than 15 ng/mL



## **TEST CHANGE**

Adrenal Steroid Quantitative Panel by HPLC-MS/MS, Serum or Plasma 0092330, ADSTEROID

Specimen Requirements:	
Patient Preparation:	
Collect:	Serum separator tube. Also acceptable: Plain red, pink (K2EDTA), or green (sodium or lithium heparin).
Specimen Preparation:	Separate serum or plasma from cells ASAP or within 2 hours of collection. Transfer 1.2 mL serum or plasma to an ARUP standard transport tube Standard Transport Tube and freeze immediately. (Min: 0.6 mL)
Transport Temperature:	CRITICAL FROZEN. Separate specimens must be submitted when multiple tests are ordered.
Unacceptable Conditions:	Refrigerated or room temperature specimens.
Remarks:	
Stability:	After separation from cells: Ambient: Unacceptable; Refrigerated: Unacceptable; Frozen: 6 months
Methodology:	Quantitative High Performance Liquid Chromatography- Tandem Mass Spectrometry
Performed:	Mon-Fri
Reported:	1- <u>5</u> 4 days
Note:	
CPT Codes:	82634; 83498; 84143; 84140
New York DOH Approval Status:	This test is New York DOH approved.
Interpretive Data:	

This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by ARUP Laboratories. It has not been cleared or approved by the US Food and Drug Administration. This test was performed in a CLIA certified laboratory and is intended for clinical purposes.

Reference Interval:

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Гest Number	Components	Reference Inte	rval	
	11-Deoxycortisol, HPLC-MS/MS			
		Age	Male (ng/dL)	Female (ng/dL)
		Premature (26-28 weeks)	110-1376	110-1376
		Premature (29-36 weeks)	70-455	70-455
		Full Term (1-5 months)	10-200	10-200
		6-11 months	10-276	10-276
		1-3 years	7-202	7-247
		4-6 years	8-235	8-291
		7-9 years	Less than or equal to 120	Less than or equal to 94
		10-12 years	Less than or equal to 92	Less than or equal to 123
		13-15 years	Less than or equal to 95	Less than or equal to 107
		16-17 years	Less than or equal to 106	Less than or equal to 47
		18 years and older	Less than 50	Less than 33
		Tanner Stage I	Less than or equal to 105	Less than or equal to 94
		Tanner Stage II	Less than or equal to 108	Less than or equal to 136
		Tanner Stage III	Less than or equal to 111	Less than or equal to 99
		Tanner Stage IV & V	Less than or equal to 83	Less than or equal to 50
		After metyrapone stimulation	Greater than 8000	Greater than 8000
	17-Hydroxyprogesterone, HPLC-MS/MS			



	Age	Male (ng/dL)	Female (ng/dL)
	Premature (26-28 weeks)	124-841	124-841
	Premature (29-35 weeks)	26-568	26-568
	Full term Day 3	7-77	7-77
	4 days-30 days	Less than 200	7-106
	1 month-2 months	Less than 200	13-106
	3 months-5 months	3-90	13-106
	6 months-1 year	Less than or equal to 148	Less than or equal to 148
	2-3 years	Less than or equal to 228	Less than or equal to 256
	4-6 years	Less than or equal to 208	Less than or equal to 299
	7-9 years	Less than or equal to 63	Less than or equal to 71
	10-12 years	Less than or equal to 79	Less than or equal to 129
	13-15 years	9-140	9-208
	16-17 years	24-192	Less than or equal to 178
	18 years and older	Less than 139	Less than 207
	Follicular	Not Applicable	15-70
	Luteal	Not Applicable	35-290
	Tanner Stage I	Less than or equal to 62	Less than or equal to 74
	Tanner Stage II	Less than or equal to 104	Less than or equal to 164
	Tanner Stage III	Less than or equal to 151	13-209
	Tanner Stage IV-V	20-173	7-170
rdroxypregnenolone Quant, MS/MS,			



	Age	Male (ng/dL)	Female (ng/dL)
	Premature (26-28 weeks)	1219-9799	1219-9799
	Premature (29-36 weeks)	346-8911	346-8911
	Full Term (1-5 months)	229-3104	229-3104
	6-12 months	Less than or equal to 917	Less than or equal to 917
	13-23 months	Less than or equal to 592	Less than or equal to 592
	2-4 years	Less than or equal to 249	Less than or equal to 280
	5-6 years	Less than or equal to 319	Less than or equal to 350
	7-9 years	Less than or equal to 187	Less than or equal to 212
	10-12 years	Less than or equal to 392	Less than or equal to 398
	13-15 years	35-465	Less than or equal to 407
	16-17 years	32-478	Less than or equal to 423
	18 years and older	Less than 442	Less than 226
	Tanner Stage I	Less than or equal to 208	Less than or equal to 235
	Tanner Stage II	Less than or equal to 355	Less than or equal to 367
	Tanner Stage III	Less than or equal to 450	Less than or equal to 430
	Tanner Stage IV & V	35-478	Less than or equal to 412
Pregnenolone			

Age	Male (ng/dL)	Female (ng/dL)
6-12 months	13-327	13-327
13-23 months	12-171	12-171
2-4 years	10-125	15-125
5-6 years	10-156	13-191
7-9 years	13-205	14-150
10-12 years	15-151	19-220
13-15 years	18-197	22-210
16-17 years	17-228	22-229
18 years and older	23-173	15-132
Tanner Stage I	13-156	15-171
Tanner Stage II	12-143	22-229
Tanner Stage III	16-214	34-215
Tanner Stage IV & V	19-201	26-235
	13-23 months 2-4 years 5-6 years 7-9 years 10-12 years 13-15 years 16-17 years 18 years and older Tanner Stage II Tanner Stage III	13-23 months 12-171 2-4 years 10-125 5-6 years 10-156 7-9 years 13-205 10-12 years 15-151 13-15 years 18-197 16-17 years 17-228 18 years and older Tanner Stage I 13-156 Tanner Stage II 12-143



## **TEST CHANGE**

Reference Interval:

11-Deoxycortisol Quantitative by HPLC-MS/MS, Serum or Plasma 0092331, DEOXYCORT

Specimen Requirements:	
Patient Preparation:	
Collect:	Serum separator tube. Also acceptable: Plain red, pink (K2EDTA), plasma separator tube, green (sodium heparin), or green (lithium heparin).
Specimen Preparation:	Transfer 1 mL serum or plasma to an ARUP <u>standard transport</u> <u>tube</u> . Standard Transport Tube. (Min: 0.3 mL)
Transport Temperature:	Refrigerated. Also acceptable: Frozen.
Unacceptable Conditions:	Grossly hemolyzed specimens.
Remarks:	
Stability:	After separation from cells: Ambient: Unacceptable; Refrigerated: 1 week; Frozen: 6 months
Methodology:	Quantitative High Performance Liquid Chromatography- Tandem Mass Spectrometry
Performed:	Mon, Wed, Fri
Reported:	<u>1-8</u> 2-5 days
Note:	
CPT Codes:	82634
New York DOH Approval Status:	This test is New York DOH approved.
Interpretive Data:	

This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by ARUP Laboratories. It has not been cleared or approved by the US Food and Drug Administration. This test was

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performed in a CLIA certified laboratory and is intended for clinical purposes.



## Effective August 19, 2013

Effective August 19, 2013		
Age	Female	Male
Premature (26-28 weeks)	110-1376 ng/dL	110-1376 ng/dL
Premature (29-36 weeks)	70-455 ng/dL	70-455 ng/dL
Full Term (1-5 months)	10-200 ng/dL	10-200 ng/dL
6-11 months	10-276 ng/dL	10-276 ng/dL
1-3 years	7-247 ng/dL	7-202 ng/dL
4-6 years	8-291 ng/dL	8-235 ng/dL
7-9 years	Less than or equal to 94 ng/dL	Less than or equal to 120 ng/dL
10-12 years	Less than or equal to 123 ng/dL	Less than or equal to 92 ng/dL
13-15 years	Less than or equal to 107 ng/dL	Less than or equal to 95 ng/dL
16-17 years	Less than or equal to 47 ng/dL	Less than or equal to 106 ng/dL
18 years and older	Less than 33 ng/dL	Less than 50 ng/dL
Tanner Stage I	Less than or equal to 94 ng/dL	Less than or equal to 105 ng/dL
Tanner Stage II	Less than or equal to 136 ng/dL	Less than or equal to 108 ng/dL
Tanner Stage III	Less than or equal to 99 ng/dL	Less than or equal to 111 ng/dL
Tanner Stage IV & V	Less than or equal to 50 ng/dL	Less than or equal to 83 ng/dL
After metyrapone stimulation	Greater than 8000 ng/dL	Greater than 8000 ng/dL



## **TEST CHANGE**

17-Hydroxyprogesterone Quantitative by HPLC-MS/MS, Serum or Plasma 0092332, OHPRGSTON

Specimen Requirements:	
Patient Preparation:	
Collect:	Serum separator tube Separator Tube (SST). Also acceptable: Plain red, pink Red, Pink (K2EDTA), plasma separator tube Plasma Separator Tube (PST), green (sodium heparin Green (Sodium Heparin), or green (lithium heparin Green (Lithium Heparin)).
Specimen Preparation:	Transfer 1 mL serum or plasma to an ARUP <u>standard transport</u> <u>tube</u> . Standard Transport Tube. (Min: 0.3 mL)
Transport Temperature:	Frozen. Also acceptable: Refrigerated.
Unacceptable Conditions:	Grossly hemolyzed specimens.
Remarks:	
Stability:	After separation from cells: Ambient: 3 Days; Refrigerated: 1 week; Frozen: 6 months
Methodology:	Quantitative High Performance Liquid Chromatography- Tandem Mass Spectrometry
Performed:	Sun-Sat
Reported:	1- <u>5</u> 4 days
Note:	
CPT Codes:	83498
New York DOH Approval Status:	This test is New York DOH approved.
Interpretive Data:	

This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by ARUP Laboratories. It has not been cleared or approved by the US Food and Drug Administration. This test was performed in a CLIA certified laboratory and is intended for clinical purposes.

Reference Interval:

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## Effective August 19, 2013

Effective Augus	St 19, 2013	
Age	Female	Male
Premature (26-28 weeks)	124-841 ng/dL	124-841 ng/dL
Premature (29-35 weeks)	26-568 ng/dL	26-568 ng/dL
Full term Day 3	7-77 ng/dL	7-77 ng/dL
4 days-30 days	7-106 ng/dL	Less than 200 ng/dL
1 month-2 months	13-106 ng/dL	Less than 200 ng/dL
3 months-5 months	13-106 ng/dL	3-90 ng/dL
6 months-1 year	Less than or equal to 148 ng/dL	Less than or equal to 148 ng/dL
2-3 years	Less than or equal to 256 ng/dL	Less than or equal to 228 ng/dL
4-6 years	Less than or equal to 299 ng/dL	Less than or equal to 208 ng/dL
7-9 years	Less than or equal to 71 ng/dL	Less than or equal to 63 ng/dL
10-12 years	Less than or equal to 129 ng/dL	Less than or equal to 79 ng/dL
13-15 years	9-208 ng/dL	9-140 ng/dL
16-17 years	Less than or equal to 178 ng/dL	24-192 ng/dL
18 years and older	Less than 207 ng/dL	Less than 139 ng/dL
Follicular	15-70 ng/dL	Does Not Apply
Luteal	35-290 ng/dL	Does Not Apply
Tanner Stage I	Less than or equal to 74 ng/dL	Less than or equal to 62 ng/dL
Tanner Stage II	Less than or equal to 164 ng/dL	Less than or equal to 104 ng/dL
Tanner Stage III	13-209 ng/dL	Less than or equal to 151 ng/dL
Tanner Stage IV- V	7-170 ng/dL	20-173 ng/dL



Opiates, Serum or Plasma, Quantitative

0092354, OPIS SP

0092354, OPIS SP	
Specimen Requirements:	
Patient Preparation:	
Collect:	Gray (sodium fluoride/potassium oxalate). Also acceptable: Plain red, green (sodium heparin), lavender (EDTA), or pink (K2EDTA).
Specimen Preparation:	Separate serum or plasma from cells ASAP or within 2 hours of collection. Transfer 1 mL serum or plasma to an ARUP standard transport tube. Standard Transport Tube. (Min: 0.5 mL)
Transport Temperature:	Refrigerated.
Unacceptable Conditions:	Separator tubes. Plasma or whole blood collected in light. blue (sodium citrate). Specimens exposed to repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Hemolyzed specimens.
Remarks:	
Stability:	After separation from cells: Ambient: 1 week; Refrigerated: 2 weeks; Frozen: 3 years
Methodology:	Quantitative Liquid Chromatography-Tandem Mass Spectrometry
Performed:	Mon, Wed, Fri
Reported:	1- <u>6</u> 4 days
Note:	
CPT Codes:	80361; 80365 (Alt code: G0480)
New York DOH Approval Status: This test is New York DOH approved.	
Interpretive Data:	
Methodology: Quantitative Liquid	Chromatography-Tandem Mass Spectrometry
Positive cutoff: 2 ng/mL	
For medical purposes only; not va	lid for forensic use.

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

Identification of specific drug(s) taken by specimen donor is problematic due to common

metabolites, some of which are prescriptions drugs themselves. The absence of expected drug(s)



and/or drug metabolite(s) may indicate <u>noncompliance</u>non-compliance, inappropriate timing of specimen collection relative to drug administration, poor drug absorption, or limitations of testing. All drugs covered are the <u>nonglucuronidated</u>non-glucuronidated (free) form. The concentration value must be greater than or equal to the cutoff to be reported as positive. A very small amount of an unexpected drug analyte in the presence of a large amount of an expected drug analyte may reflect pharmaceutical impurity. Interpretive guestions should be directed to the laboratory.

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by ARUP Laboratories. It has not been cleared or approved by the US Food and Drug Administration. This test was performed in a CLIA certified laboratory and is intended for clinical purposes.

#### Reference Interval:

## Effective August 17, 2015

	Drugs Covered	Cutoff Concentrations
	Codeine	2 ng/mL
	Morphine	2 ng/mL
	6-acetylmorphine	2 ng/mL
	Hydrocodone	2 ng/mL
	Hydromorphone	2 ng/mL
ĺ	Oxycodone	2 ng/mL
	Oxymorphone	2 ng/mL



## **TEST CHANGE**

Thyroxine, Free by Equilibrium Dialysis/HPLC-Tandem Mass Spectrometry 0093244 FT4 FD-TMS

0030244, 114 LD 1100				
Specimen Requirements:				
Patient Preparation:				
Collect:	Plain <u>r</u> Red or <u>serum separator tube</u> <u>Serum Separator Tube</u> (SST).			
Specimen Preparation:	Separate from cells or gel ASAP or within 2 hours of collection.			

Transfer 2 mL serum to an ARUP Standard Transport Tube. (Min: 0.3 mL)

Transport Temperature: Refrigerated.

**Unacceptable Conditions:** Plasma.

Remarks:

Stability: After separation from cells: Ambient: 4 days; Refrigerated: 2

weeks; Frozen: 1 month

Methodology: Quantitative Equilibrium Dialysis/High Performance Liquid

Chromatography-Tandem Mass Spectrometry

Performed: Sun, Tue, Thu

Reported: 2-65 days

Note:

**CPT Codes:** 84439

New York DOH Approval Status: This test is New York DOH approved.

Interpretive Data:

Some medications may induce transient changes in FT4 concentrations. This test is not recommended for patients currently on heparin treatment as FT4 concentrations may be falsely elevated. This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by ARUP Laboratories. It has not been cleared or approved by the US Food and Drug Administration. This test was performed in a CLIA certified laboratory and is intended for clinical purposes.

Reference Interval:



# Effective May 16, 2011

Free Thyroxine ng/dL		
Age	Female	Male
25-30 weeks gestation	0.5-3.3 ng/dL	0.5-3.3 ng/dL
31-36 weeks gestation	1.3-4.7 ng/dL	1.3-4.7 ng/dL
Birth to 1 week	2.2-5.3 ng/dL	2.2-5.3 ng/dL
2-3 weeks	0.9-4.0 ng/dL	0.9-4.0 ng/dL
1-5 months	1.1-2.2 ng/dL	1.1-2.2 ng/dL
6 months-6 years	1.4-2.7 ng/dL	1.4-2.7 ng/dL
7 years-17 years	1.1-2.0 ng/dL	1.1-2.0 ng/dL
18 years and older	1.1-2.4 ng/dL	1.1-2.4 ng/dL
Pregnancy, 1{sp:st} Trimester	0.7-2.0 ng/dL	
Pregnancy, 2{sp:nd} Trimester	0.7-2.1 ng/dL	
Pregnancy, 3{sp:rd} Trimester	0.5-1.6 ng/dL	



Sirolimus by Tandem Mass Spectrometry

0098467, RAPAMUNE

Specimen Requirements:

Patient Preparation: <u>Predose Pre-dose</u> (trough) levels should be drawn.

Collect: Lavender (EDTA) or pink (K2EDTA).

Specimen Preparation: Transport 1 mL whole blood. (Min: 0.25 mL)

Transport Temperature: Refrigerated.

Unacceptable Conditions: Serum or plasma. Specimens left at room temperature for

longer than 24 hours. Clotted specimens.

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

Remarks:

Stability: Ambient: 24 hours; Refrigerated: 1 week; Frozen: 2 months

Methodology: Quantitative Liquid Chromatography-Tandem Mass

Spectrometry

Performed: Sun-Sat

Reported: <u>1-2 days</u>

Within 24 hours

Note: Sirolimus (Rapamune) whole blood concentrations can be

measured by either chromatographic or immunoassay methodologies. These two methodologies are not directly interchangeable and the measured sirolimus whole blood concentration depends on the methodology used. Reference ranges may vary according to the specific immunoassay or HPLC-MS/MS test. Generally, immunoassays have been reported to have a positive bias relative to HPLC-MS/MS assays due to the detection of antibody cross-reactivity with

sirolimus metabolites.

CPT Codes: 80195

New York DOH Approval Status: This test is New York DOH approved.

Interpretive Data:

A range of 12-20 ng/mL has been suggested for liver transplant. The optimal therapeutic range for a given patient may differ from this suggested range based on the indication for therapy, treatment phase (initiation or maintenance), use in combination with other drugs, time of specimen collection



relative to prior dose, type of transplanted organ, and/or the therapeutic approach of the transplant center.-

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by ARUP Laboratories. It has not been cleared or approved by the US Food and Drug Administration. This test was performed in a CLIA certified laboratory and is intended for clinical purposes.

## Reference Interval:

## Effective February 18, 2014

	Therapeutic Range:
Kidney transplan (in combination with Cyclosporine):	t 4-12 ng/mL
Toxic value:	Greater than 25 ng/mL

## **TEST CHANGE**

## Androstenedione

2001638, ANDRO TMS

Specimen Requirements:	
Patient Preparation:	Specimen should be collected between 6-10 a.m.
Collect:	Serum separator tube or green (sodium or lithium heparin).
Specimen Preparation:	Transfer 1 mL serum or plasma to an ARUP <u>standard transport tube.</u> Standard Transport Tube. (Min: 0.3 mL) Also acceptable: EDTA plasma.
Transport Temperature:	Refrigerated.
Unacceptable Conditions:	
Remarks:	
Stability:	After separation from cells: Ambient: 24 hours; Refrigerated: 1 week; Frozen: 6 months
Methodology:	Quantitative High Performance Liquid Chromatography- Tandem Mass Spectrometry
Performed:	Sun-Sat
Reported:	1- <u>5</u> 4 days
Note:	
CPT Codes:	82157
New York DOH Approval Status:	This test is New York DOH approved.

This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by ARUP Laboratories. It has not been cleared or approved by the US Food and Drug Administration. This test was performed in a CLIA certified laboratory and is intended for clinical purposes.

Reference Interval:

Interpretive Data:

Deleted Cells



## Effective August 19, 2013

Effective Augus	St 19, 2013	
Age	Female	Male
Premature Infants, 26-28 weeks-Day 4	0.92-2.82 ng/mL	0.92-2.82 ng/mL
Premature Infants, 31-35 weeks-Day 4	0.80-4.46 ng/mL	0.80-4.46 ng/mL
Full-term Infants, 1-7 days	0.20-2.90 ng/mL	0.20-2.90 ng/mL
8-30 days	0.18-0.80 ng/mL	0.18-0.80 ng/mL
1-5 months	0.06-0.68 ng/mL	0.06-0.68 ng/mL
6-24 months	Less than 0.15 ng/mL	0.03-0.15 ng/mL
2-3 years	Less than 0.16 ng/mL	Less than 0.11 ng/mL
4-5 years	0.02-0.21 ng/mL	0.02-0.17 ng/mL
6-7 years	0.02-0.28 ng/mL	0.01-0.29 ng/mL
8-9 years	0.04-0.42 ng/mL	0.03-0.30 ng/mL
10-11 years	0.09-1.23 ng/mL	0.07-0.39 ng/mL
12-13 years	0.24-1.73 ng/mL	0.10-0.64 ng/mL
14-15 years	0.39-2.00 ng/mL	0.18-0.94 ng/mL
16-17 years	0.35-2.12 ng/mL	0.30-1.13 ng/mL
18-39 years	0.26-2.14 ng/mL	0.33-1.34 ng/mL
40 years and older	0.13-0.82 ng/mL	0.23-0.89 ng/mL
Pre-menopausal	0.26-2.14 ng/mL	Does Not Apply
Postmenopausal	0.13-0.82 ng/mL	Does Not Apply
Tanner Stage I	0.05-0.51 ng/mL	0.04-0.32 ng/mL
Tanner Stage II	0.15-1.37 ng/mL	0.08-0.48 ng/mL
Tanner Stage III	0.37-2.24 ng/mL	0.14-0.87 ng/mL
Tanner Stage IV-V	0.35-2.05 ng/mL	0.27-1.07 ng/mL

# An analysis enterprise of the University of Utab and its Department of Pathology Effective Date: November 13, 2023

## **TEST CHANGE**

Dehydroepiandrosterone, Serum or Plasma

2001640, DHEA TMS

Specimen Requirements:	
Patient Preparation:	Collect between 6-10 a.m.
Collect:	Serum separator tube or green (sodium or lithium heparin). Also acceptable: Lavender (EDTA).
Specimen Preparation:	Separate serum or plasma from cells ASAP or within 2 hours of collection. Transfer 1 mL serum or plasma to an ARUP standard transport tube. Standard Transport Tube. (Min: 0.3 mL)
Transport Temperature:	Refrigerated.
Unacceptable Conditions:	
Remarks:	
Stability:	After separation from cells: Ambient: 24 hours; Refrigerated: 1 week; Frozen: 6 months
Methodology:	Quantitative High Performance Liquid Chromatography- Tandem Mass Spectrometry
Performed:	Sun-Sat
Reported:	1- <u>5</u> 4 days
Note:	
CPT Codes:	82626
New York DOH Approval Status:	This test is New York DOH approved.
Interpretive Data:	

This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by ARUP Laboratories. It has not been cleared or approved by the US Food and Drug Administration. This test was performed in a CLIA certified laboratory and is intended for clinical purposes.

Reference Interval:

Deleted Cells



## Effective August 19, 2013

Effective Augus	51 19, 2013	
Age	Female	Male
Premature	Less than 40 ng/mL	Less than 40 ng/mL
0-1 day	Less than 11 ng/mL	Less than 11 ng/mL
2-6 days	Less than 8.7 ng/mL	Less than 8.7 ng/mL
7 days-1 month	Less than 5.8 ng/mL	Less than 5.8 ng/mL
1-5 months	Less than 2.9 ng/mL	Less than 2.9 ng/mL
6-24 months	Less than 1.9 9 ng/mL	Less than 2.5 ng/mL
2-3 years	Less than 0.85 ng/mL	Less than 0.63 ng/mL
4-5 years	Less than 1.03 ng/mL	Less than 0.95 ng/mL
6-7 years	Less than 1.79 ng/mL	0.06-1.93 ng/mL
8-9 years	0.14-2.35 ng/mL	0.10-2.08 ng/mL
10-11 years	0.43-3.78 ng/mL	0.32-3.08 ng/mL
12-13 years	0.89-6.21 ng/mL	0.57-4.10 ng/mL
14-15 years	1.22-7.01 ng/mL	0.93-6.04 ng/mL
16-17 years	1.42-9.00 ng/mL	1.17-6.52 ng/mL
18-39 years	1.33-7.78 ng/mL	1.33-7.78 ng/mL
40 years and older	0.63-4.70 ng/mL	0.63-4.70 ng/mL
Postmenopausal	0.60-5.73 ng/mL	Does Not Apply
Tanner Stage I	0.14-2.76 ng/mL	0.11-2.37 ng/mL
Tanner Stage II	0.83-4.87 ng/mL	0.37-3.66 ng/mL
Tanner Stage III	1.08-7.56 ng/mL	0.75-5.24 ng/mL
Tanner Stage IV-V	1.24-7.88 ng/mL	1.22-6.73 ng/mL



## **TEST CHANGE**

5-a-Dihydrotestosterone by Tandem Mass Spectrometry, Serum

2002349, DHT TMS

Specimen Requirements:	
Patient Preparation:	
Collect:	Plain <u>rRed or serum separator tube</u> Serum Separator Tube (SST).
Specimen Preparation:	Separate serum from cells ASAP or within 2 hours of collection. Transfer 1 mL serum to an ARUP <u>standard transport</u> <u>tubeStandard Transport Tube</u> and freeze immediately. (Min: 0.6 mL)
Transport Temperature:	Frozen.
Unacceptable Conditions:	Hemolyzed or lipemic specimens.
Remarks:	
Stability:	After separation from cells: Ambient: 48 hours; Refrigerated: 5 days; Frozen: 6 months
Methodology:	Quantitative High Performance Liquid Chromatography- Tandem Mass Spectrometry
Performed:	Sun, <u>Wed, Thu, Fri, Tue-</u> Sat
Reported:	1- <u>5</u> 4 days
Note:	
CPT Codes:	82642
New York DOH Approval Status:	This test is New York DOH approved.

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This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by ARUP Laboratories. It has not been cleared or approved by the US Food and Drug Administration. This test was performed in a CLIA certified laboratory and is intended for clinical purposes.

Reference Interval:

Interpretive Data:

Test Number	Components	Reference Interval		
	5-a-Dihydrotestosterone, LC-MS/MS			
		Age	Male (pg/mL)	Female (pg/mL)
		Premature	100.0-530.0	20.0-130.0
		Full Term	50.0-600.0	20.0-150.0
		1 week-6 months	120.0-850.0	Not Applicable
		1 week-9 years	Not Applicable	0.0-49.9
		7 months-9 years	0.0-49.9	Not Applicable
		10-19 years	0.0-533.0	50.0-170.0
		20 years and older	106.0-719.0	24.0-208.0
		Tanner Stage I	1.0-47.6	1.0-64.3
		Tanner Stage II	3.5-397.9	5.5-95.9
		Tanner Stage III	14.8-574.6	11.4-158.3
		Tanner Stage IV-V	44.9-511.8	18.7-193.8



JAK2 Exon 12 Mutation Analysis by PCR

2002357, JAK2 EX12

Specimen Requirements:

**Patient Preparation:** 

Collect: Whole blood or bone marrow (EDTA).

Specimen Preparation: Whole Blood: Do not freeze. Transport 5 mL whole blood. (Min:

1 mL) Bone Marrow: Do not freeze. Transport 3 mL bone

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

marrow. (Min: 1 mL)

Transport Temperature: Refrigerated.

Unacceptable Conditions: Plasma, serum, FFPE tissue blocks/slides, or frozen tissue.

Specimens collected in anticoagulants other than EDTA.

Clotted or grossly hemolyzed specimens.

Remarks:

Stability: Ambient: 24 hours; Refrigerated: 4 days; Frozen: Unacceptable

Methodology: Polymerase Chain Reaction

Performed: Varies

Reported: 3-9 days

Note:

CPT Codes: 81279

New York DOH Approval Status: This test is New York DOH approved.

Interpretive Data:

Refer to report.

This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by ARUP Laboratories. It has not been cleared or approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration. This test was performed in a CLIA-certified laboratory and is intended for clinical purposes.

Reference Interval:

HOTLINE NOTE: There is a component change associated with this test. One or more components have been added or removed. Refer to the Hotline Test Mix for interface build information.



## **TEST CHANGE**

Cytogenomic SNP Microarray - Fetal 2002366 ARRAY FF

2002366, ARRAY FE	
Specimen Requirements:	
Patient Preparation:	
Collect:	Fetal Specimen: Amniotic fluid OR chorionic villi in cytogenetic tissue media (ARUP Supply #32788). If cytogenetic tissue media is not available, collect in plain RPMI, Hanks solution, saline, or ringers.  OR fetal urine, ascites fluid, pleural fluid, cystic hygroma fluid.
Specimen Preparation:	Do not freeze specimen or expose to extreme temperatures. Do not place in formalin. Transport 15-30 mL amniotic fluid in a sterile container OR 5-20 mg CVS in a sterile, screw-top container filled with tissue culture transport medium.  Fetal urine, ascites fluid, pleural fluid, or cystic hygroma fluid: 4-15 mL in sterile tube.
Transport Temperature:	Room temperature (all specimens).
Unacceptable Conditions:	Frozen or fixed specimens.
Remarks:	
Stability:	Ambient: 48 hours; Refrigerated: Acceptable; Frozen: Unacceptable
Methodology:	Genomic Microarray (Oligo-SNP Array)
Performed:	Sun-Sat
Reported:	7-21 days
Note:	Maternal Cell Contamination: Maternal cell contamination studies recommended. For aArray AND amniotic fluid chromosomes, also order Chromosome Analysis, Amniotic fluid (ARUP test code 2002293). For aArray AND CVS chromosomes, also order Chromosome Analysis, Chorionic Villus (ARUP test code 2002291). For maternal cell contamination studies or if submitting maternal blood, order Maternal Cell Contamination, Maternal Specimen (ARUP test code 0050608) accompanied by a test request form for the mother (this test is performed at no charge). For questions regarding ordering please contact

ARUP's genetic counselor at (800-)-242-2787 ext. 2141. A processing fee will be charged if this procedure is canceled, at the client's request, after the test has been set up, or if the



specimen integrity is inadequate to allow culture growth. The fee will vary based on specimen type. Turnaround times may be delayed if specimens are suboptimal or culturing is required prior to testing. This test must be ordered using Cytogenetic test request form 43098 or through your ARUP interface. Please submit the Patient History for Prenatal Cytogenetics form with the electronic packing list (http://ltd.aruplab.com/Tests/Pdf/65).

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

CPT Codes: 81229; 81265 Fetal Cell Contamination (FCC)

New York DOH Approval Status: Specimens from New York clients will be sent out to a New

York DOH approved laboratory, if possible.

Interpretive Data:

## See report.

This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by ARUP Laboratories. It has not been cleared or approved by the US Food and Drug Administration. This test was performed in a CLIA certified laboratory and is intended for clinical purposes.

Counseling and informed consent are recommended for genetic testing. Consent forms are available online.

Reference Interval:

By report



# Pancreatobiliary FISH

2002528, PF REQUEST

2002528, PF REQUEST	
Specimen Requirements:	
Patient Preparation:	
Collect:	Bile or pancreatic duct brushings, biliary stent, or fine needle aspirates of the pancreas in <a href="UroCyteUroVysion FISH">UroCyteUroVysion FISH</a> Collection Kit (ARUP Supply #41440) available online through eSupply using ARUP Connect( <a href="TM">TM</a> ) or contact Client Services at (800) 522-2787. For specific instructions refer to Specimen Collection & Handling.
Specimen Preparation:	Place specimen in Cytolyt or PreservCyt fixative vial. If the specimen is a brushing, submit the brush in the fixative. Specimen should be placed in fixative vial immediately after collection.
Transport Temperature:	Ambient or Refrigerated.
Unacceptable Conditions:	Frozen specimens. Unfixed specimens not collected in Cytolyt or PreservCyt fixative. Specimens submitted in expired collection vials.
Remarks:	Specimen source is required.
Stability:	Ambient: 1 week from collection; Refrigerated: 1 week from collection; Frozen: Unacceptable
Methodology:	Fluorescence in situ Hybridization (FISH)/Computer Assisted Analysis/Microscopy
Performed:	Mon-Fri
Reported:	4-12 days
Note:	The UroVysion Kit (ARUP Supply #41440) is designed to detect aneuploidy for chromosomes 3, 7 and 17via fluorescence in situ hybridization (FISH). Results of this test must be interpreted in conjunction with clinical evidence and other laboratory testing and should not be used alone, as a diagnosis of pancreatobiliary carcinoma.  A positive fluorescence in situ hybridization (FISH) result does not identify location or type of malignancy. FISH abnormalities may be associated with high-grade dysplasia or carcinoma in situ. Cytology and biopsy may help clarify such



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situations.

CPT Codes: 88366

New York DOH Approval Status: Specimens from New York clients will be sent out to a New

York DOH approved laboratory, if possible.

Interpretive Data:

Refer to Report.

Reference Interval:

Negative: No <del>(>=)5 cells</del> Positive with gains of evidence of two or more <u>numeric</u> chromosom chromosomal are present aberrations Equivocal Cells present associated with Tetrasomy with pancreatobiliary tetrasomic or carcinoma tetrasomic identified. signal Positive: patterns <u>Numeric</u> <del>(>=)10 cells</del> chromosomal Trisomy with gains of a single <u>aberrations</u> chromosome associated with (Trisomy 7 or pancreatobiliary Trisomy 3) carcinoma Negative < 5 abnormal <u>identified.</u> present

Deleted Cells



Cytogenomic SNP Microarray 2003414, CMA SNP

Specimen negunements.	Specimen	Requirements:
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**Patient Preparation:** 

Collect: Green (Sodium Heparin). Peripheral blood in green

(sodium heparin) or lavenderrequired. Also acceptable:
Lavender (K2EDTA), cord blood in green (sodium heparin) or
lavender (K2EDTA), or PUBS in green (sodium heparin) or
lavender (K2EDTA). New York State Clients: Green (sodium

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heparin Sodium Heparin) AND Lavender (K2EDTA).

Specimen Preparation: Whole Blood, Cord Blood, & PUBS: Transport 5 mL whole blood.

(Min: 1 mL).) New York State Clients: Transport 4 mL whole blood in the original green (sodium heparinGreen (Sodium Heparin)) tube and 3 mL whole blood in the original Lavender (K2EDTA) tube. (Min: 2 mL sodium heparinSodium Heparin and

2 mL EDTA).

Transport Temperature: Whole Blood, Cord Blood, & PUBS: Room temperature.

Unacceptable Conditions: Clotted specimens.

Remarks:

Stability: Whole Blood, Cord Blood, & PUBS: Ambient: 48 hours;

Refrigerated: 72 hours; Frozen: Unacceptable New York State Clients: Ambient: 1 week; Refrigerated: 1 week; Frozen:

Unacceptable

Methodology: Genomic Microarray (Oligo-SNP Array)

Performed: Sun-Sat

Reported: 10-14 days

Note: This test must be ordered using a Cytogenetic test request

form 43097 or through your ARUP interface. Please submit the Genomic Microarray Patient Clinical Information Form with the electronic packing list (http://ltd.aruplab.com/Tests/Pdf/76).

CPT Codes: 81229

New York DOH Approval Status: Specimens from New York clients will be sent out to a New

York DOH approved laboratory, if possible.



Interpretive Data:

Refer to report. Refer to report.

This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by ARUP Laboratories. It has not been cleared or approved by the US Food and Drug Administration. This test was performed in a CLIA certified laboratory and is intended for clinical purposes.

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

Counseling and informed consent are recommended for genetic testing. Consent forms are available online.

Reference Interval:



# MPL Mutation Detection by Capillary Electrophoresis 2005545, MPL

2000040, WII L	
Specimen Requirements:	
Patient Preparation:	
Collect:	Whole blood or bone marrow (EDTA).
Specimen Preparation:	Whole Blood: Do not freeze. Transport 5 mL whole blood. (Min: 1 mL) Bone Marrow: Transport 3 mL bone marrow. (Min: 1 mL)
Transport Temperature:	Refrigerated.
Unacceptable Conditions:	Plasma, serum, FFPE tissue blocks/slides, or frozen tissue. Specimens collected in anticoagulants other than EDTA. Clotted or grossly hemolyzed specimens.
Remarks:	
Stability:	Ambient: 24 hours; Refrigerated: 5 days; Frozen: Unacceptable
Methodology:	Capillary Electrophoresis
Performed:	Varies
Reported:	7-12 days
Note:	The test will detect MPL mutations W515K, W515L, W515A, and S505N.
CPT Codes:	81338
New York DOH Approval Status:	This test is New York DOH approved.
Interpretive Data:	
Refer to report.	
Reference Interval:	

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

HOTLINE NOTE: There is a component change associated with this test. One or more components have been added or removed. Refer to the Hotline Test Mix for interface build information.



Genomic SNP Microarray, Products of Conception 2005633. ARRAY POC

	2000000,7.11.11.11.1.00
Ī	Specimen Requirements:

**Patient Preparation:** 

Collect: Thaw media prior to tissue inoculation. Products of conception

> in a sterile, screw-top container (<u>w</u>Wide -mouth containers: ARUP supply #42710) filled with tissue culture transport medium (ARUP sSupply #32788). Available online through eSupply using ARUP Connect(TM) or contact ARUP Client Services at (800-)-522-2787. If cytogenetics tissue media is not available, collect in plain RPMI, Hanks solution, sterile saline, or ringers. If autopsy is performed: Facia lata, diaphragm, tendon, skin, tissue from internal organs (if fresh), chest wall cartilage (particularly if macerated) or placenta from fetal side \_ If no autopsy is performed: Placenta from fetal side is preferred (eq,e.g. villi). Also acceptable: Skin (POC), Cord Tissue, Umbilical cord, Decidua, or Achilles tendon.

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

Specimen Preparation: Do not place in formalin. Transport products of conception,

skin (POC), cord tissue, or decidua (min: 5mg) in sterile, screwtop container filled with tissue transport medium. If specimen size is too large for a normal collection tube, a larger sterile container can be used such as a sterile urine cup and can be flooded with several tubes of cytogenetic tissue media.

**Transport Temperature:** Room temperature (fresh tissue or culture flask). Also

acceptable: Refrigerated or frozen.

Unacceptable Conditions: Intact fetus. Specimens preserved in formalin. Specimens

consisting of maternal tissue (decidua) only. Autolyzed or

contaminated specimens.

Skin (POC), Decidua: formalin fixed. Cord Tissue: formalin

fixed, decomposed.

Remarks: If specimen collection time is greater than 72 hours, testing

> may be compromised. The laboratory will make every attempt to culture the specimen. Send specimen to lab for testing. NOTE: Decidua is acceptable but represents maternal rather

than fetal tissue.

Stability: Ambient: 48 hours; Refrigerated: 48 hours; Frozen: Indefinitely

Methodology: Genomic Microarray (Oligo-SNP Array)

Performed: Sun-Sat



Reported:	14-21 days
Note:	A processing fee will be charged if this procedure is canceled, at the client's request, after the test has been set up. This test must be ordered using Cytogenetic test request form #43098 or through your ARUP interface. Please submit the Patient History for Prenatal Cytogenetics form with the electronic packing list (http://ltd.aruplab.com/Tests/Pdf/65).
CPT Codes:	81229

New York DOH Approval Status: Specimens from New York clients will be sent out to a New

York DOH approved laboratory, if possible.

Interpretive Data:

Refer to report.

This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by ARUP Laboratories. It has not been cleared or approved by the US Food and Drug Administration. This test was performed in a CLIA certified laboratory and is intended for clinical purposes.

Counseling and informed consent are recommended for genetic testing. Consent forms are available online.

**Reference Interval:** 



ABORATORIES

# **TEST CHANGE**

Special Stain, Oil Red O 2005978, OIL RED SS

Specimen Requirements:

**Patient Preparation:** 

Collect: Tissue. Also acceptable: Cryostat sections, air-dried cytospin or

air-dried smear slides.

Specimen Preparation: Tissue: Transport 1 g fresh or frozen tissue in a sterile

container. (Min: 0.5 g) Cryostat Sections: Transport 2 frozen cryostat section slides (4-8 micron section). (Min: 1 slide) Airdried Cytospin or Air-dried Smear Slides: Transport 2 slides.

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(Min: 1 slide)

Transport Temperature: Tissue: Refrigerated. Also acceptable: Frozen. Cryostat

Sections: Frozen. Air-dried Cytospin or Air-dried Smear Slides:

Room temperature.

Unacceptable Conditions: Specimens submitted with <u>nonrepresentative</u><del>non-</del>

representative tissue type. Depleted specimens.

Remarks:

Stability: Tissue: Ambient: Unacceptable; Refrigerated: 48 hours; Frozen:

Indefinitely—Cryostat Sections: Ambient: Unacceptable; Refrigerated: Unacceptable; Frozen: Indefinitely Air-dried Cytospin or Air-dried Smear Slides: Ambient: Indefinitely;

Refrigerated: Undefined; Frozen: Undefined

Methodology: Special Stain

Performed: Mon-Fri

Reported: 1-5 days

Note: All stains will be handled as Stain and Return unless a

consultation is requested. To request a consultation, submit the pathology report, all associated case materials (clinical history, blocks, slides, etc.), and the Anatomic Pathology

Requisition Form (#32960).

CPT Codes: 88313

New York DOH Approval Status: This test is New York DOH approved.

Interpretive Data:



Referen	Reference Interval:					
Test Number	Components	Reference Interval				



Thyroglobulin by LC-MS/MS, Serum or Plasma

2006550, THYROG MS

**TEST CHANGE** 

Specimen Requirements:

**Patient Preparation:** 

Collect: Serum separator tube or green (sodium or lithium heparin),

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

pPotassium EDTA

Specimen Preparation: Separate from cells: Transport 1.5 mL serum or plasma. (Min:

0.7 mL)

Transport Temperature: Refrigerated or <u>f</u>Frozen.

Unacceptable Conditions: Samples left ambient for greater than 1 day; gerossly lipemic

samples.

Remarks:

Stability: After separation from cells: Ambient: 1 day; Refrigerated: 1

week; Frozen: 1 year

Methodology: High Performance Liquid Chromatography-Tandem Mass

Spectrometry

Performed: Mon, Wed, Thu, Sat

Reported: <u>2</u>1-6 days

Note:

CPT Codes: 84432

New York DOH Approval Status: This test is New York DOH approved.

Interpretive Data:

Lower limit of detection for thyroglobulin by LC-MS/MS is 0.5 ng/mL.

This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by ARUP Laboratories. It has not been cleared or approved by the US Food and Drug Administration. This test was performed in a CLIA certified laboratory and is intended for clinical purposes.

Reference Interval:



 Age
 Reference Interval

 6 months - 3 years
 7.4 - 48.7 ng/mL

 4 - 7 years
 4.1 - 40.5 ng/mL

 8 - 17 years
 0.8 - 29.4 ng/mL

 18 years and older
 1.3 - 31.8 ng/mL



Drug Profile, Targeted by Tandem Mass Spectrometry and Enzyme Immunoassay, Urine 2007479, PAIN HYB U

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

Specimen Requirements:		
Patient Preparation:		
Collect:	Random urine.	
Specimen Preparation:	Transfer 4 mL each into two (2) ARUP <u>standard transport tubes</u> <u>ofStandard Transport Tubes</u> urine with no additives or preservatives. (Min: 2 mL each)	
Transport Temperature:	Refrigerated.	
Unacceptable Conditions:	Specimens exposed to repeated freeze/thaw cycles.	
Remarks:		
Stability:	Ambient: 1 week (Clonazepam may be unstable at ambient condition beyond three days); Refrigerated: 1 month; Frozen: 1 month	
Methodology:	Qualitative Liquid Chromatography-Tandem Mass Spectrometry/Qualitative Enzyme Multiplied Immunoassay Technique (EMIT)/Qualitative Spectrophotometry	
Performed:	Sun-Sat	
Reported:	1-3 days	
Note:	Creatinine concentration is also provided. The carisoprodol immunoassay has cross-reactivity to carisoprodol and meprobamate.	
CPT Codes:	80326; 80347; 80364; 80355; 80307 (Alt code: G0481)	
New York DOH Approval Status:	This test is New York DOH approved.	
Interpretive Data:		

Methodology: Qualitative Enzyme Immunoassay and Qualitative Liquid Chromatography-Tandem Mass Spectrometry, Quantitative Spectrophotometry

The absence of expected drug(s) and/or drug metabolite(s) may indicate noncompliance, inappropriate timing of specimen collection relative to drug administration, poor drug absorption, diluted/adulterated urine, or limitations of testing. The concentration must be greater than or equal to the cutoff concentration to be reported as present. If specific drug concentrations are required, contact the laboratory within two weeks of specimen collection to request confirmation and



quantification by a second analytical technique. Interpretive questions should be directed to the laboratory.

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Results based on immunoassay detection that do not match clinical expectations should be interpreted with caution. Confirmatory testing by mass spectrometry for immunoassay-based results is available, if ordered within two weeks of specimen collection. Additional charges apply.

For medical purposes only; not valid for forensic use.-

This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by ARUP Laboratories. It has not been cleared or approved by the US Food and Drug Administration. This test was performed in a CLIA certified laboratory and is intended for clinical purposes.

# Reference Interval:

Drugs covered and range of cutoff concentrations. Note: Some drugs are identified based on the presence of unique drug metabolites not listed below.

presence of unique drug meta				
Drugs/Drug Classes	Range of Cutoff Concentrations			
Barbiturates	200 ng/mL			
Benzodiazepine- like: alprazolam, clonazepam, diazepam, lorazepam, midazolam, nordiazepam, oxazepam, temazepam, zolpidem	20 - 60 ng/mL			
Cannabinoids (11- nor-9-carboxy- THC)	50 ng/mL			
Ethyl Glucuronide	500 ng/mL			
Muscle Relaxant(s): carisoprodol, meprobamate	100 ng/mL			
Opiates/Opioids: buprenorphine, codeine, fentanyl, heroin, hydrocodone, hydromorphone, meperidine, methadone, morphine, naloxone, oxycodone, oxymorphone, tapentadol, tramadol	2-200 ng/mL			
GABA analogues: Gabapentin, pregabalin	3,000 ng/mL			



Depoyolidine 25 pg/ml

Phencyclidine (PCP)	25 ng/mL
Stimulants: amphetamine, cocaine, methamphetamine, methylphenidate, MDMA (Ecstasy), MDEA (Eve), MDA, phentermine	50-200 ng/mL



# Metanephrines Fractionated by HPLC-MS/MS, Urine 2007996 METALIBINE

2007 990, WILTA OTTINL	
Specimen Requirements:	
Patient Preparation:	If possible, abstain from medications for 72 hours prior to collection.

Collect: 24-hour or random urine. Refrigerate 24-hour specimen during

collection.

Specimen Preparation: Thoroughly mix entire collection (24-hour or random) in one

container. Transfer a 4 mL aliquot to an ARUP <u>standard</u> <u>transport tube</u>. Standard <u>Transport Tube</u>. (Min: 2.5 mL) A pH lower than 2 can cause assay interference. Record total volume and collection time interval on transport tube and test request form. Specimen preservation can be extended to 1 month refrigerated by performing one of the following: Option 1: Transfer a 4 mL aliquot to an ARUP <u>standard transport</u> <u>tube</u>. Standard <u>Transport Tube</u>. (Min: 2.5 mL) Adjust pH to 2.0-4.0 with 6M HCl. Option 2: Transfer a 4 mL aliquot to an ARUP <u>standard transport Tube</u>.

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containing 20 mg sulfamic acid (ARUP Supply #48098), available online through eSupply using ARUP Connect(TM)or contact ARUP Client Services at (800-)-522-2787. (Min: 2.5 mL)

Transport Temperature: Refrigerated. Also acceptable: Frozen.

Unacceptable Conditions: Specimens preserved with boric acid or acetic acid.

Remarks:

Stability: Ambient: Unacceptable; Refrigerated: 2 weeks (unpreserved), 1

month (preserved); Frozen: 1 month

Methodology: Quantitative High Performance Liquid Chromatography-

**Tandem Mass Spectrometry** 

Performed: Sun-Sat

Reported: 1-<u>5</u>4 days

Note:

CPT Codes: 83835

New York DOH Approval Status: This test is New York DOH approved.



Interpretive Data:

Smaller increases in metanephrine and/or normetanephrine concentrations (less than two times the upper reference limit) usually are the result of physiological stimuli, drugs, or improper specimen collection. Essential hypertension is often associated with slight elevations (metanephrine less than 400 ugug/d and normetanephrine less than 900 ugug/d). Elevated concentrations may be due to intense physical activity, life-threatening illness, and drug interferences.

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Significant elevation of one or both metanephrines (three or more times the upper reference limit) is associated with an increased probability of a neuroendocrine tumor.

Per 24h calculations are provided to aid interpretation for collections with a duration of 24 hours and an average daily urine volume. For specimens with notable deviations in collection time or volume, ratios of analytes to a corresponding urine creatinine concentration may assist in result interpretation.

This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by ARUP Laboratories. It has not been cleared or approved by the US Food and Drug Administration. This test was performed in a CLIA certified laboratory and is intended for clinical purposes.

Reference Interval:



Test Number	Components	Reference Interval		
	Creatinine, Urine - per 24h			
		Age	Male (mg/d)	Female (mg/d)
		3-8 years	140-700	140-700
		9-12 years	300-1300	300-1300
		13-17 years	500-2300	400-1600
		18-50 years	1000-2500	700-1600
		51-80 years	800-2100	500-1400
		81 years and older	600-2000	400-1300
	Metanephrine, Urine - per 24h			
		Age	Male (ug/d)	Female (ug/d)
		0-6 years	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
		7-12 years	45-273	40-209
		13-17 years	56-298	40-209
		18 years and older	55-320	36-229
	Metanephrine, Urine - ratio to CRT			
		Age	ug/g CRT	
		0-3 months	0-700	
		4-6 months	0-650	
		7-11 months	0-650	
		1 year	0-530	
		2-5 years	0-500	
		6-17 years	0-320	
		18 years and older	0-300	
	Normetanephrine, Urine - per 24h			
		Age	Male (ug/d)	Female (ug/d)
		0-6 years	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
		7-12 years	58-670	48-474
		13-17 years	82-553	65-406
		18-29 years	81-667	18 years and older: 95-650
		30 years and older	114-865	Not Applicable
	Normetanephrine, Urine - ratio to CRT			



Age	ug/g CRT
0-3 months	0-3400
4-6 months	0-2200
7-11 months	0-1100
1 year	0-1300
2-5 years	0-610
6-17 years	0-450
18 years and older	0-400





SLC01B1, 1 Variant 2008426, SLC01B1

Specimen Requirements:

**Patient Preparation:** 

Collect: Lavender (EDTA) or pink (K2EDTA), or yellow (ACD Solution A or

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B).

Specimen Preparation: Transport 3 mL whole blood. (Min: 1 mL)

Transport Temperature: Refrigerated.

Unacceptable Conditions: Plasma or serum. Heparinized specimens. Frozen specimens in

glass collection tubes.

Remarks:

Stability: Ambient: 72 hours; Refrigerated: 1 week; Frozen: 1 month

Methodology: Polymerase Chain Reaction (PCR)/Fluorescence Monitoring

Performed: Mon, Thu

Reported: 5-10 days

Note:

CPT Codes: 81328

New York DOH Approval Status: This test is New York DOH approved.

Interpretive Data:

Background Information for SLC01B1, 1 Variant:

Characteristics: Simvastatin is a commonly prescribed hypolipidemic drug used for cholesterol reduction and control. Approximately 1-5 percent of exposed individuals may experience a dose-dependent myopathy (skeletal muscle toxicity). Symptoms may include pain, muscle weakness, and cramps. The organic anion transporter polypeptide 1B1, encoded by *SLCO1B1*, transports active simvastatin acid from the blood stream into the liver. This test detects a common variant that reduces the function of the transporter, resulting in an increased plasma concentration of the drug.

Inheritance: Autosomal co-dominant.

Cause: Simvastatin hypersensitivity reaction is strongly associated with the *SLCO1B1\*5* allele. The mechanism is related to changes in the activity of organic anion-transporter polypeptide 1B1 (OATP1B1). The \*1 allele (normal transporter function) is presumed when the \*5 allele is not detected. One copy of the \*5 allele predicts decreased transporter function; two copies of the \*5 allele predicts poor transporter function.

Allele Tested: SLC01B1\*5 (rs4149056, c.521T>C).



Allele Frequency: Middle Eastern 5 percent, Caucasian 1-3 percent, African 0-2 percent, Asian 0-2 percent, Less than 1 percent in other populations.

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

Clinical Sensitivity: Drug-dependent.

Methodology: Polymerase Chain Reaction (PCR) and Fluorescence Monitoring.

Analytical Sensitivity and Specificity: Greater than 99 percent.

Limitations: Only the targeted *SLCO1B1* variant will be detected. Diagnostic errors can occur due to rare sequence variations. Risk of therapeutic failure or adverse reactions with statins may be affected by genetic and non-genetic factors that are not detected by this test. This result does not replace the need for therapeutic or clinical monitoring.

Please note the information contained in this report does not contain medication recommendations, and should not be interpreted as recommending any specific medications. Any dosage adjustments or other changes to medications should be evaluated in consultation with a medical provider.

This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by ARUP Laboratories. It has not been cleared or approved by the US Food and Drug Administration. This test was performed in a CLIA certified laboratory and is intended for clinical purposes.

Counseling and informed consent are recommended for genetic testing. Consent forms are available online.

Reference Interval:

By report

HOTLINE NOTE: There is a component change associated with this test. One or more components have been added or removed. Refer to the Hotline Test Mix for interface build information.

#### **TEST CHANGE**

Reference Interval:

Corticosterone Quantitative by HPLC-MS/MS, Serum or Plasma 2008456, CORTC

Specimen Requirements:			
Patient Preparation:	A morning specimen is preferred.		
Collect:	Serum separator tube. Also acceptable: Plain red, pink (K2EDTA), plasma separator tube, green (sodium heparin), or green (lithium heparin).		
Specimen Preparation:	Transfer 1 mL serum or plasma to an ARUP <u>standard transport</u> <u>tube.</u> Standard Transport Tube. (Min: 0.3 mL)		
Transport Temperature:	Refrigerated. Also acceptable: Frozen.		
Unacceptable Conditions:	Grossly hemolyzed specimens.		
Remarks:			
Stability:	After separation from cells: Ambient: Unacceptable; Refrigerated: 1 week; Frozen: 6 months.		
Methodology:	Quantitative High Performance Liquid Chromatography- Tandem Mass Spectrometry		
Performed:	Mon, Wed, Fri		
Reported:	<u>1-8</u> 2-5 days		
Note:			
CPT Codes:	82528		
New York DOH Approval Status:	This test is New York DOH approved.		
Interpretive Data:			

This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by ARUP Laboratories. It has not been cleared or approved by the US Food and Drug Administration. This test was

Deleted Cells

performed in a CLIA certified laboratory and is intended for clinical purposes.

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Gestation Time, Age	Reference Interval
Premature (26-28 weeks)	235 - 1108 ng/dL
Premature (29-30 weeks)	Not Established
Premature (31-35 weeks)	150 - 1700 ng/dL
Full Term Newborn, 1-7 days	70 - 850 ng/dL
8-29 days	Not Established
30 days-11 months	80 - 1500 ng/dL
Age, Draw Time	Reference Interval
1-16 years, morning	135 - 1860 ng/dL
1-16 years, evening	70 - 620 ng/dL
17 years and older, morning	130 - 820 ng/dL
17 years and older, evening	60 - 220 ng/dL



#### **TEST CHANGE**

Reference Interval:

11-Deoxycorticosterone Quantitative by HPLC-MS/MS, Serum or Plasma 2008458, DCRN

2000430, DCI IIV			
Specimen Requirements:			
Patient Preparation:			
Collect:	Serum separator tube. Also acceptable: Plain red, pink (K2EDTA), plasma separator tube, green (sodium heparin), or green (lithium heparin).		
Specimen Preparation:	Transfer 1 mL serum or plasma to an ARUP <u>standard transport</u> <u>tube</u> . Standard Transport Tube. (Min: 0.3 mL)		
Transport Temperature:	Refrigerated. Also acceptable: Frozen.		
Unacceptable Conditions:	Grossly hemolyzed specimens.		
Remarks:			
Stability:	After separation from cells: Ambient: Unacceptable; Refrigerated: 1 week; Frozen: 6 months		
Methodology:	Quantitative High Performance Liquid Chromatography- Tandem Mass Spectrometry		
Performed:	Mon, Wed, Fri		
Reported:	<u>1-8</u> 2-5 days		
Note:			
CPT Codes:	82633		
New York DOH Approval Status:	This test is New York DOH approved.		
Interpretive Data:			

This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by ARUP Laboratories. It has not been cleared or approved by the US Food and Drug Administration. This test was

Deleted Cells

performed in a CLIA certified laboratory and is intended for clinical purposes.

Test Number	Components	Reference Interval	
	11-Deoxycorticosterone, HPLC-MS/MS		
		Age	ng/dL
		Premature (26-28 weeks)	20-105
		Premature (29-33 weeks)	Not Applicable
		Premature (34-36 weeks)	28-78
		Full Term Newborn	Elevated at birth; decreases to 7- 49 ng/dL during first week
		1-11 months	7-49
		Prepubertal Children	Less than or equal to 34
		Adults	Less than or equal to 19



#### **TEST CHANGE**

Progesterone Quantitative by HPLC-MS/MS, Serum or Plasma 2008509, PGSN

Specimen Requirements:				
Patient Preparation:				
Collect:	Serum separator tube Separator Tube (SST). Also acceptable: Plain red, pink Red, Pink (K2EDTA), plasma separator tube Plasma Separator Tube (PST), green (sodium heparin Green (Sodium Heparin), or green (lithium heparin Green (Lithium Heparin)).			
Specimen Preparation:	Transfer 1 mL serum or plasma to an ARUP <u>standard transport tube</u> . Standard Transport Tube. (Min: 0.3 mL)			
Transport Temperature:	Refrigerated. Also acceptable: Frozen.			
Unacceptable Conditions:	Grossly hemolyzed specimens.			
Remarks:				
Stability:	After separation from cells: Ambient: 3 Days; Refrigerated: 1 week; Frozen: 6 months.			
Methodology:	Quantitative High Performance Liquid Chromatography- Tandem Mass Spectrometry			
Performed:	Sun-Sat			
Reported:	1- <u>5</u> 4 days			
Note:				
CPT Codes:	84144			
New York DOH Approval Status:	This test is New York DOH approved.			
Interpretive Data:				

This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by ARUP Laboratories. It has not been cleared or approved by the US Food and Drug Administration. This test was performed in a CLIA certified laboratory and is intended for clinical purposes.

Reference Interval:

Deleted Cells



## Effective May 16, 2016

Effective May 1	6, 2016
Age	Males
Less than 1 year	Not Established
1-16 years	Less than or equal to 0.15 ng/mL
17 years and older	Less than or equal to 0.11 ng/mL
Age	Females
Less than 1 year	Not Established
1-10 years	Less than or equal to 0.26 ng/mL
11 years	Less than or equal to 2.55 ng/mL
12 years	Less than or equal to 8.56 ng/mL
13 years	Less than or equal to 6.93 ng/mL
14 years	Less than or equal to 12.04 ng/mL
15 years	Less than or equal to 10.76 ng/mL
16 years	Less than or equal to 12.94 ng/mL
17 years and older	Based on Cycle Days
1-6 days	Less than or equal to 0.17 ng/mL
7-12 days	Less than or equal to 1.35 ng/mL
13-15 days	Less than or equal to 15.63 ng/mL
16-28 days	Less than or equal to 25.55 ng/mL
Post-Menopausal	Less than or equal to 0.10 ng/mL
Pregnancy, First Trimester	6.25 - 45.46 ng/mL
Pregnancy,	15.40 - 52.10



 $A \, nonprofit \, enterprise \, of \, the \, University \, of \, Utah \, \\ and \, its \, Department \, of \, Pathology \,$ 

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

Second Trimester | ng/mL |
Pregnancy, Third | 24.99 - 99.92 |
Trimester | ng/mL |



Babesia Species by PCR

2008665, BABPCR

Specimen Requirements:

**Patient Preparation:** 

Collect: Lavender (EDTA) or Pink (K2EDTA).

Specimen Preparation: Transport 1 mL whole blood. (Min: 0.6 mL)

Transport Temperature: Refrigerated.

Unacceptable Conditions: Serum, plasma, and heparinized specimens.

Remarks:

Stability: Ambient: 24 hours; Refrigerated: 1 week; Frozen: 14 days

month

Methodology: Qualitative Polymerase Chain Reaction

Performed: Sun-Sat

Reported: 1-3 days

Note: This test detects and speciates B. microti. The nucleic acid

from B. duncani, B. divergens, strain MO-1, and strain EU-1 will

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

be detected by this test but cannot be differentiated.

CPT Codes: 87469; 87798

New York DOH Approval Status: This test is New York DOH approved.

Interpretive Data:

A negative result does not rule out the presence of PCR inhibitors in the patient specimen or testspecific nucleic acid in concentrations below the level of detection by this test.

This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by ARUP Laboratories. It has not been cleared or approved by the US Food and Drug Administration. This test was performed in a CLIA certified laboratory and is intended for clinical purposes.

Reference Interval:



Opioid Receptor, mu OPRM1, 1 Variant

2008767, OPRM1

Specimen Requirements:

**Patient Preparation:** 

Collect: Lavender (EDTA), pPink (K2EDTA), or yYellow (ACD sSolution A

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

or B).

Specimen Preparation: Transport 3 mL whole blood. (Min: 1 mL)

Transport Temperature: Refrigerated.

Unacceptable Conditions: Plasma or serum. Heparinized specimens. Frozen specimens in

glass collection tubes.

Remarks:

Stability: Ambient: 72 hours; Refrigerated: 1 week; Frozen: 1 month

Methodology: Polymerase Chain Reaction (PCR)/Fluorescence Monitoring

Performed: Varies

Reported: 5-10 days

Note:

CPT Codes: 81479

New York DOH Approval Status: This test is New York DOH approved.

Interpretive Data:

Refer to report Refer to report

This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by ARUP Laboratories. It has not been cleared or approved by the US Food and Drug Administration. This test was performed in a CLIA certified laboratory and is intended for clinical purposes.

Counseling and informed consent are recommended for genetic testing. Consent forms are available online.

Reference Interval:

By report.

HOTLINE NOTE: There is a component change associated with this test. One or more components have been added or removed. Refer to the Hotline Test Mix for interface build information.





Fragile X (FMR1) with Reflex to Methylation Analysis

2009033, FRAG X PCR

Specimen Requirements:

Patient Preparation:

Collect: Lavender (K2EDTA), pPink (K2EDTA), or yYellow (ACD sSolution

A or B).

Specimen Preparation: Transport 25 mL whole blood. (Min: 1.5 mL)

Transport Temperature: Refrigerated. Also acceptable: Ambient.

**Unacceptable Conditions:** 

Remarks:

Stability: Room Temperature Ambient: 1 week; Refrigerated: 1 month;

Frozen: Unacceptable 6 months

Methodology: Polymerase Chain Reaction/Capillary Electrophoresis

Performed: <u>VariesSun-Sat</u>

Reported: 4-14 days

Note: If a CGG repeat of 100 or greater is detected by PCR and

<u>capillary electrophoresis</u> Capillary Electrophoresis, methylation

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analysis will be added. Additional charges apply.

CPT Codes: 81243; if reflexed, add 81244

New York DOH Approval Status: This test is New York DOH approved.

Interpretive Data:

Refer to report. Background Information for Fragile X (FMR1) with Reflex to Methylation Analysis Characteristics of Fragile X syndrome (FXS): Affected males have moderate intellectual disability, hyperactivity, perseverative speech, social anxiety, poor eye contact, hand flapping or biting, autism spectrum disorders and connective tissue anomalies in males. Females are usually less severely affected than males. FXS is caused by FMR1 full mutations.

Characteristics of Fragile X Tremor Ataxia Syndrome (FXTAS): Onset of progressive ataxia and intention tremor typically after the fourth decade of life. Females also have a 21 percent risk for primary ovarian insufficiency. FXTAS is caused by FMR1 premutations.

Incidence of FXS: 1 in 4,000 Caucasian males and 1 in 8,000 Caucasian females.

Inheritance: X-linked.

Penetrance of FXS: Complete in males; 50 percent in females.

Penetrance of FXTAS: 47 percent in males and 17 percent in females >50 years of age.

Cause: Expansion of the FMR1 gene CGG triplet repeat.



Full mutation: typically >200 CGG repeats (methylated).

Premutation: 55 to approx 200 CGG repeats (unmethylated).

Intermediate: 45-54 CGG repeats (unmethylated).

Normal: 5-44 CGG repeats (unmethylated).

Clinical Sensitivity: 99 percent.

Methodology: Triplet repeat-primed polymerase chain reaction (PCR) followed by size analysis using capillary electrophoresis. Methylation-specific PCR analysis is performed for CGG repeat lengths of >100 to distinguish between premutation and full mutation alleles.

Analytic Sensitivity and Specificity: 99 percent; estimated precision of sizing for intermediate and premutation alleles is within 2-3 CGG repeats.

Limitations: Diagnostic errors can occur due to rare sequence variations. Rare FMR1 variants unrelated to trinucleotide expansion will not be detected. A specific CGG repeat size estimate is not provided for full mutation alleles. AGG trinucleotide interruptions within the FMR1 CGG repeat tract are not assessed.

This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by ARUP Laboratories. It has not been cleared or approved by the US Food and Drug Administration. This test was performed in a CLIA certified laboratory and is intended for clinical purposes.

Counseling and informed consent are recommended for genetic testing. Consent forms are available online.

Phenotype	Number of CGG Repeats
Unaffected	<45
Intermediate	45-54
Premutation	<del>55-200</del>
Affected	<del>&gt;200</del>

Reference Interval:

By report



Drug Profile, Targeted with Interpretation by Tandem Mass Spectrometry and Enzyme Immunoassay, Urine

2009288, PAIN HYB 2				
Specimen Requirements:				
Patient Preparation:	Information on the patient's current medications must be submitted with the order. Include trade name, generic name, dosing frequency, and date of last dose, if known. Alternatively, please indicate if no prescription medication or drugs are being taken.			
Collect:	Random urine.			
Specimen Preparation:	Transfer 4 mL each into two (2) ARUP <u>standard transport tubes</u> <u>ofStandard Transport Tubes</u> urine with no additives or preservatives. (Min: 2 mL each)			
Transport Temperature:	Refrigerated			
Unacceptable Conditions:	Specimens exposed to repeated freeze/thaw cycles.			
Remarks:				
Stability:	Ambient: 1 week (Clonazepam may be unstable at ambient condition beyond three days); Refrigerated: 1 month; Frozen: 1 month			
Methodology:	Quantitative Liquid Chromatography-Tandem Mass Spectrometry/Qualitative Enzyme Multiplied Immunoassay Technique (EMIT)/Quantitative Spectrophotometry			
Performed:	Sun-Sat			
Reported:	1-4 days			
Note:	Creatinine concentration is also provided. The carisoprodol immunoassay has cross-reactivity to carisoprodol and meprobamate.			
CPT Codes:	80326; 80347; 80364; 80355; 80307 (Alt code: G0481)			
New York DOH Approval Status:	This test is New York DOH approved.			
Interpretive Data:				
Methodology: Qualitative Enzyme Immunoassay and Qualitative Liquid Chromatography-Tandem Mass Spectrometry, Quantitative Spectrophotometry				



The absence of expected drug(s) and/or drug metabolite(s) may indicate non-compliance, inappropriate timing of specimen collection relative to drug administration, poor drug absorption, diluted/adulterated urine, or limitations of testing. The concentration must be greater than or equal to the cutoff concentration to be reported as present. If specific drug concentrations are required, contact the laboratory within two weeks of specimen collection to request confirmation and quantification by a second analytical technique. Interpretive questions should be directed to the laboratory.

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Results based on immunoassay detection that do not match clinical expectations should be interpreted with caution. Confirmatory testing by mass spectrometry for immunoassay-based results is available if ordered within two weeks of specimen collection. Additional charges apply.

For medical purposes only; not valid for forensic use.-

This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by ARUP Laboratories. It has not been cleared or approved by the US Food and Drug Administration. This test was performed in a CLIA certified laboratory and is intended for clinical purposes.

#### Reference Interval:

Drugs covered and range of cutoff concentrations. Note: Some drugs are identified based on the presence of unique drug metabolites not listed below.

Drugs/Drug Classes	Range of Cutoff Concentrations
Barbiturates	200 ng/mL
Benzodiazepine- like: alprazolam, clonazepam, diazepam, lorazepam, midazolam, nordiazepam, oxazepam, temazepam, zolpidem	20 - 60 ng/mL
Cannabinoids (11- nor-9-carboxy- THC)	50 ng/mL
Ethyl Glucuronide	500 ng/mL
Muscle Relaxant(s): carisoprodol, meprobamate	100 ng/mL
Opiates/Opioids: buprenorphine, codeine, fentanyl, heroin, hydrocodone, hydromorphone, meperidine, methadone, morphine, naloxone,	2-200 ng/mL



oxycodone, oxymorphone, tapentadol, tramadol GABA analogues: 3,000 ng/mL Gabapentin, pregabalin Phencyclidine 25 ng/mL (PCP) Stimulants: 50-200 ng/mL amphetamine, cocaine, methamphetamine, methylphenidate, MDMA (Ecstasy), MDEA (Eve), MDA, phentermine

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

HOTLINE NOTE: There is a component change associated with this test. One or more components have been added or removed. Refer to the Hotline Test Mix for interface build information.



BORATORIES

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

# **TEST CHANGE**

17-Hydroxyprogesterone 30-Min Quantitative by HPLC-MS/MS, Serum or Plasma 2009478, OHPRGSTN30

Specimen Requirements: **Patient Preparation:** Collect: Serum separator tube. Also acceptable: Plain red, pink (K2EDTA), plasma separator tube, green (sodium heparin), or green (lithium heparin). Specimen Preparation: Transfer 1 mL serum or plasma to an ARUP standard transport tube. Standard Transport Tube. (Min: 0.3 mL) Transport Temperature: Refrigerated. Also acceptable: Frozen. Unacceptable Conditions: Grossly hemolyzed specimens. Remarks: Stability: After separation from cells: Ambient: Unacceptable; Refrigerated: 1 week; Frozen: 6 months Methodology: Quantitative High Performance Liquid Chromatography-**Tandem Mass Spectrometry** Performed: Sun-Sat Reported: 1-<u>5</u>4 days Note: **CPT Codes:** 83498

New York DOH Approval Status: This test is New York DOH approved.

Interpretive Data:

Reference ranges for 17-<u>h</u>Hydroxyprogesterone following stimulation are not well defined, and are dependent on the stimulation method utilized.

This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by ARUP Laboratories. It has not been cleared or approved by the US Food and Drug Administration. This test was performed in a CLIA certified laboratory and is intended for clinical purposes.

Reference Interval:





# 17-Hydroxyprogesterone 60-Min Quantitative by HPLC-MS/MS, Serum or Plasma 2009480, OHPRGSTN60

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

Specimen Requirements:				
Patient Preparation:				
Collect:	Serum separator tube. Also acceptable: Plain red, pink (K2EDTA), plasma separator tube, green (sodium heparin), or green (lithium heparin).			
Specimen Preparation:	Transfer 1 mL serum or plasma to an ARUP <u>standard transport</u> <u>tube.</u> Standard Transport Tube. (Min: 0.3 mL)			
Transport Temperature:	Refrigerated. Also acceptable: Frozen.			
Unacceptable Conditions:	Grossly hemolyzed specimens.			
Remarks:				
Stability:	After separation from cells: Ambient: Unacceptable; Refrigerated: 1 week; Frozen: 6 months			
Methodology:	Quantitative High Performance Liquid Chromatography- Tandem Mass Spectrometry			
Performed:	Sun-Sat			
Reported:	1- <u>5</u> 4 days			
Note:				
CPT Codes:	83498			
New York DOH Approval Status:	This test is New York DOH approved.			
Interpretive Data:				
Reference ranges for 17-hHydroxyprogesterone following stimulation are not well defined and are				

dependent on the stimulation method utilized.

This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by ARUP Laboratories. It has not been cleared or approved by the US Food and Drug Administration. This test was performed in a CLIA certified laboratory and is intended for clinical purposes.

Reference Interval:





Benzodiazepines, Serum or Plasma, Quantitative 2010445, BENZO SP

Specimen Requirements:

Patient Preparation:

Collect: Gray (sodium fluoride/potassium oxalate). Also acceptable:

Plain red, green (sodium heparin), lavender (EDTA), or pink

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(K2EDTA).

Specimen Preparation: Separate serum or plasma from cells ASAP or within 2 hours of

collection. Transfer 2 mL serum or plasma to an ARUP

standard transport tube. Standard Transport Tube. (Min: 1 mL)

Transport Temperature: Refrigerated.

Unacceptable Conditions: Gel separator tubes. Plasma or whole blood collected in light.

blue (sodium citrate). Hemolyzed specimens.

Remarks:

Stability: After separation from cells: Ambient: 1 week; Refrigerated: 2

weeks; Frozen: 3 years (Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles)

Methodology: Quantitative Liquid Chromatography-Tandem Mass

Spectrometry

Performed: Tue, Fri

Reported: 1-<u>7</u>5 days

Note:

CPT Codes: 80346 (Alt code: G0480)

New York DOH Approval Status: This test is New York DOH approved.

Interpretive Data:

Methodology: Quantitative Liquid Chromatography-Tandem Mass Spectrometry.

Positive cutoff: 20 ng/mL unless specified below:

Diazepam 5 ng/mL Alprazolam 5 ng/mL

Alpha-hydroxyalprazolam 5 ng/mL

Clonazepam 5 ng/mL

7-aminoclonazepam 5 ng/mL

For medical purposes only; not valid for forensic use.



Identification of specific drug(s) taken by specimen donor is problematic due to common metabolites, some of which are prescription drugs themselves. The absence of expected drug(s) and/or drug metabolite(s) may indicate <a href="mailto:noncompliance-non-compliance">noncompliance-non-compliance</a>, inappropriate timing of specimen collection relative to drug administration, poor drug absorption, or limitations of testing. The concentration value must be greater than or equal to the cutoff to be reported as positive. Interpretive questions should be directed to the laboratory.

This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by ARUP Laboratories. It has not been cleared or approved by the US Food and Drug Administration. This test was performed in a CLIA certified laboratory and is intended for clinical purposes.

#### Reference Interval:

## Effective November 16, 2015

Drugs Covered	Cutoff Concentrations
Alprazolam	5 ng/mL
Alpha- hydroxyalprazolam	5 ng/mL
Clonazepam	5 ng/mL
Chlordiazepoxide	20 ng/mL
7- aminoclonazepam	5 ng/mL
Diazepam	5 ng/mL
Lorazepam	20 ng/mL
Alpha- hydroxymidazolam	20 ng/mL
Midazolam	20 ng/mL
Nordiazepam	20 ng/mL
Oxazepam	20 ng/mL
Temazepam	20 ng/mL



## CALR (Calreticulin) Exon 9 Mutation Analysis by PCR

2010673, CALR

Specimen Requirements:

Patient Preparation:

Collect: Whole blood or bone marrow (EDTA).

Specimen Preparation: Whole Blood: Do not freeze. Transport 5 mL whole blood. (Min:

1 mL) Bone Marrow: Do not freeze. Transport 3 mL bone

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

marrow. (Min: 1 mL)

Transport Temperature: Refrigerated.

Unacceptable Conditions: Plasma, serum, FFPE tissue blocks/slides, or frozen tissue.

Specimens collected in anticoagulants other than EDTA.

Clotted or grossly hemolyzed specimens.

Remarks:

Stability: Ambient: 24 hours; Refrigerated: 5 days; Frozen: Unacceptable

Methodology: Capillary Electrophoresis

Performed: Varies

Reported: 2-9 days

Note:

CPT Codes: 81219

New York DOH Approval Status: This test is New York DOH approved.

Interpretive Data:

Refer to report.

Reference Interval:



# Hepatitis C Virus Antibody by CIA with Reflex to HCV by Quantitative NAAT 2010784 HCV AB OB

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

2010784, HCV AB QR	
Specimen Requirements:	
Patient Preparation:	
Collect:	Serum Separator Tube (SST). Also acceptable: Lavender (EDTA) or Pink (K2EDTA).
Specimen Preparation:	Separate from cells within 6 hours of collection. Transfer 2.5 mL serum or plasma to an ARUP Standard Transport Tube. (Min: 1.5 mL)  This test requires a dedicated transport tube submitted only for HCV AB QR testing.
Transport Temperature:	Frozen.
Unacceptable Conditions:	Specimens containing particulate material. Severely hemolyzed, heat-inactivated, or lipemic specimens. Heparinized plasma.
Remarks:	
Stability:	After separation from cells: Ambient: 24 hours Unacceptable; Refrigerated: 5 days; Frozen: 2 months (avoid freeze/thaw cycles)
Methodology:	Qualitative Chemiluminescent Immunoassay (CLIA)  /Quantitative Transcription-Mediated Amplification (TMA)
Performed:	Sun-Sat
Reported:	1-2 days
Note:	If the anti-HCV screening result is low positive or high positive, the Hepatitis C Virus by Quantitative NAAT will be added. Additional charges apply.
CPT Codes:	86803; if reflexed, add 87522
New York DOH Approval Status:	This test is New York DOH approved.
Interpretive Data:	

This assay should not be used for blood donor screening, associated re-entry protocols, or for screening Human Cell, Tissues, and Cellular and Tissue-Based Products (HCT/P).



Components Interpretation

Hepatitis C 0.79 IV or less
Antibody by CIA Negative 0.80 to
Index 0.99 IV Equivocal
1.00 to 10.99 IV
Low Positive
11.00 IV or
greater High
Positive

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

## Reference Interval:

Test Number	•	Reference Interval
	Hepatitis C Antibody by CIA Interp	Negative



Fentanyl and Metabolite, Serum or Plasma, Quantitative 2011776, CDCO FNSP

Specimen Requirements:

**Patient Preparation:** 

Collect: Plain red, lavender Red, Lavender (K2EDTA), Lavender

(K3EDTA), green (sodium heparin), gray (potassium oxalate/sodium fluorideGreen (Sodium Heparin), Gray (Potassium Oxalate/Sodium Fluoride), or pPink (K2EDTA).

Specimen Preparation: Separate from cells ASAP or within 2 hours of collection.

Transfer 4 mL serum or plasma to an ARUP standard transport

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tube. Standard Transport Tube. (Min: 2 mL)

Transport Temperature: Refrigerated.

Unacceptable Conditions: Whole blood. Serum separator tubes, light blue (sodium

<u>citrateLight Blue (Sodium Citrate</u>), or <u>p</u>Plasma separator tubes.

Specimens exposed to repeated freeze/thaw cycles.

Remarks:

Stability: Ambient: 1 week; Refrigerated: 2 weeks; Frozen: 3 years

Methodology: Quantitative Liquid Chromatography-Tandem Mass

Spectrometry

Performed: Tue, Thu, Sat

Reported: 1-84 days

Note:

CPT Codes: 80354 (Alt code: G0480)

New York DOH Approval Status: This test is New York DOH approved.

Interpretive Data:

Methodology: Quantitative Liquid Chromatography-Tandem Mass Spectrometry

Positive cutoff: 0.1 ng/mL

For medical purposes only; not valid for forensic use.

The absence of expected drug(s) and/or drug metabolite(s) may indicate <u>noncompliance</u>non-<u>compliance</u>, inappropriate timing of specimen collection relative to drug administration, poor drug absorption, or limitations of testing. The concentration value must be greater than or equal to the



cutoff to be reported as positive. Interpretive questions should be directed to the laboratory.

This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by ARUP Laboratories. It has not been cleared or approved by the US Food and Drug Administration. This test was performed in a CLIA certified laboratory and is intended for clinical purposes.

## Reference Interval:

## Effective August 17, 2015

Drugs Covered	Cutoff Concentrations
	0.1 ng/mL
Norfentanyl	0.1 ng/mL



# Dihydropyrimidine Dehydrogenase (DPYD), 3 Variants 2012166, DPYD

Specimen Requirements:	
Patient Preparation:	
Collect:	Lavender (EDTA), pink (K2EDTA), or yellow (ACD Solution A or B).
Specimen Preparation:	Transport 3 mL whole blood. (Min: 1 mL)
Transport Temperature:	Refrigerated.
Unacceptable Conditions:	Plasma or serum. Heparinized specimens. Frozen specimens in glass collection tubes.
Remarks:	
Stability:	Ambient: 72 hours; Refrigerated: 1 week; Frozen: 1 month.
Methodology:	Polymerase Chain Reaction (PCR)/Fluorescence Monitoring
Performed:	<u>Varies</u> Mon, Thu
Reported:	5-10 days
Note:	
CPT Codes:	81232
New York DOH Approval Status:	This test is New York DOH approved.
Interpretive Data:	

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by ARUP Laboratories. It has not been cleared or approved by the US Food and Drug Administration. This test was performed in a CLIA certified laboratory and is intended for clinical purposes.

Counseling and informed consent are recommended for genetic testing. Consent forms are available online.

Reference Interval:

Refer to report-





Barbiturates, Serum or Plasma, Quantitative

2012201, BARBS SP

2012201, BARBS SP		
Specimen Requirements:		
Patient Preparation:		
Collect:	Gray (sodium fluoride/potassium oxalate). Also acceptable: Plain red, green (sodium heparin), lavender (EDTA), or pink (K2EDTA).	
Specimen Preparation:	Separate serum or plasma from cells ASAP or within 2 hours of collection. Transfer 3.5 mL serum or plasma to an ARUP standard transport tube. Standard Transport Tube. (Min: 1.5 mL)	
Transport Temperature:	Refrigerated.	
Unacceptable Conditions:	Separator tubes. Plasma or whole blood collected in light. blue (sodium citrate). Specimens exposed to repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Hemolyzed specimens.	
Remarks:		
Stability:	After separation from cells: Ambient: 1 week; Refrigerated: 2 weeks; Frozen: 3 years	
Methodology:	Quantitative Gas Chromatography-Mass Spectrometry/Quantitative Liquid Chromatography-Tandem Mass Spectrometry	
Performed:	Tue, Thu, Sat	
Reported:	1- <u>7</u> 4 days	
Note:		
CPT Codes:	80345 (Alt code: G0480)	
New York DOH Approval Status:	This test is New York DOH approved.	
Interpretive Data:		
Methodology: Quantitative Gas Chromatography-Mass Spectrometry/Quantitative Liquid Chromatography-Tandem Mass Spectrometry.		
Positive cutoff: 50 ng/mL		

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

For medical purposes only; not valid for forensic use.



The absence of expected drug(s) and/or drug metabolite(s) may indicate <u>noncompliance</u>non-compliance, inappropriate timing of specimen collection relative to drug administration, poor drug absorption, or limitations of testing. The concentration value must be greater than or equal to the cutoff to be reported as positive. Interpretive questions should be directed to the laboratory.

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by ARUP Laboratories. It has not been cleared or approved by the US Food and Drug Administration. This test was performed in a CLIA certified laboratory and is intended for clinical purposes.

#### Reference Interval:

Drugs Covered	Cutoff Concentrations
Butalbital	50 ng/mL
Pentobarbital	50 ng/mL
Phenobarbital	50 ng/mL



Buprenorphine and Metabolites, Serum or Plasma, Quantitative 2012647, BUPRSP

Specimen Requirements:		
Patient Preparation:		
Collect:	Gray (sodium fluoride/potassium oxalate). Also acceptable: Plain red, green (sodium heparin), lavender (EDTA), or pink (K2EDTA).	
Specimen Preparation:	Separate serum or plasma from cells ASAP or within 2 hours of collection. Transfer 2 mL serum or plasma to an ARUP standard transport tube. Standard Transport Tube. (Min: 1 mL)	
Transport Temperature:	Refrigerated.	
Unacceptable Conditions:	Separator tubes. Plasma or whole blood collected in light- blue (sodium citrate). Specimens exposed to repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Hemolyzed specimens.	
Remarks:		
Stability:	After separation from cells: Ambient: 1 week; Refrigerated: 2 weeks; Frozen: 3 years	
Methodology:	Quantitative Liquid Chromatography-Tandem Mass Spectrometry	
Performed:	Tue, Fri	
Reported:	1- <del><u>7</u>5</del> days	
Note:		
CPT Codes:	80348 (Alt code: G0480)	
New York DOH Approval Status:	This test is New York DOH approved.	
Interpretive Data:		
Methodology: Quantitative Liquid Chromatography-Tandem Mass Spectrometry		
Positive cutoff: 1 ng/mL		
For medical purposes only; not valid for forensic use.		

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

The presence of metabolite(s) without parent drug may indicate use of parent drug during the prior week. The absence of expected drug(s) and/or drug metabolite(s) may indicate <a href="mailto:noncompliance">noncompliance</a> noncompliance noncompliance, inappropriate timing of specimen collection relative to drug administration, poor drug



absorption, or limitations of testing. The concentration value must be greater than or equal to the cutoff to be reported as positive. Interpretive questions should be directed to the laboratory.

This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by ARUP Laboratories. It has not been cleared or approved by the US Food and Drug Administration. This test was performed in a CLIA certified laboratory and is intended for clinical purposes.

## Reference Interval:

## Effective February 16, 2016

Drugs Covered	Cutoff Concentrations
Buprenorphine	1 ng/mL
Norbuprenorphin	e 1 ng/mL



Zolpidem, Serum or Plasma, Quantitative

2012652, ZOLPID SP	
Specimen Requirements:	
Patient Preparation:	
Collect:	Gray (sodium fluoride/potassium oxalate). Also acceptable:

Specimen Preparation: Separate serum or plasma from cells ASAP or within 2 hours of

(K2EDTA).

collection. Transfer 2 mL serum or plasma to an ARUP

Plain red, green (sodium heparin), lavender (EDTA), or pink

standard transport tube. Standard Transport Tube. (Min: 1 mL)

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

Transport Temperature: Room temperature.

Unacceptable Conditions: Gel separator tubes. Plasma or whole blood collected in light-

blue (sodium citrate). Hemolyzed specimens.

Remarks:

Stability: After separation from cells: Ambient: 1 week; Refrigerated: 1

month; Frozen: 3 years (Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles)

Methodology: Quantitative Liquid Chromatography-Tandem Mass

Spectrometry

Performed: Tue, Fri

Reported: 1-<u>7</u>5 days

Note:

CPT Codes: 80368 (Alt code: G0480)

New York DOH Approval Status: This test is New York DOH approved.

Interpretive Data:

Methodology: Quantitative Liquid Chromatography-Tandem Mass Spectrometry

Drugs covered: zolpidem

Positive cutoff: 20 ng/mL

For medical purposes only; not valid for forensic use.

The absence of expected drug may indicate <u>noncompliance</u>non-compliance, inappropriate timing of specimen collection relative to drug administration, poor drug absorption, diluted/adulterated urine, or limitations of testing. The concentration value must be greater than or equal to the cutoff



to be reported as positive. Interpretive questions should be directed to the laboratory.

This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by ARUP Laboratories. It has not been cleared or approved by the US Food and Drug Administration. This test was performed in a CLIA certified laboratory and is intended for clinical purposes.

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

Reference Interval:



Spinal Muscular Atrophy (SMA) Copy Number Analysis 2013436, SMA DD

Specimen Requirements:

**Patient Preparation:** 

Collect: Lavender (EDTA), pPink (K2EDTA), or yYellow (ACD solution A

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

or B).

Specimen Preparation: Transport 23 mL whole blood. (Min: 12 mL)

Transport Temperature: Refrigerated. Also acceptable: Ambient.

**Unacceptable Conditions:** 

Remarks:

Stability: Room Temperature Ambient: 1 week; Refrigerated: 1 month;

Frozen: Unacceptable 6 months.

Methodology: Multiplex Ligation-<u>D</u>dependent Probe Amplification (MLPA)

Performed: Varies

Reported: 7-14 days

Note:

CPT Codes: 81329

New York DOH Approval Status: This test is New York DOH approved.

Interpretive Data:

Refer to report. Background information for Spinal Muscular Atrophy (SMA) Copy Number Analysis Characteristics: Spinal muscular atrophy (SMA) is the most common lethal genetic disease in children, and is characterized by progressive muscle weakness due to degeneration of the lower motor neurons. Onset ranges from before birth to adulthood and severity is highly variable. Individuals with SMA have no functioning copies of the SMN1 gene. Most (95 percent) have homozygous loss of SMN1 due to deletion or gene conversion, while a minority (5 percent) have a deletion of SMN1 on one chromosome and a SMN1 sequence variant on the other. The SMN2 gene, adjacent and highly homologous to SMN1, produces lower levels of survival motor neuron protein compared to SMN1. Disease severity has been shown to be modified by SMN2 gene copy number in some cases, though phenotype cannot be predicted with certainty. An SMN1 variant, c.\*3+80T>G (rs143838139), that is part of a haplotype associated with SMN1 duplication in silent carriers (2 copies of SMN1 on one chromosome and no copies on the other), particularly in Ashkenazi Jews, increases the likelihood that 2 copies of SMN1 are on the same chromosome.

Inheritance: Autosomal recessive.

Cause: Pathogenic variants in the SMN1 gene.

Variants Tested: For copy number: SMN1 (NM\_000344.3) exon 7 c.840C and exon 8 c.\*239G, and



SMN2 (NM\_017411.3) exon 7 c.840T. For haplotype associated with SMN1 duplication (silent carriers): SMN1 c.\*3+80T>G (rs143838139).

Clinical sensitivity: 95-98 percent in individuals affected with SMA. Detection rate for carrier screening is 90 percent in African Americans, 93 percent in Ashkenazi Jewish, 93 percent in Asians, 95 percent in Caucasians, and 93 percent in Hispanics.

Methodology: Multiplex probe ligation-dependent amplification (MLPA) to detect *SMN1* and *SMN2* copy number and presence or absence of the *SMN1* linked variant c.\*3+80T>G (rs143838139). Analytical sensitivity and specificity: 99 percent.

Limitations: Diagnostic errors can occur due to rare sequence variations. Single base pair substitutions, small deletions/duplications, regulatory region mutations, and deep intronic mutations will not be detected. This test is unable to determine chromosomal phase of *SMN1* or *SMN2* copies. Even if the linked variant associated with *SMN1* duplication is detected, the test cannot definitively differentiate between 1+ copies of *SMN1* on each chromosome from 2+ copies of *SMN1* on one chromosome and none on the other (silent carriers).

This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by ARUP Laboratories. It has not been cleared or approved by the US Food and Drug Administration. This test was performed in a CLIA certified laboratory and is intended for clinical purposes.

Counseling and informed consent are recommended for genetic testing. Consent forms are available online.

Reference Interval:		
By report		



## Zika Virus IgM Antibody Capture (MAC), by ELISA 2013942, ZIKA M

2010342, 21101111	
Specimen Requirements:	
Patient Preparation:	
Collect:	Serum <u>separator tube</u> Separator Tube (SST).
Specimen Preparation:	Separate from cells ASAP or within 2 hours of collection.  Transfer 2 mL serum to an ARUP <u>standard transport</u> <u>tubeStandard Transport Tube</u> . (Min: 1.0 mL) Parallel testing is preferred and convalescent specimens must be received within 30 days from receipt of the acute specimens. Mark specimen plainly as "acute or convalescent."
Transport Temperature:	Refrigerated.
Unacceptable Conditions:	Bacterially contaminated, heat-inactivated, hemolyzed, icteric, lipemic, or turbid specimens.
Remarks:	Submit patient history.
Stability:	After separation from cells: Ambient: 48 hours; Refrigerated: 2 weeks; Frozen: 1 year (avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles)
Methodology:	Semi-Quantitative Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay
Performed:	Mon, <del>Wed,</del> Fri
Reported:	1-6 days
Note:	
CPT Codes:	86794
New York DOH Approval Status:	This test is New York DOH approved.
Interpretive Date	

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

Interpretive Data:

The possibility of false-positive or false-negative results must be considered. RT-PCR testing on both a serum and urine specimen is recommended by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) to rule out false-negative IqM results in patients experiencing symptoms for less than 2 weeks. Specimens collected for IgM testing greater than or equal to 2 weeks after symptom onset do not require any additional testing. For more information, please review the current clinical guidelines for Zika virus testing at: www.cdc.gov/zika/.

Reference Interval:

Negative



TORIES

Effective Date: November 13, 2023



Refer to report.

available online.

## Platelet Antigen Genotyping Panel

3000193, HPA GENO

3000133, TIFA GLNO	
Specimen Requirements:	
Patient Preparation:	
Collect:	Lavender (EDTA), <u>p</u> Pink (K2EDTA <del>), or Yellow (ACD Solution A or</del> В).
Specimen Preparation:	Whole blood: Transport 3 mL whole blood. (Min: 1 mL)
Transport Temperature:	Whole blood specimen: Refrigerated.
Unacceptable Conditions:	Yellow (ACD solution A or B); frozen Frozen specimens in glass collection tubes.
Remarks:	
Stability:	Whole blood specimen: Ambient: 72 hours; Refrigerated: 1 week; Frozen: 1 month
Methodology:	Polymerase Chain Reaction (PCR)/Fluorescence Monitoring
Performed:	Varies
Reported:	7-14 days
Note:	
CPT Codes:	81105; 81106; 81107; 81108; 81109; 81110; 81112
New York DOH Approval Status:	This test is New York DOH approved.
Interpretive Data:	

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

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Counseling and informed consent are recommended for genetic testing. Consent forms are



## PA 1-6, 15 Polymorphism

HPA 1	Т	0
		C
HPA 2	С	Т
НРА 3	Т	G
HPA 4	G	A
HPA 5	G	A
HPA 6	G	A
HPA 15	С	A

Reference Interval:



**NEW TEST – Available Now** 

Click for Pricing

AAV5 Detect CDxTM -AAV5 Total Antibody Assay for ROCTAVIAN (valoctocogene roxaparvovec-rvox) Eligibility in Hemophilia A

3000959, AAV5 TAB

Specimen	Requirements:

**Patient Preparation:** 

Collect: 3.2% sodium citrate

Specimen Preparation: Separate from cells ASAP or within 72 hours of collection.

Transfer 1 mL plasma to an ARUP standard transport tube.

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

(Min: 0.5 mL)

Transport Temperature: Critical frozen

Unacceptable Conditions: Hemolyzed specimens and lipemic specimens

Remarks: Ship frozen specimens to ARUP as soon as possible. Collection

Instructions: Collect the patient's whole blood in a 3.2% sodium citrate tube. Samples that exceed 7.3% sodium citrate cannot be evaluated and may require patient redraw. NOTE: When drawing blood for the AAV5 DetectCDx test, universal

precautions for bloodborne pathogens should be observed. Centrifuge the specimen and separate the plasma within 72 hours of collection. Refer to your manufacturer's manual for recommended centrifuge speed and duration. Transfer 1 mL (minimum: 0.5 mL) of plasma into a polypropylene pour-off (transport) tube. Sample stability for the AAV5 DetectCDx has not been evaluated in tube types other than the ARUP transport

tube (polypropylene). Failure to provide sufficient volume may result in the need for patient redraw. Label the transport tube with the patients first and last name, date of birth, and sex. Freeze plasma specimen at -10C or below. Ship frozen plasma

specimens to ARUP as soon as possible. NOTE: Plasma specimens must be frozen before they are shipped to ARUP

Laboratories.

Stability: Frozen (-10 or colder): Acceptable, Refrigerated: Unacceptable,

Ambient: Unacceptable

Methodology: Qualitative Electrochemiluminescent Immunoassay (ECLIA)

Performed: Mon-Fri

Reported: 8-10 days



Note:

Test validated for male patients only. 1. AAV5 DetectCDx is offered at no cost to evaluate eligibility for an FDA-approved indication. While the assay is provided at no cost, any other expenses, charges, services, costs, materials, or lab work that are not provided by ARUP are not covered under this program. No patient, private health plan, government health program, or any other individual or entity shall be billed for this serotype test and no reimbursement will be sought for any tests or materials provided at no cost in connection with such test. Access to the test at no cost is not contingent upon the recommendation, ordering, prescription, or purchase of any other product or service. 2. The test should be ordered using the ARUP test requisition form or via ARUP's web-based ordering interface (available only to existing ARUP clients). The full name of the ordering physician must be included on the ARUP form to ensure timely testing of the specimen. Specimens submitted with incomplete information may delay specimen testing. 3. To send a specimen to ARUP, contact your local hospital/reference lab to determine if they are an ARUP client and can send the specimen. If they cannot send the specimens to ARUP, contact ARUP Client Services at 800-522-2787 to be directed to an alternative ordering mechanism.

CPT Codes:

New York DOH Approval Status: This test is New York DOH approved.

Interpretive Data:

The AAV5 Total Antibody Assay is indicated as an aid in the selection of adult hemophilia A patients for whom valoctocogene roxaparvovec treatment is being considered. Patients who have a result of Detected are not eligible for treatment with valoctocogene roxaparvovec; patients who have a result of Not Detected are eligible for treatment with valoctocogene roxaparvovec.

Reference Interval:

HOTLINE NOTE: Refer to the Hotline Test Mix for interface build information.



## Red Blood Cell Antigen Genotyping

3001053, RBC GENO

Specimen Requirements:

**Patient Preparation:** 

Collect: Lavender (EDTA), Pink (K2EDTA), or Yellow (ACD Solution A or

₽).

Specimen Preparation: Genotyping: Transport 3 mL whole blood. (Min: 1 mL)

Transport Temperature: Whole blood: Refrigerated

Unacceptable Conditions: Yellow (ACD solution A or B); plasmaPlasma or serum.

Ceollection of specimens in sodium heparin tubes. Frozen

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

specimens in glass collection tubes.

Remarks:

Stability: Whole blood specimen: Ambient: 72 hours; Refrigerated: 1

week; Frozen: 1 month.

Methodology: Polymerase Chain Reaction (PCR)/Fluorescence Monitoring

Performed: Varies

Reported: 3-10 days

Note:

CPT Codes: 0001U

New York DOH Approval Status: This test is New York DOH approved.

Interpretive Data:

Refer to report.

Counseling and informed consent are recommended for genetic testing. Consent forms are

available online.

Reference Interval:



CYP2C8, CYP2C9, and CYP2C cluster

3001501, 2C8/2C9

Specimen Requirements:

Patient Preparation:

Collect: Lavender (EDTA), pink (K2EDTA), or yellow (ACD solution A or

B).

Specimen Preparation: Transport 3 mL whole blood. (Min: 1 mL)

Transport Temperature: Refrigerated.

Unacceptable Conditions: Plasma or serum. Specimens collected in sodium heparin or

lithium heparin. Frozen specimens in glass collection tubes.

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

Remarks:

Stability: Ambient: 72 hours; Refrigerated: 1 week; Frozen: 1 month

Methodology: Polymerase Chain Reaction (PCR)/Fluorescence Monitoring

Performed: Varies

Reported: 5-10 days

Note: Whole blood is the preferred specimen. Saliva samples that

yield inadequate DNA quality and/or quantity will be reported as inconclusive if test performance does not meet laboratory-

determined criteria for reporting.

CPT Codes: 81227; 81479

New York DOH Approval Status: This test is New York DOH approved.

Interpretive Data:

Refer to report

This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by ARUP Laboratories. It has not been cleared or approved by the US Food and Drug Administration. This test was performed in a CLIA certified laboratory and is intended for clinical purposes.

Couseling and informed consent are recommended for genetic testing. Consent forms are available online. Background Information for CYP2C8, CYP2C9, and CYP2C cluster:

Characteristics: The cytochrome P450 (CYP) isozymes 2C8 and 2C9 are involved in the metabolism of many drugs. Variants in the genes that code for CYP2C8 and CYP2C9 may influence pharmacokinetics of substrates, and may predict or explain nonstandard dose requirements,



therapeutic failure or adverse reactions. The CYP2C cluster variant (rs12777823) is associated with a decreased warfarin dose requirement in some people of African descent.

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

Inheritance: Autosomal codominant.

Cause: CYP2C8 and CYP2C9 gene variants and the CYP2C cluster variant affect enzyme function. Variants Tested: See the "Additional Technical Information" document.

Clinical Sensitivity: Drug dependent.

Methodology: Polymerase chain reaction (PCR) and fluorescence monitoring.

Analytical Sensitivity and Specificity: Greater than 99 percent.

Limitations: Only the targeted CYP2C8,CYP2C9, and CYP2C cluster variants will be detected by this panel, and assumptions about phase and content are made to assign alleles. Publicly available sources such as the www.pharmvar.org or www.pharmgkb.org provide guidance on phenotype predictions and allele frequencies. Diagnostic errors can occur due to rare sequence variations. Risk of therapeutic failure or adverse reactions with CYP2C8 or CYP2C9 substrates may be affected by genetic and nongenetic factors that are not detected by this test. This result does not replace the need for therapeutic drug or clinical monitoring.

Please note the information contained in this report does not contain medication recommendations, and should not be interpreted as recommending any specific medications. Any dosage adjustments or other changes to medications should be evaluated in consultation with a medical provider.

Counseling and informed consent are recommended for genetic testing. Consent forms are available online.

Reference Interval:

By report



The strict of Pathology Effective Date: November 13, 2023

## **TEST CHANGE**

## **CYP2C19**

3001508, 2C19GENO

Specimen Requirements:	
Patient Preparation:	
Collect:	Lavender (EDTA), Pink (K2EDTA), or Yellow (ACD Solution A or B).
Specimen Preparation:	Transport 3 mL whole blood. (Min: 1 mL)
Transport Temperature:	Refrigerated.
Unacceptable Conditions:	Plasma or serum. Specimens collected in sodium heparin or lithium heparin. Frozen specimens in glass collection tubes.
Remarks:	
Stability:	Ambient: 72 hours; Refrigerated: 1 week; Frozen: 1 month
Methodology:	Polymerase Chain Reaction (PCR)/Fluorescence Monitoring
Performed:	Varies
Reported:	5-10 days
Note:	Whole blood is the preferred specimen. Saliva samples that yield inadequate DNA quality and/or quantity will be reported as inconclusive if test performance does not meet laboratory-determined criteria for reporting.
CPT Codes:	81225

## Interpretive Data:

Refer to report Background Information for CYP2C19:

Characteristics: The cytochrome P450 (CYP) isozyme 2C19 is involved in the metabolism of many drugs. Variants in the gene that code for CYP2C19 will influence pharmacokinetics of CYP2C19 substrates, and may predict or explain non-standard dose requirements, therapeutic failure or adverse reactions.

This test is New York DOH approved.

Inheritance: Autosomal codominant.

New York DOH Approval Status:

Cause: CYP2C19 gene variants affect enzyme function.

Variants Tested: See the Additional Technical Information document.

Clinical Sensitivity: Drug-dependent.

Methodology: Polymerase chain reaction (PCR) and fluorescence monitoring.

Analytical Sensitivity and Specificity: Greater than 99 percent.



Limitations: Only the targeted *CYP2C19* variants will be detected by this panel, and assumptions about phase and content are made to assign alleles. Publicly available sources such as the www.pharmvar.org or www.pharmgkb.org provide guidance on phenotype predictions and allele frequencies. Diagnostic errors can occur due to rare sequence variations. Risk of therapeutic failure or adverse reactions with CYP2C19 substrates may be affected by genetic and non-genetic factors that are not detected by this test. This result does not replace the need for therapeutic drug or clinical monitoring.

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

Please note the information contained in this report does not contain medication recommendations, and should not be interpreted as recommending any specific medications. Any dosage adjustments or other changes to medications should be evaluated in consultation with a medical provider.

This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by ARUP Laboratories. It has not been cleared or approved by the US Food and Drug Administration. This test was performed in a CLIA certified laboratory and is intended for clinical purposes.

Counseling and informed consent are recommended for genetic testing. Consent forms are available online.

Reference Interval:		
By report		



## **TEST CHANGE**

## CYP2D6

3001513, 2D6GENO

3001513, 2D0GENU	
Specimen Requirements:	
Patient Preparation:	
Collect:	Lavender (EDTA), pPink (K2EDTA), or yYellow (ACD solution A or B).
Specimen Preparation:	Transport 3 mL whole blood. (Min: 1 mL)
Transport Temperature:	Refrigerated
Unacceptable Conditions:	Plasma or serum. Specimens collected in sodium heparin or lithium heparin. Frozen specimens in glass collection tubes.
Remarks:	
Stability:	Ambient: 72 hours; Refrigerated: 1 week; Frozen: 1 month
Methodology:	Polymerase Chain Reaction (PCR)//Fluorescence Monitoring/Sequencing
Performed:	Varies
Reported:	5-10 days
Note:	Whole blood is the preferred specimen type. Saliva samples that yield inadequate DNA quality and/or quantity will be reported as inconclusive if test performance does not meet laboratory-determined criteria for reporting. Saliva is only validated for the OpenArray and CNV portions of testing and not the long-range PCR/duplication testing. Long-range PCR/duplication testing will not be performed for saliva samples. If long-range PCR/duplication testing is performed, additional charges will apply. Approximately less than 5% of samples require 2D6 copy number determination.
CPT Codes:	81226; if reflexed, add 81479
New York DOH Approval Status: Interpretive Data: Refer to reportRefer to report.	This test is New York DOH approved.

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This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by ARUP Laboratories. It

has not been cleared or approved by the US Food and Drug Administration. This test was



performed in a CLIA certified laboratory and is inteded for clinical purposes.

Counseling and informed consent are recommended for genetic testing. Consent forms are avialable online.

Reference Interval:	
By report	



CYP3A4 and CYP3A5

3001518, 3A4/3A5

Specimen Requirements:

Patient Preparation:

Collect: Lavender (EDTA), pPink (K2EDTA), or yYellow (ACD sSolution A

or B).

Specimen Preparation: Transport 3 mL whole blood. (Min: 1 mL)

Transport Temperature: Refrigerated.

Unacceptable Conditions: Plasma or serum. Specimens collected in sodium heparin or

lithium heparin. Frozen specimens in glass collection tubes.

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

Remarks:

Stability: Ambient: 72 hours; Refrigerated: 1 week; Frozen: 1 month

Methodology: Polymerase Chain Reaction (PCR)/Fluorescence Monitoring

Performed: Varies

Reported: 5-10 days

Note: Whole blood is the preferred specimen. Saliva samples that

yield inadequate DNA quality and/or quantity will be reported as inconclusive if test performance does not meet laboratory-

determined criteria for reporting.

CPT Codes: 81230; 81231

New York DOH Approval Status: This test is New York DOH approved.

Interpretive Data:

Refer to report Refer to report

This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by ARUP Laboratories. It has not been cleared or approved by the US Food and Drug Administration. This test was performed in a CLIA certified laboratory and is intended for clinical purposes.

Counseling and informed consent are recommended for genetic testing. Consent forms are available online.

Reference Interval:

By report



RIES

Effective Date: November 13, 2023



## **TEST CHANGE**

## Cytochrome P450 Genotyping Panel

3001524, CYP PANEL

3001524, CYP PANEL	
Specimen Requirements:	
Patient Preparation:	
Collect:	Lavender (K2EDTA), $p$ Pink (K2EDTA), or $y$ Yellow (ACD $g$ Solution A or B).
Specimen Preparation:	Transport 3 mL whole blood. (Min: 1 mL)
Transport Temperature:	Refrigerated.
Unacceptable Conditions:	Plasma or serum. Specimens collected in sodium heparin or lithium heparin. Frozen specimens in glass collection tubes.
Remarks:	
Stability:	Ambient: 72 hours; Refrigerated: 1 week; Frozen: 1 month
Methodology:	Polymerase Chain Reaction (PCR)//Fluorescence Monitoring/Sequencing
Performed:	Varies
Reported:	5-10 days
Note:	Whole blood is the preferred specimen type. Saliva samples that yield inadequate DNA quality and/or quantity will be reported as inconclusive if test performance does not meet laboratory-determined criteria for reporting. Saliva is only validated for the OpenArray and CNV portions of testing and not the long-range PCR/duplication testing. Long-range PCR/duplication testing will not be performed for saliva samples. If long-range PCR/duplication testing is performed, additional charges will apply. Approximately less than 5% of samples require 2D6 copy number determination.
CPT Codes:	81225; 81226; 81227; 81230; 81231; 81479; if reflexed, add 81479
New York DOH Approval Status:	This test is New York DOH approved.
Interpretive Data:	
Refer to report Refer to report.	
This test was developed and its pe	erformance characteristics determined by ARUP Laboratories. It



has not been cleared or approved by the US Food and Drug Administration. This test was performed in a CLIA certified laboratory and is intended for clinical purposes.

Couseling and informed consent are recommended for genetic testing. Consent forms are available online.

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

Reference Interval:

By report



#### **TPMT and NUDT15**

3001535, TPMT2

Specimen Requirements:

Patient Preparation:

Collect: Lavender (EDTA), pPink (K2EDTA), or yYellow (ACD sSolution A

or B).

Specimen Preparation: Transport 3 mL whole blood. (Min: 1 mL)

Transport Temperature: Refrigerated.

Unacceptable Conditions: Plasma or serum. Specimens collected in sodium heparin or

lithium heparin. Frozen specimens in glass collection tubes.

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

Remarks:

Stability: Ambient: 72 hours; Refrigerated: 1 week; Frozen: 1 month

Methodology: Polymerase Chain Reaction (PCR)/Fluorescence Monitoring

Performed: Varies

Reported: 5-10 days

Note: Whole blood is the preferred specimen. Saliva samples that

yield inadequate DNA quality and/or quantity will be reported as inconclusive if test performance does not meet laboratory-

determined criteria for reporting.

CPT Codes: 81335; 81306

New York DOH Approval Status: This test is New York DOH approved.

Interpretive Data:

Refer to report Refer to report

This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by ARUP Laboratories. It has not been cleared or approved by the US Food and Drug Administration. This test was performed in a CLIA certified laboratory and is intended for clinical purposes.

Counseling and informed consent are recommended for genetic testing. Consent forms are available online.

Reference Interval:

By report



RIES

Effective Date: November 13, 2023



Warfarin Sensitivity (CYP2C9, CYP2C cluster, CYP4F2, VKORC1) Genotyping 3001541, WARF PAN

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

· ·	
Specimen Requirements:	
Patient Preparation:	
Collect:	Lavender (EDTA), Pink (K2EDTA), or Yellow (ACD Solution A or B).
Specimen Preparation:	Transport 3 mL whole blood. (Min: 1 mL)
Transport Temperature:	Refrigerated.
Unacceptable Conditions:	Plasma or serum. Specimens collected in sodium heparin or lithium heparin. Frozen specimens in glass collection tubes.
Remarks:	
Stability:	Ambient: 72 hours; Refrigerated: 1 week; Frozen: 1 month
Methodology:	Polymerase Chain Reaction (PCR)/Fluorescence Monitoring
Performed:	Varies
Reported:	5-10 days
Note:	Whole blood is the preferred specimen. Saliva samples that yield inadequate DNA quality and/or quantity will be reported as inconclusive if test performance does not meet laboratory-determined criteria for reporting.
CPT Codes:	81227; 81355; 81479
New York DOH Approval Status:	This test is New York DOH approved.

Interpretive Data:

Refer to report

This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by ARUP Laboratories. It has not been cleared or approved by the US Food and Drug Administration. This test was performed in a CLIA certified laboratory and is intended for clinical purposes.

Couseling and informed consent are recommended for genetic testing. Consent forms are available online. Background Information for Warfarin Sensitivity (CYP2C9, CYP2C cluster, CYP4F2, VKORC1)
Genotyping:

Characteristics: Warfarin sensitivity can lead to a life-threatening overdose event such as excessive bleeding. Genetic variation is recognized to explain a large proportion of variability in



warfarin dose requirements. This test may predict individual warfarin sensitivity and non-standard dose requirements. The cytochrome P450 (CYP) isozyme 2C9 is involved in the metabolism of many drugs. Variants in the gene that codes CYP2C9 may influence pharmacokinetics of substrates such as warfarin, and may predict or explain nonstandard dose requirements, therapeutic failure, or adverse reactions. Variants in the VKORC1 and CYP4F2 genes may predict sensitivity to warfarin. The CYP2C cluster variant, rs12777823, common in people of African descent, with a minor allele frequency of approximately 25 percent, is found to be associated with warfarin dose in this population. Genetic information and nongenetic factors can be used in combination with warfarin dose calculators, such as through www.WarfarinDosing.org. Inheritance: Autosomal codominant.

Cause: CYP2C9 and CYP2C cluster variants are associated with reduced dose requirements. The VKORC1\*2 allele is associated with reduced expression of the warfarin target, vitamin K epoxide reductase (VKOR), and a reduced dose requirement. The CYP4F2 variant is associated with an increased dose requirement.

Variants Tested: See the "Additional Technical Information" document.

Clinical Sensitivity: Genetic factors and known non-genetic factors account for approximately 50 percent of the variability in warfarin dose.

Methodology: Polymerase chain reaction (PCR) and fluorescence monitoring.

Analytical Sensitivity and Specificity: Greater than 99 percent.

Limitations: Only the targeted *CYP2C9, CYP2C* cluster, *CYP4F2*, and *VKORC1* variants will be detected by this panel, and assumptions about phase and content are made to assign alleles. Publicly available sources such as the www.pharmvar.org or www.pharmgkb.org provide guidance on phenotype predictions and allele frequencies. Diagnostic errors can occur due to rare sequence variations. Risk of therapeutic failure or adverse reactions with CYP2C9 substrates may be affected by genetic and nongenetic factors that are not detected by this test. This result does not replace the need for therapeutic drug or clinical monitoring.

Please note the information contained in this report does not contain medication recommendations, and should not be interpreted as recommending any specific medications. Any dosage adjustments or other changes to medications should be evaluated in consultation with a medical provider.

This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by ARUP Laboratories. It has not been cleared or approved by the US Food and Drug Administration. This test was performed in a CLIA certified laboratory and is intended for clinical purposes.

Counseling and informed consent are recommended for genetic testing. Consent forms are available online.

Reference Interval:		
By report		

HOTLINE NOTE: There is a component change associated with this test. One or more components have been added or removed. Refer to the Hotline Test Mix for interface build information.



Beckwith-Wiedemann Syndrome (BWS) and Russell-Silver Syndrome (RSS) by Methylation-Specific MLPA

3001635, BWS-RSS DD

Specimen Requirements:

**Patient Preparation:** 

Collect: Lavender (EDTA), pPink (K2EDTA), or yYellow (ACD sSolution A)

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

Specimen Preparation: Transport 3 mL whole blood. (Min: 12 mL)

Transport Temperature: Refrigerated. Also acceptable: Ambient.

**Unacceptable Conditions:** 

Remarks:

Stability: Room temperature Ambient: 1 week; Refrigerated: 1 month;

Frozen: Unacceptable 6 months

Methodology: Multiplex Ligation-Deependent Probe Amplification (MLPA)

Performed: Varies

Reported: 12-14 days

Note:

CPT Codes: 81401

New York DOH Approval Status: Specimens from New York clients will be sent out to a New

York DOH approved laboratory, if possible.

#### Interpretive Data:

Refer to report. Characteristics of Beckwith-Wiedemann syndrome (BWS) and Russell-Silver syndrome (RSS): BWS is a phenotypically variable overgrowth syndrome associated with an increased risk for embryonal tumor development, neonatal hypoglycemia, macroglossia, macrosomia, hemihyperplasia, omphalocele, renal abnormalities, and ear creases or pits. RSS is characterized by pre- and postnatal growth deficiency, proportionate short stature, developmental delay, learning disabilities, limb-length asymmetry and distinctive faces.

Prevalence: BWS occurs 1 in 10,000-13,700 newborns; RSS 1 in 100,000 newborns. Inheritance: BWS - 85 percent of cases are sporadic and 15 percent autosomal dominant; RSS - 60 percent of cases are sporadic, 40 percent unknown, rarely autosomal dominant or recessive. Penetrance: RSS - complete; BWS - incomplete; individuals with a pathogenic CDKN1C variant will be asymptomatic if the variant is on the allele normally silenced due to imprinting. Cause: BWS - 50 percent by loss of maternal methylation at imprinting center (IC)2, 20 percent by paternal uniparental disomy (UPD) of chromosome 11p15; 5 to 10 percent by pathogenic CDKN1C sequence variants, 5 percent by maternal methylation of IC1, 1 percent by chromosome rearrangements or duplications. RSS - 35 to 50 percent by paternal hypomethylation of IC1, 10



percent by maternal UPD of chromosome 7.

Clinical Sensitivity: 75 percent for BWS; 35-50 percent for RSS.

Methodology: Methylation-specific multiplex ligation probe amplification (MLPA).

Analytical Sensitivity and Specificity: 99 percent.

Limitations: This assay determines methylation patterns of IC1 and IC2 for chromosome 11p15. Disease mechanisms causing BWS and RSS that do not alter methylation patterns, such as sequence variants in *CDKN1C*, maternal UPD of chromosome 7 or chromosomal translocations, and inversions or duplications, will not be assessed. Diagnostic errors can occur due to rare sequence variations.

This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by ARUP Laboratories. It has not been cleared or approved by the US Food and Drug Administration. This test was performed in a CLIA certified laboratory and is intended for clinical purposes.

Counseling and informed consent are recommended for genetic testing. Consent forms are available online.

Reference Interval:

By rReport



Toxigenic Clostridi<u>oides</u>um difficile by LFA with Reflex to PCR, Stool 3001801. CDIFF LFA

3001801, CDIFF LFA	
Specimen Requirements:	
Patient Preparation:	
Collect:	Liquid or soft stool.
Specimen Preparation:	Transfer 1.0 mL stool to a clean, unpreserved transport vial (ARUP Supply# 40910). Available online through eSupply using ARUP Connect (TM)? or contact ARUP Client Services at 800-522-2787. (Min: 0.5 mL).
Transport Temperature:	Refrigerated. Also acceptable: Frozen.
Unacceptable Conditions:	Specimens preserved in Cary Blair/C&S media, formalin-based fixative (eg, Formalin, SAF) or alcohol-based fixative (eg, PVA, Totalfix, Alcorfix, etc).  Formed stool.
Remarks:	
Stability:	Ambient 2 hours; Refrigerated 72 hours; Frozen 1 week
Methodology:	Qualitative Lateral Flow Immunoassay/Qualitative Polymerase Chain Reaction (PCR)
Performed:	Sun-Sat
Reported:	Within 24 hours
Note:	If C. difficile GDH antigen is detected by LFA but C. difficile toxin is not detected, C. difficile tcdB gene by PCR will be performed; additional charges apply.
CPT Codes:	87324; 87899; if reflexed, add 87493
New York DOH Approval Status:	This test is New York DOH approved.
Interpretive Data:	
Refer to report	
Reference Interval:	
Not Detected	





# Myotonic Dystrophy Type 1 (DMPK) CTG Expansion 3001907, DM1 PCR

Specimen Requirements:

Patient Preparation:

Collect: Lavender (K2EDTA), pPink (K2EDTA), or yYellow (ACD sSolution

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

A or B).

Specimen Preparation: Transport 35 mL whole blood. (Min: 13 mL)

Transport Temperature: Refrigerated. Also acceptable: Ambient.

**Unacceptable Conditions:** 

Remarks:

Stability: Room temperature Ambient: 1 week; Refrigerated: 1 month;

Frozen: Unacceptable 6 months

Methodology: Polymerase Chain Reaction (PCR)//Capillary Electrophoresis

Performed: Varies

Reported: 7-10 days

Note:

CPT Codes: 81234

New York DOH Approval Status: Specimens from New York clients will be sent out to a New

York DOH approved laboratory, if possible.

#### Interpretive Data:

#### Refer to report Interpretive Data:

Background Information for Myotonic Dystrophy Type 1 (DMPK):

Characteristics: Myotonic dystrophy type 1 (DM1) is a multisystem disorder characterized by myotonic myopathy with involvement of the eye, heart, endocrine system and central nervous system. Clinical findings span a continuum from mild to severe, with overlap in the three recognized clinical subtypes of DM1: mild, classic and congenital. Mild DM1 is adult-onset and features include mild myotonia and premature cataracts or baldness. Onset of classic DM1 is typically between 10-30 years of age and findings include distal muscle weakness, myotonia, cataracts, GI disturbances, and cardiac conduction abnormalities. Congenital DM1 may present prenatally with polyhydramnios and reduced fetal movement, and postnatal features commonly include infantile hypotonia, respiratory insufficiency, facial diplegia, and intellectual disability. Prevalence: 1:20,000.

Inheritance: Autosomal dominant.

Penetrance: Age-related, approaches 100 percent by age 50.

Cause: Expanded number of CTG repeats in the DMPK gene.



Normal: 5-34 CTG repeats, stably transmitted, not associated with DM1 manifestations. Premutation: 35-49 CTG repeats, may be unstably transmitted, not associated with DM1 manifestations.

Full-penetrance disease allele: 50 or more CTG repeats, unstably transmitted, associated with DM1 manifestations.

Clinical Sensitivity: >99 percent for DM1.

Methodology: Triplet repeat-primed polymerase chain reaction (PCR) followed by size analysis using capillary electrophoresis to assess the CTG repeat in the DMPK 3' untranslated region. Specific allele sizing estimates cannot be determined for CTG repeats of >150. Repeat sizing precision is approximately +/- 2 repeats for alleles with 5-24 repeats and +/- 4 repeats for alleles with 77 to 150 repeats.

Analytical Sensitivity and Specificity: 99 percent.

Limitations: Diagnostic errors can occur due to rare sequence variations. This assay will not detect myotonic dystrophy type 2.

This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by ARUP Laboratories. It has not been cleared or approved by the US Food and Drug Administration. This test was performed in a CLIA certified laboratory and is intended for clinical purposes.

Counseling and informed consent are recommended for genetic testing. Consent forms are available online.

Phenotype	Number of CTG Repeats
Normal allele	Less than or equal to 34
Premutation	35 <u>-</u> -49
Mild	50 <u>-</u> -approx. 150
Classic	Approx.100- approx.100- approx 1000
Congenital	>1000

Reference Interval:

By report



### Kell K/k (KEL) Antigen Genotyping

3002001, KEL GENO

3002001, KEL GENO	
Specimen Requirements:	
Patient Preparation:	
Collect:	Lavender (K2EDTA), pink (K2EDTA), or yellow (ACD Solution A or B).
Specimen Preparation:	Genotyping: Tranport 3 mL whole blood. (Min: 1 mL)
Transport Temperature:	Whole blood specimen: Ambient: 72 hours; Refrigerated: 1 week; Frozen: 1 month.
Unacceptable Conditions:	Yellow (ACD solution A or B); plasmaPlasma or serum.  Specimens collected in sodium heparin tubes. Frozen specimens in glass collection tubes.
Remarks:	Patient History Form is available on the ARUP website or by contacting ARUP Client Services.
Stability:	Whole blood: Ambient: 72 hours; Refrigerated: 1 week; Frozen: 1 month
Methodology:	Polymerase Chain Reaction (PCR)/Fluorescence Monitoring
Performed:	Varies
Reported:	3-10 days
Note:	
CPT Codes:	0001U
New York DOH Approval Status:	This test is New York DOH approved.
New York DOH Approval Status: Interpretive Data:	This test is New York DOH approved.
	This test is New York DOH approved.
Interpretive Data: Refer to report	This test is New York DOH approved.  are recommended for genetic testing. Consent forms are
Interpretive Data: Refer to report Counseling and informed consent	





RhC/c (RHCE) Antigen Genotyping

3002002, RHC GENO

Specimen Requirements:

Patient Preparation:

Collect: Lavender (K2EDTA), pink (K2EDTA), or yellow (ACD Solution A or B).

Specimen Preparation: Whole blood: Transport 3 mL whole blood. (Min: 1 mL)

Transport Temperature: Whole blood specimen: Refrigerated.

Unacceptable Conditions: <u>Yellow (ACD solution A or B); plasma Plasma</u> or serum.

Specimens collected in sodium heparin tubes. Frozen

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

specimens in glass collection tubes.

Remarks: Patient History Form is available on the ARUP website or by

contacting ARUP Client Services.

Stability: Whole blood: Ambient: 72 hours; Refrigerated: 1 week; Frozen:

1 month

Methodology: Polymerase Chain Reaction (PCR)/Fluorescence Monitoring

Performed: Varies

Reported: 3-10 days

Note:

CPT Codes: 0001U

New York DOH Approval Status: This test is New York DOH approved.

Interpretive Data:

Refer to report.

Counseling and informed consent are recommended for genetic testing. Consent forms are available online.

Reference Interval:

By report



RhE/e (RHCE) Antigen Genotyping

3002003, RHE GENO

Specimen Requirements:

Patient Preparation:

Collect: Parental genotyping: Lavender (K2EDTA), pink (K2EDTA) or

Yellow (ACD Solution A or B).

Specimen Preparation: Whole blood: Transport 3 mL whole blood. (Min: 1 mL)

Transport Temperature: Whole blood specimen: Refrigerated.

Unacceptable Conditions: Yellow (ACD solution A or B); plasma Plasma or serum.

Specimens collected in sodium heparin tubes. Frozen

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

specimens in glass collection tubes.

Remarks: Patient History Form is available on the ARUP Web site or by

contacting ARUP Client Services.

Stability: Whole blood specimen: Ambient: 72 hours; Refrigerated: 1

week; Frozen: 1 month

Methodology: Polymerase Chain Reaction (PCR)/Fluorescence Monitoring

Performed: Varies

Reported: 3-10 days

Note:

CPT Codes: 0001U

New York DOH Approval Status: This test is New York DOH approved.

Interpretive Data:

Refer to report.

Counseling and informed consent are recommended for genetic testing. Consent forms are

available online.

Reference Interval:

By report



# Clobazam and Metabolite, Quantitative, Serum or Plasma 3002508, CLOBAZAM

3002300, CLODAZAIVI	
Specimen Requirements:	
Patient Preparation:	
Collect:	Plain <u>red, lavender Red, Lavender</u> (K2 or K3EDTA) or <u>p</u> Pink (K2EDTA).
Specimen Preparation:	Separate from cells ASAP or within two hours of collection.  Transfer 2 mL serum or plasma to an ARUP <u>standard transport</u> <u>tube.</u> Standard Transport Tube. (Min: 0.3 mL)
Transport Temperature:	Refrigerated. Also acceptable: Room temperature or frozen.
Unacceptable Conditions:	Gel separator tubes. Hemolyzed specimens.
Remarks:	
Stability:	Ambient: 3 days; Refrigerated: 2 weeks; Frozen: 2 months (Avoid repeated freeze thaw cycles)
Methodology:	Quantitative High Performance Liquid Chromatography- Tandem Mass Spectrometry
Performed:	Mon, Wed, Sat
Reported:	1- <u>6</u> 5 days
Note:	
CPT Codes:	80339 (Alt code: G0480)

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

Interpretive Data:

Clobazam is a benzodiazepine drug indicated for adjunctive treatment for seizures associated with Lennox-Gastaut syndrome in patients 2 years and older. The therapeutic range is based on serum, <a href="mailto:predose-pre-dose">predose-dose</a> (trough) draw collection at steady-state concentration. The pharmacokinetics of clobazam are influenced by drug-drug interactions and by poor CYP2C19 metabolism. Adverse effects may include constipation, somnolence, sedation, and skin rash. The concomitant use of clobazam with other central nervous system (CNS) depressants may increase the risk of somnolence and sedation.

This test is New York DOH approved.

Components	Interpretive Data
Clobazam	Toxic: Greater than 500 ng/mL
N- Desmethylclobazam	Toxic: Greater than 5000 ng/mL

New York DOH Approval Status:



## Reference Interval:

Test Number		Reference Interval
	Clobazam	30-300 ng/mL
	N-Desmethylclobazam	300-3000 ng/mL



Phosphatidylethanol (PEth), Whole Blood, Quantitative 3002598, PETH

Specimen Requirements:

**Patient Preparation:** 

Collect: Lavender (K2 or K3EDTA), pinkK3 EDTA), Pink (K2EDTA),

**g**-reen (lithium heparin), or **g**-ray (potassium oxalate).

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

Specimen Preparation: Transport 1 mL whole blood. (Min: 0.5 mL)

Transport Temperature: Refrigerated. Also acceptable: Frozen.

Unacceptable Conditions: Gel separator tubes, plain red Plain Red, light blue (citrate), or

yellow (SPS or ACD solution).

Remarks:

Stability: Ambient: 2 hours; Refrigerated: 2 weeks; Frozen: 1 month (-20

Degrees C)

Methodology: Quantitative Liquid Chromatography-Tandem Mass

Spectrometry

Performed: Sun-Sat

Reported: 1-4 days

Note:

CPT Codes: 80321 (Alt code: G0480)

New York DOH Approval Status: This test is New York DOH approved.

Interpretive Data:

Phosphatidylethanol (PEth) is a group of phospholipids formed in the presence of ethanol, phospholipase D<sub>2</sub> and phosphatidylcholine. PEth is known to be a direct alcohol biomarker. The predominant PEth homologues are PEth 16:0/18:1 (POPEth) and PEth 16:0/18:2 (PLPEth), which account for 37-46% and 26-28% of the total PEth homologues, respectively. PEth is incorporated into the phospholipid membrane of red blood cells and has a general half-life of 4—10 days and a window of detection of 2—4 weeks. However, the window of detection is longer in individuals who chronically or excessively consume alcohol. Serial monitoring of PEth may be helpful in monitoring alcohol abstinence over time...—PEth results should be interpreted in the context of the patient's clinical and behavioral history. Patients with advanced liver disease may have falsely elevated PEth concentrations (Nguyen VL<sub>2</sub> et al 2018, Alcoholism: Clinical and& Experimental Research, 2018).

Reference Interval:



Effective September 8, 2020

By Report

HOTLINE NOTE: There is a component change associated with this test. One or more components have been added or removed. Refer to the Hotline Test Mix for interface build information.



Hepatitis Panel, Acute with Reflex to HBsAg Confirmation and Reflex to HCV by Quantitative NAAT

3002989, HEPACUTEQR

Specimen Requirements:

**Patient Preparation:** 

Collect: Serum separator tube (SST) or Pink (K2EDTA).

Specimen Preparation: Separate serum from cells ASAP or within 2 hours of collection.

Transfer 3 mL serum to an ARUP Standard Transport Tube.

(Min: 2.0 mL) Also acceptable: K2EDTA plasma.

This test requires a dedicated transport tube submitted only

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

for HEPACUTEQR testing.

Transport Temperature: Frozen.

**Unacceptable Conditions:** Heparinized plasma. Specimens containing particulate

material. Heat-inactivated, severely hemolyzed, or lipemic

specimens.

Remarks:

Stability: After separation from cells: Ambient: 12 hours Unacceptable;

Refrigerated: 5 days; Frozen: 2 months (avoid freeze/thaw

cycles)

Methodology: Qualitative Chemiluminescent Immunoassay

(CLIA)/Quantitative Transcription-Mediated Amplification

(TMA)

Performed: Sun-Sat

Reported: 1-2 days

Note: Order this panel when the patient has had clinical acute

> hepatitis of unknown origin for less than six months. If results for HBsAg are repeatedly reactive with an index value between 1.00 and 50.00, then HBsAg Confirmation will be added. If the anti-HCV antibody result is positive, then Hepatitis C Virus by

Quantitative NAAT will be added. Additional charges apply.

**CPT Codes:** 80074; if reflexed, add 87341, and 87522

New York DOH Approval Status: This test is New York DOH approved.

Interpretive Data:



Component Interpretation

Hepatitis C 0.79 IV or less

Antibody by CIA Negative 0.80 to
Interp 0.99 IV Equivocal
1.00 to 10.99 IV
Low Positive
11.00 IV or
greater High
Positive

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

#### Reference Interval:

Test Number	Components	Reference Interval
	Hepatitis B Surface Antigen	Negative
	Hepatitis C Antibody by CIA Interp	Negative
	Hepatitis B Core Antibody, IgM	Negative
	Hepatitis A Antibody, IgM	Negative



ANCA-Associated Vasculitis Profile (ANCA/MPO/PR3)

3003745, ANCA-PRO

Specimen Requirements:

Patient Preparation:

Collect: Serum separator tube.

Specimen Preparation: Separate serum from cells ASAP or within 2 hours of collection.

Transfer 1 mL serum to an ARUP standard transport

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

tube. Standard Transport Tube. (Min: 0.5 mL)

Transport Temperature: Refrigerated.

Unacceptable Conditions: CSF, plasma, urine, or other body fluids. Contaminated,

hemolyzed, or severely lipemic specimens.

Remarks:

Stability: After separation from cells: Ambient: 48 hours; Refrigerated: 2

weeks; Frozen: 30 days year (avoid repeated freeze/thaw

cycles)

Methodology: Semi-Quantitative Indirect Fluorescent Antibody (IFA)/Semi-

Quantitative Multiplex Bead Assay

Performed: Sun-Sat

Reported: 2-5 days

Note: Specimens are screened for ANCA, MPO, and PR3. ANCA IFA is

simultaneously tested on ethanol- and formalin-fixed slides to

allow differentiation of C- and P-ANCA patterns.

CPT Codes: 83516 x2; 86036

New York DOH Approval Status: This test is New York DOH approved.

Interpretive Data:

Refer to report.

Component Interpretation

Myeloperoxidase (MPO) Antibody Negative 20-25

AU/mL: Equivocal 26 AU/mL or greater: Positive

Serine Proteinase 19 AU/mL or less:



3 (PR3) Antibody Negative 20-25

AU/mL: Equivocal 26 AU/mL or greater: Positive

#### Reference Interval:

Test Number	Components	Reference Interval
	Myeloperoxidase (MPO) Ab, IgG	19 AU/mL or less
	Serine Proteinase 3 (PR3) Ab, IgG	19 AU/mL or less
	ANCA IFA Pattern	None Detected
	ANCA IFA Titer	Less than 1:20



Anti-Neutrophil Cytoplasmic Antibody, IgG by IFA

3003747, ANCA-IFA

Specimen Requirements:

**Patient Preparation:** 

Collect: Serum separator tube.

Specimen Preparation: Separate serum from cells ASAP or within 2 hours of collection.

Transfer 1 mL serum to an ARUP <u>standard transport</u>

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

tube. Standard Transport Tube. (Min: 0.15 mL)

Transport Temperature: Refrigerated.

Unacceptable Conditions: Plasma, urine, or other body fluids. Contaminated, hemolyzed,

or severely lipemic specimens.

Remarks:

Stability: After separation from cells: Ambient: 48 hours; Refrigerated: 2

weeks; Frozen: 30 days 1 year (avoid repeated freeze/thaw

cycles)

Methodology: Semi-Quantitative Indirect Fluorescent Antibody (IFA)

Performed: Sun-Sat

Reported: 1-3 days

Note: ANCA IFA is simultaneously tested on ethanol- and formalin-

fixed slides to allow differentiation of C- and P-ANCA patterns.

CPT Codes: 86036

New York DOH Approval Status: This test is New York DOH approved.

Interpretive Data:

Neutrophil Cytoplasmic Antibodies (C-ANCA = granular cytoplasmic staining, P-ANCA = perinuclear staining) are found in the serum of over 90 percent of patients with certain necrotizing systemic vasculitides, and usually in less than 5 percent of patients with collagen vascular disease or arthritis.

Reference Interval:

ANCA IFA Titer Less than 1:20

ANCA IFA Pattern | None Detected





### Inflammatory Bowel Disease Differentiation Panel

3003748, IBD-PAN

Specimen Requirements:

Patient Preparation: N/A

Collect: Serum Separator Tube (SST).

Specimen Preparation: Separate from cells ASAP or within 2 hours of collection.

Transfer 1.5 mL serum to an ARUP standard transport

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

tube. Standard Transport Tube. (Min: 0.6 mL)

Transport Temperature: Refrigerated.

Unacceptable Conditions: Contaminated, heat-inactivated, hemolyzed, or severely lipemic

specimens.

Remarks: N/A

Stability: After separation from cells: Ambient: 48 hours; Refrigerated: 2

weeks; Frozen: 30 days 1 year (avoid repeated freeze/thaw

cycles)

Methodology: Semi-Quantitative Indirect Fluorescent Antibody (IFA)/Semi-

Quantitative Enzyme Immunoassay (EIA)

Performed: Sun-Sat

Reported: 1-4 days

Note: This test may be a useful tool for distinguishing ulcerative

colitis (UC) from Crohn disease (CD) in patients with suspected inflammatory bowel disease. ANCA IFA is simultaneously tested on ethanol- and formalin-fixed slides to allow

differentiation of C- and P-ANCA patterns.

CPT Codes: 86036; 86671 x2

New York DOH Approval Status: This test is New York DOH approved.

Interpretive Data:

Refer to report.

Reference Interval:



Test Number	Components	Reference Interval	
	S. cerevisiae Antibody, IgG		
		20.0 Units or less Negative	
		20.1-24.9 Units Equivocal	
		25.0 Units or Positive greater	
	S. cerevisiae Antibody, IgA		
		20.0 Units or less Negative	
		20.1-24.9 Units Equivocal	
		25.0 Units or Positive greater	
	ANCA IFA Titer	Less than 1:20	
	ANCA IFA Pattern	None Detected	



ABORATORIES

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

#### **TEST CHANGE**

Cytochrome P450 Genotyping Panel, with GeneDose Access 3004255, CYP GD

Specimen Requirements:	
Patient Preparation:	
Collect:	Lavender (K2EDTA), $p$ Pink (K2EDTA), or $y$ Yellow (ACD $s$ Solution A or B).
Specimen Preparation:	Transport 3 mL whole blood. (Min: 1 mL)
Transport Temperature:	Refrigerated.
Unacceptable Conditions:	Plasma or serum. Specimens collected in sodium heparin or lithium heparin. Frozen specimens in glass collection tubes.
Remarks:	
Stability:	Ambient: 72 hours; Refrigerated: 1 week; Frozen: 1 month
Methodology:	Polymerase Chain Reaction/Fluorescence Monitoring/Sequencing
Performed:	Varies
Reported:	5-10 days
Note:	Whole blood is the preferred specimen type. Saliva samples that yield inadequate DNA quality and/or quantity will be reported as inconclusive if test performance does not meet laboratory-determined criteria for reporting. Saliva is only validated for the OpenArray and CNV portions of testing and not the long-range PCR/duplication testing. Long-range PCR/duplication testing will not be performed for saliva samples. If long-range PCR/duplication testing is performed, additional charges will apply. Approximately less than 5% of samples require 2D6 copy number determination.
CPT Codes:	81225; 81226; 81227; 81230; 81231; 81479; if reflexed, add 81479
New York DOH Approval Status:	This test is New York DOH approved.
Interpretive Data:	
Refer to report.	
This test was developed and its pe	erformance characteristics determined by ARUP Laboratories. It



has not been cleared or approved by the US Food and Drug Administration. This test was performed in a CLIA certified laboratory and is intended for clinical purposes.

Couseling and informed consent are recommended for genetic testing. Consent forms are available online.

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

Reference Interval:

By report

HOTLINE NOTE: There is a component change associated with this test. One or more components have been added or removed. Refer to the Hotline Test Mix for interface build information.



#### **TEST CHANGE**

#### CYP2B6

By report

3004310, 2B6GENO

Specimen Requirements:	
Patient Preparation:	
Collect:	Lavender (EDTA), pink (K2EDTA), or yellow (ACD solution A or B).
Specimen Preparation:	Transport 3 mL whole blood. (Min: 1 mL)
Transport Temperature:	Refrigerated.
Unacceptable Conditions:	Plasma or serum. Specimens collected in sodium heparin or lithium heparin. Frozen specimens in glass collection tubes.
Remarks:	
Stability:	Ambient: 72 hours; Refrigerated: 1 week; Frozen: 1 month
Methodology:	Polymerase Chain Reaction (PCR)/Fluorescence Monitoring
Performed:	Varies
Reported:	5-10 days
Note:	
NOTE.	Whole blood is the preferred specimen. Saliva samples that yield inadequate DNA quality and/or quantity will be reported as inconclusive if test performance does not meet laboratory-determined criteria for reporting.
CPT Codes:	yield inadequate DNA quality and/or quantity will be reported as inconclusive if test performance does not meet laboratory-
	yield inadequate DNA quality and/or quantity will be reported as inconclusive if test performance does not meet laboratory-determined criteria for reporting.
CPT Codes:	yield inadequate DNA quality and/or quantity will be reported as inconclusive if test performance does not meet laboratory-determined criteria for reporting.  81479
CPT Codes:  New York DOH Approval Status:	yield inadequate DNA quality and/or quantity will be reported as inconclusive if test performance does not meet laboratory-determined criteria for reporting.  81479
CPT Codes:  New York DOH Approval Status:  Interpretive Data:  Refer to report.	yield inadequate DNA quality and/or quantity will be reported as inconclusive if test performance does not meet laboratory-determined criteria for reporting.  81479

HOTLINE NOTE: There is a component change associated with this test. One or more components have been added or removed. Refer to the Hotline Test Mix for interface build information.





Department of Pathology Effective Date: November 13, 2023

#### **TEST CHANGE**

Pharmacogenetics Panel: Psychotropics

3004471, PGX PSYCH Specimen Requirements: **Patient Preparation:** Collect: Whole Blood: Lavender (EDTA), pink (K2EDTA), or yellow (ACD solution A or B). **Specimen Preparation:** Transport 3 mL whole blood. (Min: 1 mL) **Transport Temperature:** Refrigerated. **Unacceptable Conditions:** Plasma or serum. Specimens collected in sodium heparin or lithium heparin. Frozen specimens in glass collection tubes. Remarks: Stability: Ambient: 72 hours; Refrigerated: 1 week; Frozen: 1 month Methodology: Polymerase Chain Reaction (PCR)//Fluorescence Monitoring/Sequencing Performed: Varies Reported: 5-10 days

Note: Whole blood is the preferred specimen type. Saliva samples

that yield inadequate DNA quality and/or quantity will be reported as inconclusive if test performance does not meet laboratory-determined criteria for reporting. Saliva is only validated for the OpenArray and CNV portions of testing and not the long-range PCR/duplication testing. Long-range PCR/duplication testing will not be performed for saliva samples. If long-range PCR/duplication testing is performed, additional charges apply. Approximately less than 5% of

samples require 2D6 copy number determination.

CPT Codes: 81225; 81226; 81227; 81230; 81231; 81291; 81479; if reflexed,

add 81479

New York DOH Approval Status: This test is New York DOH approved.

Interpretive Data:

Refer to report Refer to report

This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by ARUP Laboratories. It



has not been cleared or approved by the US Food and Drug Administration. This test was performed in a CLIA certified laboratory and is intended for clinical purposes.

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

Counseling and informed consent are recommended for genetic testing. Consent forms are available online.

Reference Interval:

By report

HOTLINE NOTE: There is a component change associated with this test. One or more components have been added or removed. Refer to the Hotline Test Mix for interface build information.



Pharmacogenetics Panel: Psychotropics, with GeneDose Access

3006366, PGXPSYC GD

Specimen Requirements:

**Patient Preparation:** 

Collect: Whole Blood: Lavender (EDTA), pink (K2EDTA), or yellow (ACD

solution A or B).

Specimen Preparation: Transport 3 mL whole blood. (Min: 1 mL)

Transport Temperature: Refrigerated

Unacceptable Conditions: Plasma or serum. Specimens collected in sodium heparin or

lithium heparin. Frozen specimens in glass collection tubes.

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

Remarks:

Stability: Ambient: 72 hours; Refrigerated: 1 week; Frozen: 1 month

Methodology: Polymerase Chain Reaction (PCR)/Fluorescence

Monitoring/Sequencing

Performed: Varies

Reported: 5-10 days

Note: Whole blood is the preferred specimen type. Saliva samples

that yield inadequate DNA quality and/or quantity will be reported as inconclusive if test performance does not meet laboratory-determined cirteria for reporting. Saliva is only validated for the OpenArray and CNV portions of testing and not the long-range PCR/duplication testing. Long-range PCR/duplication testing will not be performed for saliva samples. If long-range PCR/duplication testing is performed, additional charges apply. Approximately less than 5% of

samples require 2D6 copy number determination.

CPT Codes: 81225; 81226; 81227; 81230; 81231; 81291; 81479; if reflexed,

add 81479

New York DOH Approval Status: This test is New York DOH approved.

Interpretive Data:

Refer to report Refer to report.

This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by ARUP Laboratories. It



has not been cleared or approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration. This test was performed in a CLIA-certified laboratory and is intended for clinical purposes.

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

Counseling and informed consent are recommended for genetic testing. Consent forms are available online.

Reference Interval:

HOTLINE NOTE: There is a component change associated with this test. One or more components have been added or removed. Refer to the Hotline Test Mix for interface build information.



NEW TEST - Available Now

Click for Pricing

CD103 by Immunohistochemistry

3016552. CD103 IHC

Specimen Requirements:	
Patient Preparation:	
Collect:	Tissue
Specimen Preparation:	Formalin fix (10 percent neutral buffered formalin) and paraffin embed specimen (cells must be prepared into a cellblock). Protect paraffin block and/or slides from excessive heat. Transport tissue block or 5 unstained (3- to 5-micron thick sections), positively charged slides in a tissue transport kit (ARUP supply #47808). Available online through eSupply using ARUP Connect or contact ARUP Client Services at 800-522-2787. (Min: 2 slides). If sending precut slides, do not oven bake.
Transport Temperature:	Room temperature or refrigerated. Ship in cooled container during summer months.
Unacceptable Conditions:	Tissue or cells not processed and placed in a paraffin block; serum, blood, or other body fluids; tissue not mounted on positively charged slides.
Remarks:	
Stability:	Ambient: Indefinitely; Refrigerated: Indefinitely; Frozen: Unacceptable
Methodology:	Immunohistochemistry (IHC)
Performed:	Mon-Fri
Reported:	1-3 days
Note:	This test is performed as a stain and return (technical) service only.
CPT Codes:	88342
New York DOH Approval Status:	This test is New York DOH approved.
Interpretive Data:	



#### Reference Interval:

Test	Components	Reference Interval
Number		

HOTLINE NOTE: Refer to the Hotline Test Mix for interface build information.



**NEW TEST - Available Now** 

**Click for Pricing** 

Annexin A1 by Immunohistochemistry

3016561, ANNEX IHC

3016561, ANNEX IHC				
Specimen Requirements:				
Patient Preparation:				
Collect:	Tissue			
Specimen Preparation:	Formalin fix (10 percent neutral buffered formalin) and paraffin embed specimen (cells must be prepared into a cellblock). Protect paraffin block and/or slides from excessive heat. Transport tissue block or 5 unstained (3- to 5-micron thick sections), positively charged slides in a Tissue Transport Kit (ARUP supply #47808 highly recommended) available online through eSupply using ARUP Connect or contact ARUP Client Services at 800-522-2787 (Min: 2 slides). If sending precut slides, do not oven bake.			
Transport Temperature:	Room temperature. Also acceptable: Refrigerated. Ship in cooled container during summer months.			
Unacceptable Conditions:	Tissue or cells not processed and placed in a paraffin block; serum, blood, or other body fluids; tissue not mounted on positively charged slides.			
Remarks:				
Stability:	Ambient: Indefinitely; Refrigerated: Indefinitely; Frozen: Unacceptable			
Methodology:	Immunohistochemistry (IHC)			
Performed:	Mon-Fri			
Reported:	1-3 days			
Note:	This test is performed as a stain and return (technical) service only.			
CPT Codes:	88342			
New York DOH Approval Status:	Specimens from New York clients will be sent out to a New York DOH approved laboratory, if possible.			
Interpretive Data:				



#### Reference Interval:

Test	Components	Reference Interval
Number		

HOTLINE NOTE: Refer to the Hotline Test Mix for interface build information.



**NEW TEST - Available Now** 

**Click for Pricing** 

INSM1 by Immunohistochemistry

3016567, INSM1 IHC		
Specimen Requirements:		
Patient Preparation:		
Collect:	Tissue	
Specimen Preparation:	Formalin fix (10 percent neutral buffered formalin) and paraffin embed specimen (cells must be prepared into a cellblock). Protect paraffin block and/or slides from excessive heat. Transport tissue block or 5 unstained (3- to 5-micron thick sections), positively charged slides in a tissue transport kit (recommended but not required). ARUP supply #47808 available online through eSupply using ARUP Connect or contact ARUP Client Services at (800) 522-2787. (Min: 2 slides) If sending precut slides, do not oven bake.	
Transport Temperature:	Room temperature. Also acceptable: Refrigerated. Ship in cooled container during summer months.	
Unacceptable Conditions:	Specimens submitted with non-representative tissue type. Depleted specimens.	
Remarks:		
Stability:	Ambient: Indefinitely; Refrigerated: Indefinitely; Frozen: Unacceptable	
Methodology:	Immunohistochemistry	
Performed:	Mon-Fri	
Reported:	1-3 days	
Note:	This test is performed as a stain and return (technical) service only.	
CPT Codes:	88342	
New York DOH Approval Status:	This test is New York DOH approved.	
Interpretive Data:		
Reference Interval:		



Test Components Reference Interval

Effective Date: November 13, 2023



**Click for Pricing** 

Bladder Cancer by FISH

3016627, BC REQUEST

3016627, BC REQUEST	
Specimen Requirements:	
Patient Preparation:	
Collect:	Second-morning, clean-catch voided urine specimen collected in PreservCyt collection vial included in UroCyte Urine Collection Kit (ARUP Supply #41440). Collection kit is available online through eSupply using ARUP Connector contact Client Services at 800-522-2787. For specific instructions refer to Specimen Collection & Handling.
Specimen Preparation:	Specimens must be transported in PreservCyt fixative. Acceptable sources are voided urine, bladder washings, ureteral washings, or urethral washings. (Min: 35 mL)
Transport Temperature:	Ambient or refrigerated
Unacceptable Conditions:	Unfixed specimens not in PreservCyt fixative. Frozen specimens. Specimens submitted in expired collection vials.
Remarks:	Submit source information with the specimen.
Stability:	Ambient: 1 week from collection; Refrigerated: 1 week from collection; Frozen: Unacceptable
Methodology:	Qualitative Fluorescence in situ Hybridization (FISH)/Computer Assisted Analysis/Microscopy
Performed:	Mon-Fri
Reported:	4-14 days
Note:	
CPT Codes:	88121
New York DOH Approval Status:	Specimens from New York clients will be sent out to a New York DOH approved laboratory, if possible.
Interpretive Data:	

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

NEGATIVE results indicate a lack of evidence for the presence of numeric chromosomal

abnormalities commonly associated with urothelial carcinoma within the cells collected in this specimen. Negative results in the presence of other symptoms/signs of urothelial carcinoma may suggest the possibility of a false negative test. In this circumstance, additional clinical studies to



exclude urothelial carcinoma should be pursued, as clinically indicated. Although this test was designed to detect genetic abnormality associated with most urothelial cancers, there will be some urothelial cancers whose genetic changes cannot be detected by this test.

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

POSITIVE results indicate the presence of one or more numeric chromosomal abnormalities commonly associated with urothelial carcinoma within the cells collected in this specimen. Positive results in the absence of clinical documentation of urothelial carcinoma within the bladder suggest the possibility of urothelial carcinoma or other urologic malignancy from another site (including ureter, kidney, urethra, and prostate). In this circumstance, further clinical evaluation to exclude these as a source of the abnormal cells is justified.

The Oxford Gene Technology, Inc. probes were used to detect aneuploidy for chromosomes 3, 7, and 17 via fluorescence in situ hybridization (FISH). Results from this test are intended for use, in conjunction with and not in lieu of current standard diagnostic procedures, as an aid for initial diagnosis of urothelial carcinoma and for monitoring for tumor recurrence in conjunction with cystoscopy in patients with previously diagnosed bladder cancer.

Reference Interval:

Negative: No evidence of numeric chromosomal aberrations associated with urothelial carcinoma identified.

Positive: Numeric chromosomal aberrations associated with urothelial carcinoma identified.



**NEW TEST - Available Now** 

**Click for Pricing** 

Trypsin, Serum 3016694, TRY

<i>,</i>	
Specimen Requirements:	
Patient Preparation:	Allow specimen to clot for 15-20 minutes at room temperature Separate from cells ASAP or within 2 hours of collection. Transfer 1 mL serum to an ARUP standard transport tube. (Min: 0.3 mL)
Collect:	Serum separator tube (SST) or plain red.
Specimen Preparation:	Allow specimen to clot for 15-20 minutes at room temperature Separate from cells ASAP or within 2 hours of collection. Transfer 1 mL serum to an ARUP standard transport tube. (Min: 0.3 mL)
Transport Temperature:	Frozen
Unacceptable Conditions:	Plasma or cord blood. Grossly hemolyzed or lipemic specimens.
Remarks:	
Stability:	After separation from cells: Ambient: 2 hours; Refrigerated: 24 hours; Frozen: 3 months
Methodology:	Quantitative Radioimmunoassay (RIA)
Performed:	Tue, Fri
Reported:	1-5 days
Note:	
CPT Codes:	83519
New York DOH Approval Status:	Specimens from New York clients will be sent out to a New

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

Interpretive Data:

Results should be correlated with clinical presentation and other diagnostic data for the diagnosis of pancreatitis. Individuals with acute pancreatitis have significantly elevated trypsin concentrations. Concentrations in those with chronic pancreatitis are variable and may be below, within, or above the reference interval. Trypsin concentrations are not diagnostic for carcinoma of the pancreas. Results obtained with different assay methods or kits cannot be used interchangeably.

York DOH approved laboratory, if possible.



Reference Interval:

Test Number	Components	Reference Interval
	Trypsin	
		Age Reference Interval (ng/mL)
		0-17 years Not established
		18 years and 180.5-885.3 older

Effective Date: November 13, 2023



Effective Date: November 13, 2023

## **NEW TEST**

## Click for Pricing

Borrelia burgdorferi VIsE1/pepC10 Antibodies, CSF, Total by ELISA With Reflex to IgM and IgG by Immunoblot (Standard Two-Tier Testing, CSF)

3016760, LYME STTTC

Specimen Requirements:		
Patient Preparation:		
Collect:	CSF.	
Specimen Preparation:	Transfer 6 mL CSF to an ARUP standard transport tube. (Min: 2.5 mL)	
Transport Temperature:	Refrigerated.	
Unacceptable Conditions:	Bacterially contaminated, heat-inactivated, hemolyzed, or xanthochromic specimens.	
Remarks:		
Stability:	Ambient: 8 hours; Refrigerated: 2 weeks; Frozen: 1 month (avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles)	
Methodology:	Semi-Quantitative Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay (ELISA)/Qualitative Immunoblot	
Performed:	Sun-Sat	
Reported:	1-4 days	
Note:	If VIsE1/pepC10 antibodies by ELISA is 0.91 IV or greater, then B. burgdorferi IgG antibody by immunoblot and IgM antibody by immunoblot will be added. Additional charges apply.	
CPT Codes:	86618; if reflexed, add 86617 x2	
New York DOH Approval Status:	Specimens from New York clients will be sent out to a New York DOH approved laboratory, if possible.	
Interpretive Data:		
The detection of antibodies to Borrelia burgdorferi in cerebrospinal fluid may indicate central		

The detection of antibodies to Borrelia burgdorferi in cerebrospinal fluid may indicate central nervous system infection. However, consideration must be given to possible contamination by blood or transfer of serum antibodies across the blood-brain barrier. Lyme disease diagnosis in serum is recommended prior to any CSF studies.

Component	Interpretation
B. burgdorferi	0.90 IV or less:
VIsE1/pepC10	Negative; VIsE1



Abs, ELISA and pepC10 antibodies to B. burgdorferi not detected. 0.91-1.09 IV: Equivocal; repeat testing in 10-14 days may be helpful. 1.10 IV or greater: Positive; VIsE1 and pepC10 antibodies to B. burgdorferi detected.

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

### Reference Interval:

Test Number	<b>'</b>	Reference Interval
	B. burgdorferi VIsE1/pepC10 Abs, CSF	0.90 IV or less



**NEW TEST – Available Now** 

**Click for Pricing** 

Anti-Phospholipase A2 Receptor (PLA2R) Antibody, IgG by ELISA

3016767, ANTI-PLA2R

Specimen Requirements:

Patient Preparation: Separate serum from cells ASAP or within 2 hours of collection.

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

Collect: Serum separator tube.

Specimen Preparation: Transfer 1 mL serum to an ARUP standard transport tube. (Min:

0.5 mL)

Transport Temperature: Refrigerated.

Unacceptable Conditions: Contaminated, heat-inactivated, grossly hemolyzed, grossly

icteric, or grossly lipemic specimens.

Remarks:

Stability: After separation from cells: Ambient: 48 hours; Refrigerated: 2

weeks; Frozen: 2 weeks

Methodology: Semi-Quantitative Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay

(ELISA)

Performed: Mon, Wed, Thu, Fri

Reported: 1-4 days

Note:

CPT Codes: 83516

New York DOH Approval Status: This test is New York DOH approved.

Interpretive Data:

A positive anti-phospholipase A2 receptor (PLA2R) antibody result by ELISA or IFA in conjunction with clinical symptoms and other laboratory findings is suggestive of primary membranous nephropathy (pMN). Absence of circulating anti-PLA2R receptor autoantibodies does not rule out a diagnosis of pMN. Anti-PLA2R antibody titers, due to its high predictive value, can be useful for assessing disease severity and monitoring clinical remission. In patients with pMN undergoing treatment, low antibody titers are associated with disease remission and high titers indicate loss of kidney function and need for an aggressive therapeutic approach.

Component Interpretive Data
AntiPhospholipase A2 than 14 RU/mL
Receptor, IgG Borderline: 14-19



RU/mL Positive:
Greater than or
equal to RU/mL

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

## Reference Interval:

Test Number	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Reference Interval
	Anti-Phospholipase A2 Receptor, IgG	< 14 RU/mL



NEW TEST - Available Now

**Click for Pricing** 

Note:

**CPT Codes:** 

SSTR2 by Immunohistochemistry

3016782, SSTR2 IHC

Specimen Requirements:		
Patient Preparation:		
Collect:	Tissue or cells.	

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

Specimen Preparation:

Formalin fix (10 percent neutral buffered formalin) and paraffin embed specimen (cells must be prepared into a cellblock).

Protect paraffin block and/or slides from excessive heat.

Transport tissue block or 5 unstained (3- to 5-micron thick sections), positively charged slides in a Tissue Transport Kit (ARUP supply #47808 highly recommended) available online through eSupply using ARUP Connect or contact ARUP Client

Services at 800-522-2787 (Min: 2 slides). If sending precut

This test is performed as a stain and return (technical) service

slides do not oven bake

	slides, do not oven bake.		
Transport Temperature:			
Unacceptable Conditions:	Tissue or cells not processed and placed in a paraffin block; serum, blood, or other body fluids; tissue not mounted on positively charged slides.		
Remarks:	IMMUNOHISTOCHEMISTRY ORDERING AND SUBMISSION DETAILS: Submit electronic request. If you do not have electronic ordering capability, use an ARUP Immunohistochemistry Stain Form (#32978) with an ARUP client number. For additional technical details, contact ARUP Client Services at 800-522-2787.		
Stability:	Ambient: Indefinitely; Refrigerated: Indefinitely; Frozen: Unacceptable		
Methodology:	Immunohistochemistry		
Performed:	Mon-Fri		
Reported:	1-3 days		

only.

88342

New Yo	rk DOH Approval Status:	This test is New York DOH approved.	
Interpre	tive Data:		
Referen	ce Interval:		
Test Number	Components		Reference Interval

Effective Date: November 13, 2023



**NEW TEST – Available Now** 

**Click for Pricing** 

OLIG2 by Immunohistochemistry

3016788, OLIG2 IHC

Specimen Requirements:

**Patient Preparation:** 

Collect: Tissue or cells.

Specimen Preparation: Formalin fix (10 percent neutral buffered formalin) and paraffin

embed specimen (cells must be prepared into a cellblock). Protect paraffin block and/or slides from excessive heat. Transport tissue block or 5 unstained (3- to 5-micron thick sections), positively charged slides in a Tissue Transport Kit (ARUP supply #47808 highly recommended) available online through eSupply using ARUP Connect or contact ARUP Client Services at 800-522-2787 (Min: 2 slides). If sending precut

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

slides, do not oven bake.

Transport Temperature:

Unacceptable Conditions: Specimens submitted with nonrepresentative tissue type.

Depleted specimens.

Remarks: IMMUNOHISTOCHEMISTRY ORDERING AND SUBMISSION

DETAILS: Submit electronic request. If you do not have

electronic ordering capability, use an ARUP

Immunohistochemistry Stain Form (#32978) with an ARUP client number. For additional technical details, contact ARUP

Client Services at 800-522-2787.

Stability: Ambient: Indefinitely; Refrigerated: Indefinitely; Frozen:

Unacceptable

Methodology: Immunohistochemistry

Performed: Mon-Fri

Reported: 1-3 days

Note: This test is performed as a stain and return (technical) service

only.

CPT Codes: 88342

New York DOH Approval Status: This test is New York DOH approved.



Interpretive Data:

Reference Interval:

Test Number Components Reference Interval

Effective Date: November 13, 2023



### **Click for Pricing**

# Recoverin Antibody, IgG by Immunoblot, Serum

3016794, RECOV SER

Specimen Requirements:

**Patient Preparation:** 

Collect: Serum separator tube.

Specimen Preparation: Separate serum from cells ASAP or within 2 hours of collection.

Transfer 1 mL serum to an ARUP standard transport tube. (Min:

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

0.30 mL)

Transport Temperature: Refrigerated.

Unacceptable Conditions: Plasma. Contaminated, heat-inactivated, hemolyzed, or lipemic

specimens.

Remarks:

Stability: After separation from cells: Ambient: 48 hours; Refrigerated: 2

weeks; Frozen: 1 month

Methodology: Qualitative Immunoblot

Performed: Mon, Thu, Sat

Reported: 1-4 days

Note:

CPT Codes: 84182

New York DOH Approval Status: Specimens from New York clients will be sent out to a New

York DOH approved laboratory, if possible.

### Interpretive Data:

Antibodies to recoverin are found in a subset of patients with cancer-associated retinopathy. Symptoms of rapidly progressive bilateral vision loss may precede detection of cancer, and a positive test result should prompt a search for malignancy, most often small cell lung adenocarcinoma. A negative test result does not rule out the diagnosis of autoimmune vision loss. Results should be interpreted in the context of the patient's clinical history, neurologic and ophthalmologic exam, and other laboratory findings.

Reference Interval:

Test	Components	Reference Interval
Number		



Recoverin Ab, IgG by Immunoblot, Serum Negative

Effective Date: November 13, 2023



enterprise of the University of Claim
artment of Pathology

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

## **NEW TEST**

## **Click for Pricing**

# Histoplasma and Blastomyces by PCR

3016795, HIBL PCR

Bronchoalveolar lavage (BAL), sputum, or tissue		
Transfer 2 mL bronchoalveolar lavage (BAL) or sputum to a sterile container (min: 1.2 mL). Tissue: Transfer to a sterile container and freeze immediately.		
Frozen		
Formalin-fixed paraffin embedded tissue		
Specimen source required		
Ambient: Unacceptable; Refrigerated: 14 days; Frozen: 14 days		
Qualitative Polymerase Chain Reaction (PCR)		
Sun-Sat		
1-3 days		
This test detects Histoplasma capsulatum and detects but does not differentiate Blastomyces dermatitidis and Blastomyces gilchristii.		
87798 x2		
Specimens from New York clients will be sent out to a New York DOH approved laboratory, if possible.		
Reference Interval:		
Reference Interval		



**Click for Pricing** 

Autoimmune Vision Loss Panel, Serum

3016804, AIVLS

Specimen Requirements:

**Patient Preparation:** 

Collect: Serum separator tube.

Specimen Preparation: Separate serum from cells ASAP or within 2 hours of collection.

Transfer 1 mL serum to an ARUP standard transport tube. (Min:

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

0.30 mL)

Transport Temperature: Refrigerated.

Unacceptable Conditions: Plasma. Contaminated, heat-inactivated, hemolyzed, or lipemic

specimens.

Remarks:

Stability: After separation from cells: Ambient: 48 hours; Refrigerated: 2

weeks; Frozen: 1 month

Methodology: Qualitative Immunoblot

Performed: Varies

Reported: 1-8 days

Note: If CV2.1 Antibody IgG Screen by IFA is positive, then CV2.1

Antibody IgG Titer by IFA will be added. Additional charges

apply.

CPT Codes: 84182, 86255; if reflexed, add 86256

New York DOH Approval Status: Specimens from New York clients will be sent out to a New

York DOH approved laboratory, if possible.

Interpretive Data:

Refer to report

Reference Interval:

Test Number	Components	Reference Interval
	CV2.1 Ab IgG CBA-IFA Screen, Serum	Less than 1:10
	Recoverin Ab, IgG by Immunoblot, Serum	Negative



TAROKATOKIE2

Effective Date: November 13, 2023



NEW TEST - Available Now

**Click for Pricing** 

Candida auris Surveillance Culture

3016815, MC CANAUR

3016815, MC CANAUR		
Specimen Requirements:		
Patient Preparation:		
Collect:	Swab of patient's skin using an Eswab collection and transport system.	
Specimen Preparation:	Transfer Eswab to a transport tube containing 1 mL liquid Amies medium. Place specimen in an individually sealed bag.	
Transport Temperature:	Room temperature	
Unacceptable Conditions:	Specimen types other than skin swabs. Environmental swabs.	
Remarks:	Specimen source required. Please provide Candida auris PCR results if available.	
Stability:	Ambient: 1 week Refrigerated: 1 week Frozen: Unacceptable	
Methodology:	Culture/Methods may include biochemical, mass spectrometry, or sequencing.	
Performed:	Sun-Sat	
Reported:	2-5 days	
Note:	Identification at an additional charge will be performed on any yeast recovered in culture suspected as Candida auris.	
CPT Codes:	Culture: 87102, Identification: Varies based on method.	
New York DOH Approval Status:	This test is New York DOH approved.	
Interpretive Data:		
Reference Interval:		

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

HOTLINE NOTE: Refer to the Hotline Test Mix for interface build information.

Culture negative for Candida auris.



**Click for Pricing** 

Celiac Disease Reflexive Cascade, Serum

3016817, CELIACRFLX

Specimen Requirements:

Patient Preparation:

Collect: Serum separator tube (SST).

Specimen Preparation: Separate serum from cells ASAP or within 2 hours of collection.

Transfer 3 mL serum to an ARUP standard transport tube. (Min:

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

1.5 mL)

Transport Temperature: Refrigerated

Unacceptable Conditions: Contaminated, grossly hemolyzed, grossly icteric, or grossly

lipemic.

Remarks:

Stability: After separation from cells: Ambient: 48 hours; Refrigerated: 1

week; Frozen: 15 days

Methodology: Semi-Quantitative Particle-Based Multianalyte Technology

(PMAT)

Performed: Sun-Sat

Reported: 2-6 days

Note: The most sensitive and specific serologic test for celiac

disease diagnosis is tissue transglutaminase (tTG) IgA isotype in individuals who produce sufficient total IgA. For individuals who are IgA deficient, testing for tTG and deamidated gliadin (DGP), IgG antibodies is recommended. The Celiac Disease

Reflexive Cascade begins with the assessment of

Immunoglobulin A (IgA) levels using internal control beads. The assay does not measure the actual IgA concentration but flags in the event of low or deficient IgA detected in the sample. In the presence of a low or deficient IgA flag, tTG IgG and DGP IgG

antibody testing will be added. No flag indicates IgA competent state and tTG IgA results will be evaluated as an initial screening. If tTG IgA antibody result is negative, then no further testing will be performed. If tTG IgA antibody is weak or moderate positive with results greater than 5 FLU but less than 10 FLU, additional testing for endomysial (EMA) IgA and

deamidated gliadin Peptide (DGP) Antibody, IgA antibodies will



be added and reported. If tTG IgA antibody is positive with results greater than 10 FLU, then no further testing will be performed. If both tTG IgA (<1.02 FLU) and DGP IgA (<0.72 FLU) results are below the limit of detection, then tTG IgG and deamidated gliadin IgG antibody testing will be added even in the absence of IgA control flag due to a suspected low IgA state in the patient. While ordering for celiac disease diagnosis, all serology tests should be performed while the patient is on a gluten-containing diet. Upon initiation of glutenfree diet, antibody titers decline in the treatment responsive patients and the timeframe to normalize varies by case. If serology is negative and suspicion for celiac disease is strong, intestinal biopsy may still be warranted for establishing diagnosis. Dermatitis herpetiformis may exhibit uneven antibody patterns than in celiac disease. Preferred test for initial diagnosis is serum Immunobullous Disease Antibody Panel (ARUP test code 3001409) and should be used in conjunction with this celiac disease reflexive cascade (ARUP test code 3016817)

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

CPT Codes: 86364; if reflexed additional CPT codes may apply: 86364,

86231; 86258 x2

New York DOH Approval Status: This test is New York DOH approved.

### Interpretive Data:

Presence of the tissue transglutaminase (tTG) IgA antibody is associated with gluten-sensitive enteropathies such as celiac disease and dermatitis herpetiformis. Individuals with positive results should be confirmed with small intestinal biopsy to establish celiac disease diagnosis. tTG IgA antibody concentrations greater than 50 FLU exhibits higher correlation with results of duodenal biopsies consistent with celiac disease. For antibody concentrations greater than or equal to 5 FLU but less than 10 FLU, additional testing for endomysial (EMA) IgA concentrations may improve the positive predictive value for disease. A decrease in tTG IgA antibody concentration after initiation of a gluten-free diet may indicate a response to therapy.

### Reference Interval:

Test Number	Components	Reference Interval
	Tissue Transglutaminase (tTG) Ab, IgA	0.00 - 4.99 FLU



Effective Date: November 13, 2023

# **NEW TEST**

## **Click for Pricing**

JAK2 (V617F) Mutation by ddPCR, Qualitative With Reflex to CALR (Calreticulin) Exon 9 Mutation Analysis by PCR and MPL Mutation Detection

3016839, ETPMFRFX

30.3335, 2.1. m. m. m.			
Specimen Requirements:			
Patient Preparation:			
Collect:	Whole blood or bone marrow: Lavender (EDTA).		
Specimen Preparation:	Whole Blood: Do not freeze. Transport 5 mL whole blood. (Min: 1 mL) Bone Marrow: Do not freeze. Transport 3 mL bone marrow. (Min: 1 mL)		
Transport Temperature:	Refrigerated.		
Unacceptable Conditions:	Plasma, serum, FFPE tissue blocks/slides, or fresh or frozen tissue. Specimens collected in anticoagulants other than EDTA. Clotted or grossly hemolyzed specimens.		
Remarks:			
Stability:	Refrigerated: 7 days; Frozen: Unacceptable		
Methodology:	Droplet Digital PCR (ddPCR)/Capillary Electrophoresis		
Performed:	Varies		
Reported:	3-15 days		
Note:	If JAK2 qualitative is reported as "Not Detected," then CALR Exon 9 Mutation Analysis by PCR and MPL Mutation Detection will be added. Additional charges apply.		
CPT Codes:	81270; if reflexed add 81219 and 81338		
New York DOH Approval Status:	This test is New York DOH approved.		
Interpretive Data:			
Refer to report.			
Reference Interval:			



Effective Date: November 13, 2023



**Click for Pricing** 

JAK2 (V617F) Mutation by ddPCR, Qualitative With Reflex to JAK2 Exon 12 Mutation Analysis by PCR

3016840, PV REFLEX

Specimen Requirements:

Patient Preparation:

Collect: Whole blood or bone marrow: Lavender (EDTA).

Specimen Preparation: Whole Blood: Do not freeze. Transport 5 mL whole blood. (Min:

1 mL) Bone Marrow: Do not freeze. Transport 3 mL bone

marrow. (Min: 1 mL)

Transport Temperature: Refrigerated

Unacceptable Conditions: Plasma, serum, FFPE tissue blocks/slides, or fresh or frozen

tissue. Specimens collected in anticoagulants other than EDTA.

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

Clotted or grossly hemolyzed specimens.

Remarks:

Stability: Refrigerated: 7 days; Frozen: Unacceptable

Methodology: Droplet Digital PCR (ddPCR)

Performed: Varies

Reported: 3-12 days

Note: If JAK2 qualitative is reported as "Not Detected," then JAK2

Exon 12 Mutation Analysis will be added. Additional charges

apply.

CPT Codes: 81270; if reflexed, add 81279

New York DOH Approval Status: This test is New York DOH approved.

Interpretive Data:

Refer to report.

Reference Interval:



Effective Date: November 13, 2023



## **Click for Pricing**

Myelin Oligodendrocyte Glycoprotein (MOG) Antibody, IgG by CBA-IFA With Reflex to Titer, CSF

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

3016853, MOG CSF

Specimen Requirements:	
Patient Preparation:	
Collect:	CSF
Specimen Preparation:	Transfer 0.5 mL CSF to an ARUP standard transport tube. (Min: 0.15 mL)
Transport Temperature:	Refrigerated.
Unacceptable Conditions:	Hemolyzed, contaminated specimens, or severely lipemic specimens.
Remarks:	
Stability:	Ambient: 48 hours; Refrigerated: 2 weeks; Frozen: 1 month
Methodology:	Semi-Quantitative Cell-Based Indirect Fluorescent Antibody
Performed:	Mon, Wed, Fri
Reported:	1-6 days
Note:	If Myelin Oligodendrocyte Glycoprotein (MOG) Antibody, IgG by IFA with Reflex to Titer, CSF is positive, then a Myelin Oligodendrocyte Glycoprotein (MOG) Antibody Titer, IgG is performed. Additional charges apply.
CPT Codes:	86362; if reflexed, add 86256
New York DOH Approval Status:	Specimens from New York clients will be sent out to a New York DOH approved laboratory, if possible.
Interpretive Data:	

#### Interpretive Data:

Myelin oligodendrocyte glycoprotein (MOG) antibody is found in a subset of patients with neuromyelitis optica spectrum disorders, including optic neuritis and transverse myelitis, brainstem encephalitis, and acute disseminated encephalomyelitis. Persistence of antibody positivity may be associated with a relapsing course; decreasing antibody levels may be associated with therapeutic response. A negative test result does not rule out a diagnosis of CNS demyelinating disease. Low antibody titers have a lower positive predictive value of disease, and should be carefully interpreted in the context of the patient's clinical history, neurologic exam, imaging, and other laboratory findings. Serum is the preferred specimen type, but in some cases



patients with MOG-associated disease may be positive only in CSF; CSF positivity may be associated with more severe clinical outcomes.

This indirect fluorescent antibody assay utilizes full-length MOG transfected cell lines for the detection and semiquantification of MOG IgG antibody.

### Reference Interval:

Test Number	•	Reference Interval
	MOG Ab IgG CBA-IFA Scrn, CSF	Less than 1:1

Effective Date: November 13, 2023



## **Click for Pricing**

## von Willebrand Factor (VWF) Collagen III Binding

3016858, VON WILLE

Specimen Requirements:

**Patient Preparation:** 

Collect: Light blue (sodium citrate).

Specimen Preparation: Transfer 0.5 mL citrated plasma to an ARUP standard transport

tube. (Min: 0.5 mL) Test is not performed at ARUP; separate specimens must be submitted when multiple tests are ordered.

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

Transport Temperature: CRITICAL FROZEN.

**Unacceptable Conditions:** 

Remarks:

Stability: Ambient: Unacceptable; Refrigerated: Unacceptable; Frozen: 2

weeks

Methodology: Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay

Performed: Varies

Reported: 7-10 days

Note:

CPT Codes: 0279U

New York DOH Approval Status: This test is New York DOH approved.

Interpretive Data:

Reference Interval:

Test Components Reference Interval



**Click for Pricing** 

Tissue Transglutaminase Antibody, IgA

3016860, TTG A

Specimen Requirements:

**Patient Preparation:** 

Collect: Serum separator tube.

Specimen Preparation: Separate serum from cells ASAP or within 2 hours of collection.

Transfer 1.0 mL serum to an ARUP standard transport tube.

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

(Min: 0.5 mL)

Transport Temperature: Refrigerated.

Unacceptable Conditions: Contaminated, grossly hemolyzed, grossly icteric, or grossly

lipemic.

Remarks:

Stability: After separation from cells: Ambient: 48 hours; Refrigerated: 1

week; Frozen: 15 days

Methodology: Semi-Quantitative Particle-Based Multianalyte Technology

(PMAT)

Performed: Sun-Sat

Reported: 1-2 days

Note: The most sensitive and specific serologic test for celiac

disease diagnosis is tissue transglutaminase (tTG) IgA isotype in individuals who produce sufficient total IgA. For individuals who are IgA deficient, testing for tTG and deamidated gliadin (DGP), IgG antibodies is recommended. Preferred initial screening test for celiac disease diagnosis is the reflexive cascade (ARUP test code 3016817) While ordering for celiac disease diagnosis, all serology tests should be performed while the patient is on a gluten-containing diet. Upon initiation of gluten-free diet, antibody titers decline in the treatment responsive patients and the timeframe to normalize varies by case. If serology is negative and suspicion for celiac disease is strong, intestinal biopsy may still be warranted for establishing diagnosis. Dermatitis herpetiformis may exhibit uneven antibody patterns than in celiac disease. Preferred test for initial diagnosis is serum Immunobullous Disease Antibody Panel (ARUP test code 3001409) and should be used in



conjunction with this celiac disease reflexive cascade (ARUP test code 3016817).

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

CPT Codes: 86364

New York DOH Approval Status: This test is New York DOH approved.

### Interpretive Data:

Presence of the tissue transglutaminase (tTG) IgA antibody is associated with gluten-sensitive enteropathies such as celiac disease and dermatitis herpetiformis. Individuals with positive results should be confirmed with small intestinal biopsy to establish celiac disease diagnosis. tTG IgA antibody concentrations greater than 50 FLU exhibits higher correlation with results of duodenal biopsies consistent with celiac disease. For antibody concentrations greater than or equal to 5 FLU but less than 10 FLU, additional testing for endomysial (EMA) IgA concentrations may improve the positive predictive value for disease. A decrease in tTG IgA antibody concentration after initiation of a gluten-free diet may indicate a response to therapy.

### Reference Interval:

Test Number	Components	Reference Interval
	Tissue Transglutaminase (tTG) Ab, IgA	0.00 - 4.99 FLU



## **Click for Pricing**

Tissue Transglutaminase Antibody, IgA With Reflex to Endomysial Antibody, IgA by IFA 3016861, EMA RFLX

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

3010001, EMA RFLX			
Specimen Requirements:			
Patient Preparation:			
Collect:	Serum separator tube (SST).		
Specimen Preparation:	Separate serum from cells ASAP or within 2 hours of collection. Transfer 1 mL serum to an ARUP standard transport tube. (Min: 0.5 mL)		
Transport Temperature:	Refrigerated.		
Unacceptable Conditions:	Contaminated, grossly hemolyzed, grossly icteric, or grossly lipemic.		
Remarks:			
Stability:	After separation from cells: Ambient: 48 hours; Refrigerated: 1 week; Frozen: 15 days (avoid freeze/thaw cycles)		
Methodology:	Semi-Quantitative Particle-Based Multianalyte Technology (PMAT)/Semi-Quantitative Indirect Fluorescent Antibody (IFA)		
Performed:	Sun-Sat		
Reported:	1-4 days		
Note:	Testing for tTG IgA antibodies is recommended as an initial screen to identify patients at risk for celiac disease, and in whom duodenal biopsy should be performed to confirm disease. Some patients may have positive tTG IgA but negative EMA IgA and/or deamidated gliadin peptide (DGP) IgA results, which may be associated with false positivity or may indicate early disease. Close clinical correlation with continued testing may be indicated in patients with a family history of or who are at increased risk for celiac disease. A positive serology but normal biopsy may also indicate a gluten-free diet (GFD) prior to testing, latent disease, or early enteropathy. Rechallenge with a gluten diet may be recommended if GFD had been initiated prior to subsequent testing. In the case of latent or early disease, HLA DQ2 and DQ8 testing may be necessary to determine risk for disease. For patients with a high degree of suspicion for celiac disease and who test negative for tTG, EMA, and/or DGP IgA tests, selective IgA-		



deficiency should be considered and testing for tTG, EMA, and/or DGP IgG antibodies performed. If serology is negative and suspicion of celiac disease is strong, intestinal biopsy may be warranted. Biopsy is particularly important for patients with diarrhea, steatorrhea, weight loss, failure to thrive, or with inherited genetic deficiencies such as Down or Turner syndromes. Specimen is screened using tissue transglutaminase IgA by ELISA. If tTG IgA is 5.00 FLU or greater, then EMA IgA by IFA testing will be added. Additional charges apply. All EMA IgA by IFA testing is titered to endpoint.

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

**CPT Codes:** 86364; if reflexed, add 86231

New York DOH Approval Status:

This test is New York DOH approved.

# Interpretive Data:

Tissue Transglutaminase Antibody, IgA: Presence of the tissue transglutaminase (tTG) IgA antibody is associated with gluten-sensitive enteropathies such as celiac disease and dermatitis herpetiformis. Individuals with positive results should be confirmed with small intestinal biopsy to establish celiac disease diagnosis. tTG IgA antibody concentrations greater than 50 FLU exhibits higher correlation with results of duodenal biopsies consistent with celiac disease. For antibody concentrations greater than or equal to 5 FLU but less than 10 FLU, additional testing for endomysial (EMA) IqA concentrations may improve the positive predictive value for disease. A decrease in tTG IgA antibody concentration after initiation of a gluten-free diet may indicate a response to therapy.

### Reference Interval:

Test Number	•	Reference Interval
	Tissue Transglutaminase (tTG) Ab, IgA	0.00 - 4.99 FLU



**Click for Pricing** 

Cortisol by LC-MS/MS, Salivary

3016866, CORT S TMS

Specimen Requirements:

Patient Preparation: Do not collect specimen within 60 minutes after eating a meal,

within 12 hours after consuming alcohol, immediately after brushing teeth, or after any activity that may cause gums to bleed. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water 10 minutes before specimen collection. Recommended collection time is between

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11:00 p.m.-1:00 a.m.

Collect: Saliva. Swab must be completely saturated to ensure sufficient

volume for testing.

Specimen Preparation: Transfer saturated swab to plain (noncitric acid) cotton

Salivettecollection device (ARUP Supply #52056). Record the

time of collection on the test request form, and on

Salivettetransport container.

Transport Temperature: Refrigerated.

Unacceptable Conditions: Specimens not collected using the Salivettecollection device.

Sodium azide preservative. Specimens with pH values greater than 9.0 or less than 3.5 must be recollected. Specimens visibly contaminated with blood, cellular debris, food particles,

or mucus.

Remarks:

Stability: Ambient: 1 week Refrigerated: 3 weeks Frozen: 6 months

Methodology:

Performed: Mon-Sat

Reported: 1-4 days

Note: Bovine hormones normally present in dairy products can cross-

react with anticortisol antibodies and cause false results. Acidic or high sugar foods can compromise assay performance by lowering sample pH and influencing bacterial growth. Samples with pH values greater than 9.0 or less than 3.5 must

be recollected.

CPT Codes: 82533



New York DOH Approval Status: This test is New York DOH approved.

Interpretive Data:

Reference Intervals: Based on Reference interval verification experiments conducted with Mayo Clinic, reference intervals for salivary cortisol are listed below:

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

7 a.m. to 9 a.m.: 0.1-0.75

3 p.m. to 5 p.m.: <0.401

11 p.m. to midnight: <0.1

Reference Interval:

By report



**Click for Pricing** 

Twin Zygosity

3016875, TWINZYG

Specimen Requirements:

**Patient Preparation:** 

Collect: From each twin: Lavender (EDTA), pink (K2EDTA), or yellow

(ACD solution A or B).

Specimen Preparation: From each twin: Transport 2 mL whole blood (Min: 1 mL)

Transport Temperature: Refrigerated. Also acceptable: Ambient

**Unacceptable Conditions:** 

Remarks:

Stability: Room temperature: 1 week; Refrigerated: 1 month; Frozen:

Unacceptable

Methodology: Polymerase Chain Reaction (PCR)/Fragment Analysis

Performed: Varies

Reported: 5-10 days

Note: Results from both twins will be compared and reported;

therefore, a test must be ordered for and sample submitted

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

from each individual.

CPT Codes: 81265

New York DOH Approval Status: This test is New York DOH approved.

Interpretive Data:

Refer to report.

Reference Interval:

By report.



**NEW TEST – Available Now** 

**Click for Pricing** 

CD30 for Bone Marrow Specimens by Immunohistochemistry

3016879, CD30BM IHC

Specimen Requirements:

**Patient Preparation:** 

Collect: Tissue or cells.

Specimen Preparation: Formalin fix (10 percent neutral buffered formalin) and paraffin

embed specimen (cells must be prepared into a cellblock). Protect paraffin block and/or slides from excessive heat. Transport tissue block or 5 unstained (3- to 5-micron thick sections), positively charged slides in a tissue transport kit (ARUP supply #47808). Available online through eSupply using ARUP Connector contact ARUP Client Services at 800-522-2787. (Min: 2 slides). If sending precut slides, do not oven

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

bake.

**Transport Temperature:** 

Unacceptable Conditions: Tissue or cells not processed and placed in a paraffin block;

serum, blood, or other body fluids; tissue not mounted on

positively charged slides.

Remarks:

Stability: Ambient: Indefinitely; Refrigerated: Indefinitely; Frozen:

Unacceptable

Methodology: Qualitative Immunohistochemistry (IHC)

Performed: Mon-Fri

Reported: 1-3 days

Note: This test is performed as a stain and return (technical) service

only.

CPT Codes: 88342

New York DOH Approval Status: This test is New York DOH approved.

Interpretive Data:

Reference Interval:

Test Components Reference Interval



Number

Effective Date: November 13, 2023



**Click for Pricing** 

Huntington Disease (HD) CAG Repeat Expansion

3016908, HD PCR

Specimen Requirements:

**Patient Preparation:** 

Collect: Lavender (EDTA), pink (K2EDTA), or yellow (ACD solution A or

B).

Specimen Preparation: Transport 2 mL whole blood. (Min: 1 mL)

Transport Temperature: Refrigerated. Also acceptable: Ambient.

**Unacceptable Conditions:** 

Remarks: A completed HD-specific consent form, signed by the patient

(or legal guardian) and physician, is required for all specimens. Testing for asymptomatic patients under the age of 18 years is not offered. Presymptomatic patients are strongly encouraged to be tested through a counseling program approved by the Huntington Disease Society of America at 800-345-4372. Call Genetics Processing with additional questions at 800-242-2787

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

ext. 3301.

Stability: Room temperature: 1 week; Refrigerated: 1 month; Frozen:

Unacceptable

Methodology: Polymerase Chain Reaction (PCR)/Fragment Analysis

Performed: Varies

Reported: 7-10 days

Note:

CPT Codes: 81271

New York DOH Approval Status: This test is New York DOH approved.

Interpretive Data:

Refer to report.

Reference Interval:



HOTLINE NOTE: Refer to the Hotline Test Mix for interface build information.

Effective Date: November 13, 2023



Effective Date: November 13, 2023

## **NEW TEST**

# **Click for Pricing**

# 5-Hydroxyindoleacetic Acid (HIAA), Plasma

3016920, 5HIAA PLA			
Specimen Requirements:			
Patient Preparation:	If clinically feasible, discontinue acetaminophen- and tryptophan-containing supplements at least 24 hours prior to specimen collection. The patient should abstain from eating nuts, especially walnuts, and limit fruits, vegetables, and caffeinated beverages or foods to one serving per day in the 24 hours prior to specimen collection.		
Collect:	Green (sodium heparin). Also acceptable: Lavender (EDTA).		
Specimen Preparation:	Transfer 0.5 mL plasma to an ARUP standard transport tube. (Min: 0.2 mL) Test is not performed at ARUP; separate specimens must be submitted when multiple tests are ordered.		
Transport Temperature:	Frozen		
Unacceptable Conditions:			
Remarks:	Patient age is required.		
Stability:	Ambient: Unacceptable; Refrigerated: 72 hours; Frozen: 2 months		
Methodology: Quantitative Liquid Chromatography-Tandem Mass Spectrometry			
Performed:	Varies		
Reported:	3-9 days		
Note:			
CPT Codes:	83497		
New York DOH Approval Status:	This test is New York DOH approved.		
Interpretive Data:			
Reference Interval:			
Test Components Number	Reference Interval		



LABORATORIES 1

Effective Date: November 13, 2023



**Click for Pricing** 

Factor 13, Qualitative, With Reflex to Factor 13 1:1 Mix

3016927, FACTOR13

Specimen Requirements:

**Patient Preparation:** 

Collect: Lt. blue (sodium citrate). Refer to Specimen Handling at

aruplab.com for hemostasis/thrombosis specimen handling

Effective Date: November 13, 2023

guidelines.

Specimen Preparation: Transfer 2 mL platelet-poor plasma to an ARUP standard

transport tube. (Min: 1 mL)

Transport Temperature: CRITICAL FROZEN. Separate specimens must be submitted

when multiple tests are ordered.

Unacceptable Conditions: Serum. EDTA plasma, clotted or hemolyzed specimens.

Remarks:

Stability: Ambient: 4 hours; Refrigerated: Unacceptable; Frozen: 2 weeks

Methodology: Qualitative Solubility Assay

Performed: Sun-Sat

Reported: 2-3 days

Note: This is a qualitative screening test; clot lysis only occurs in

specimens with severe factor XIII deficiency (less than 1 percent of normal activity). Severe deficiency may be inherited or acquired (typically due to a factor XIII antibody). If clot lysis occurs in the initial testing, then Factor XIII 1:1 Mix will be added where the test is repeated using a 1:1 mix of patient plasma and pooled normal plasma to distinguish between FXIII deficiency and a FXIII inhibitor. Additional charges apply.

False-positive results (lysis) can be caused by heparin (therapy with unfractionated or low molecular weight heparin or contamination from a line), decreased or abnormal fibrinogen,

increased fibrinolysis (inherited or acquired fibrinolytic disorders), fibrinolytic drugs, or other factors that affect clot

structure or stability.

CPT Codes: 85291; if reflexed, add 85291

Factor XIII, Qualitative



New York DOH Approval Status: This test is New York DOH approved.

Interpretive Data:

Reference Interval:

Test Components Reference Interval

No Lysis within 24 hours

Effective Date: November 13, 2023



# **Inactivations**

The following will be discontinued from ARUP's test menu on November 13, 2023 Replacement test options are indicated when applicable.

Test Number	Test Name	Refer to Replacement Test
0040018	Huntington Disease (HD) Mutation by PCR (Change effective as of 11/13/2023: Refer to 3016908 in the November Hotline)	Huntington Disease (HD) CAG Repeat Expansion (3016908)
0050547	Twin Zygosity Testing (Change effective as of 11/13/2023: Refer to 3016875 in the November Hotline)	Twin Zygosity (3016875)
0050734	Tissue Transglutaminase (tTG) Antibody, IgA with Reflex to Endomysial Antibody, IgA by IFA (Change effective as of 11/13/23: Refer to 3016861 in the November Hotline)	Tissue Transglutaminase Antibody, IgA with Reflex to Endomysial Antibody, IgA by IFA (3016861)
0051074	Influenza A Virus Antibody, IgG (Change effective as of 11/13/23: Refer to 0060764)	Respiratory Virus Mini Panel by PCR (0060764)
0051080	Influenza B Virus Antibody, IgG (Change effective as of 11/13/23: Refer to 0060764)	Respiratory Virus Mini Panel by PCR (0060764)
0051689	Celiac Disease Dual Antigen Screen (Change effective as of 11/13/23: Refer to 3016817 in the November Hotline)	Celiac Disease Reflexive Cascade, Serum (3016817)
0055258	Borrelia burgdorferi Antibody, IgM by Immunoblot (CSF) (Change effective as of 11/13/23: Refer to 0055260)	Borrelia burgdorferi Antibodies, IgG and IgM by Immunoblot (CSF) (0055260)
0055259	Borrelia burgdorferi Antibody, IgG by Immunoblot (CSF) (Change effective as of 11/13/23: Refer to 0055260)	Borrelia burgdorferi Antibodies, IgG and IgM by Immunoblot (CSF) (0055260)
0081117	Cortisol, Saliva (Change effective as of 11/13/23: Refer to 3016866 in the November Hotline)	Cortisol by LC-MS/MS, Salivary (3016866)



Test Number	Test Name	Refer to Replacement Test
0097709	Tissue Transglutaminase (tTG) Antibody, IgA (Change effective as of 11/13/23: Refer to 3016860 in the November Hotline)	Tissue Transglutaminase Antibody, IgA (3016860)
0099483	Borrelia burgdorferi Antibodies, Total by ELISA, CSF (Change effective as of 11/13/23: Refer to 3016760 in the November Hotline)	Borrelia burgdorferi VIsE1/pepC10 Antibodies, CSF, Total by ELISA With Reflex to IgM and IgG by Immunoblot (Standard Two-Tier Testing, CSF) (3016760)
2001181	UroVysion FISH (Change effective as of 11/13/23: Refer to 3016627 in the November Hotline)	Bladder Cancer FISH (3016627)
2002026	Celiac Disease Dual Antigen Screen with Reflex (Change effective as of 11/13/23: Refer to 3016817 in the November Hotline)	Celiac Disease Reflexive Cascade, Serum (3016817)
2002819	Factor XIII, Qualitative, with Reflex to Factor XIII 1:1 Mix (Change effective as of 11/13/23: Refer to 3016927 in the November Hotline)	Factor 13, Qualitative, with Reflex to Factor 13 1:1 Mix (3016927)
2007136	von Willebrand Factor (VWF) Collagen Binding (Change effective as of 11/13/23: Refer to 3016858 in the November Hotline)	von Willebrand Factor (VWF) Collagen III Binding (3016858)
2007335	Borrelia burgdorferi (Lyme Disease) Reflexive Panel (CSF) (Change effective as of 11/13/23: Refer to 3016760 in the November Hotline)	Borrelia burgdorferi VIsE1/pepC10 Antibodies, CSF, Total by ELISA With Reflex to IgM and IgG by Immunoblot (Standard Two-Tier Testing, CSF) (3016760)
2008114	Celiac Disease Reflexive Cascade (Change effective as of 11/13/23: Refer to 3016817 in the November Hotline)	Celiac Disease Reflexive Cascade, Serum (3016817)
2010161	Chronic Enteric Hypersensitivity Reflexive Profile (Inactive as of 11/13/23)	



Test Number	Test Name	Refer to Replacement Test
3000202	5-Hydroxyindoleacetic acid (5-HIAA), Plasma (Change effective as of 11/13/23: Refer to 3016920 in the November Hotline)	5-Hydroxyindoleacetic Acid (HIAA), Plasma (3016920)
3003800	JAK2 (V617F) Mutation by ddPCR, Qualitative with Reflex to CALR (Calreticulin) Exon 9 Mutation Analysis by PCR with Reflex to MPL Mutation Detection (Change effective as of 11/13/23: Refer to 3016839 in the November Hotline)	JAK2 (V617F) Mutation by ddPCR, Qualitative with Reflex to CALR (Calreticulin) Exon 9 Mutation Analysis by PCR and MPL Mutation Detection (3016839)
3003801	JAK2 (V617F) Mutation by ddPCR, Qualitative with Reflex to JAK2 Exon 12 Mutation Analysis by PCR (Change effective as of 11/13/23: Refer to 3016840 in the November Hotline)	JAK2 (V617F) Mutation by ddPCR, Qualitative with Reflex to JAK2 Exon 12 Mutation Analysis by PCR (3016840)
3004092	Edoxaban Level (Inactive as of 11/13/2023)	
3004465	Celiac Antibodies, Tissue Transglutaminase (tTG), IgA and IgA, Total (Change effective as of 11/13/23: Refer to 3016817 in the November Hotline)	Celiac Disease Reflexive Cascade, Serum (3016817)
3004508	Cytomegalovirus Drug Resistance by Next Generation Sequencing, Ganciclovir, Foscarnet, Cidofovir, and Maribavir (Change effective as of 11/13/23: Refer to 3004615)	Cytomegalovirus Drug Resistance by Next Generation Sequencing, Ganciclovir, Foscarnet, Cidofovir, Maribavir, and Letermovir (3004615)
3004509	Cytomegalovirus Drug Resistance by Next Generation Sequencing, Letermovir (Change effective as of 11/13/23: Refer to 3004615)	Cytomegalovirus Drug Resistance by Next Generation Sequencing, Ganciclovir, Foscarnet, Cidofovir, Maribavir, and Letermovir (3004615)